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Prepared and written by
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Origin of Some Conewago Families, that later
migrated to Mercer County, Kentucky

Ammermann

Dirck Janse Amermann came from Holland in 1650 and settled at Flatlands, Long Island, and died there in 1723. He married Aeltje Van der Beek, daughter of Mr. Paulus Van der Beek and Marie Baddie- (or Thomas). The will of Derck Jansen Amerman was made Sept. 20, 1709 and proved on Feb. 6, 1723-24, when he was at an age of about 95. "In the name of God, Amen, I, Dirck Amerman, of Flatlands, Kings County, Long Island, New York, being in good and perfect mind, I leave all lands, orchards, and gardens to my wife Aeltje during her life and after her decease to my children, Paulus, John, Albert, Isaac, Jacobus, Maritie, Catherine, Auke, Gerbrach, and Aeltje. My eldest son, Paulus, is to have 5 pounds above his share. Witnesses: Henry Filkins, Gerret Stouthof, Cornelis Hooglandt." Of the 10 children mentioned in his will, we have the baptisimal record of only 4 (Brooklyn Dutch Ch. p. 187; Flatbush D. Ch. P. 122-129-136), viz: Catherine, Antje, Isaac and Gerbrecht. One of his sons, Jacobus, born about 1690 married Magdalens Jansz (Flat.97), and later moved to Somerset County, New Jersey, where he was living at Hackensack, Bergen County, in 1727. His will was filed in Somerset County, June 27, 1776, in which he names his wife Maria, and children, Hendrick, Albert, Jacobus, Paulus, Isaac, Peter, Maria, Fammetie and Anna. Executors, sons Albert and Jacobus and Garret Van Arsdale. Proved Feb. 1, 1777." Of the above named children, Hendrick and Maria, wife of Cornelis Van Nuys, went to Conewago, Pa.

Conewago Ammerman Baptisms.

1. Hendrick Ammerman, son of Jacobus Ammerman, and Jan-
netje Van Arsdale, daughter of Garret Van Arsdale.
 1. _____ 1769 Antje Ammerman. She was
the first child baptised at the Conewago
Dutch Ch. She married at the same church,
Jacob Laboyteaux, on Jan. 11, 1790.
 2. May 31, 1772 Jacobus Ammerman

3. June 10, 1773	Marya Ammerman
4. Oct. 2, 1774	Simon Ammerman
5. Mch. 30, 1775	Hendrick Ammerman
6. Jan. 17, 1779	Neelye Ammerman
7. July 1, 1781	Gerret Ammerman

Auten-Aten

Adrian Hendrickse Auten was at Flatbush, Long Island, in 1684, Thomas Aten in 1687 and John Aten at New Lotz, Long Island, in 1701. Both Thomas and Jan settled later in Somerset County, New Jersey.

Conewago Aten Baptisms.

1. Jan Aten and Elizabeth Bodine, his wife
1. Jan. 10, 1775 Antie Aten

Banta

Among the passengers by the ship De Trouw, in 1659, was Epke Jacobs- that is Epke, son of Jacob- with his wife and family of five sons. His name in this form appears in many documents during the next 25 years, some of which have been his own signature. In 1679 and thereafter, the names of his five sons are found on church registers as Cornelius Epke, Hendrick Epke, Seba Epke, Derrick Epke and Weart Epke. In 1695, the names of these sons began to appear on the church registers of Hackensack, N. J., as Cornelius Epke Banto, Hendrick Epke Banta, etc. For a few years thereafter, the names are found sometimes as Cornelius Epke Banta and Cornelius Epke, and after a further interval the form Banta is used. His sons Cornelius, Hendrick, Seba (Sebastien), Derrick and Weart Banta, all settled in Bergen County, New Jersey, at Hackensack and Schraalensburg and it is from them that the Banta family descend.

Conewago Banta Baptisms

1. Abraham Banta and Margaret Monfort, his wife

Octo 23, 1769	Rachel
July 4, 1772	Hendrick
May 31, 1773	Johanna
Sept. 10, 1776	Margaret
Aug. 31, 1777	Margaret (2)

2. Albert Banta and Styntie Monfort, his wife

- | | |
|----------------|----------|
| Oct. 23, 1769 | Hendrick |
| May 31, 1772 | Peter |
| Nov. 27, 1773 | Albert |
| Apr. 2, 1775 | Jan |
| Sept. 27, 1778 | Abraham |
3. David Banta and Femmetie Brouwer, his wife
- | | |
|---------------|----------|
| Jan. 25, 1777 | Johannes |
| July 26, 1778 | Marya |
4. Hendrick Banta (1) and Antie Demaree, his wife
- | | |
|---------------|-----------|
| Oct. 23, 1769 | Antie |
| May 31, 1772 | David |
| Apr. 24, 1773 | Isaac |
| July 3, 1775 | Angenitie |
| Mch. 1, 1778 | Hendrick |
5. Hendrick Banta (2) and Marie Stryker, his wife
- | | |
|---------------|---------------|
| May 31, 1772 | Maria |
| Oct. 2, 1773 | Lea |
| Oct. 19, 1777 | Albert (1777) |
6. Peter Banta and Elizabeth Cozine, his wife
- | | |
|----------------|-----------|
| April 16, 1775 | Hendrick |
| Nov. 16, 1777 | Antie |
| Nov. 28, 1779 | Pieter |
| Mch. 24, 1782 | Cornelius |
7. Samuel Banta and Dyna Dorlant, his wife
- | | |
|---------------|---------|
| Dec. 13, 1772 | Antie |
| July 7, 1776 | Styntie |

Bodine.

Jean Boudin, descended from the celebrated French economist, Jean Bodin, and was born at Media, France. He married there Esther Brigdon. He died on Staten Island in 1695. His sons were Jean, Eleasor, and Francis. The Somerset line comes through Francis Bodine, his youngest son.

Baptisms at Conewago.

1. John Bodine and Lemmetie Cozine, his wife
- | | |
|---------------|----------------|
| May 27, 1770 | - Cornelius |
| May 31, 1772 | - Johannes |
| Apr. 17, 1774 | - Marya |
| July 7, 1776 | - Johannes (2) |
| Jan. 17, 1779 | - Aeltie |
| July 29, 1780 | - Elizabeth |
| Jan. 26, 1783 | - Sara |
| Jan. 2, 1785 | - Peter |
| Mar. 25, 1787 | - Maria |

2. Daniel Bodine and Margaret Smith, or Wiels

June 12, 1774 - Isaac
Dec. 17, 1775 - Marya

3. Abraham Bodine and Neeltie Fontyne or Vanduyne

Nov. 8, 1789 - Antie
May 19, 1793 - Arrietta

Boice

Jan Cornelius Buys came from Holland in 1648 and married in New Amsterdam, (1) about 1653 Ida Lubbertse; (2) Aug. 24, 1663 Femmetie Jans, widow; and (3) before 1674, Willemptie Tysson, widow. Resided at Flatbush, Long Island. His sons were Hendrick, Lubbert, Cornelis, Jacob and Matthys. Jacob settled in Middlesex County, N. J. and was the ancestor to the Somerset County Boice families.

Baptisms at Conewago

1. Dennis Van Duyne Boice and Antie Lebant, his wife

Nov. 12, 1786 - Antie

Brinkerhoff

Joris Dircksen Brinkerhoff, the ancestor of the Brinkerhoff's in America, was born in the Province of Drenthe, Holland, in 1609, and died in Brooklyn, Long Island, in 1661. In 1639, he sailed with his wife and children, for New Amsterdam. During Gov. Kieft's Indian War, he and his sons went to prospect on Staten Island. It was here that one of his sons, Dirck, was killed by the Indians. He next turned his attention to Long Island. He obtained a grant from Gov. Kieft for a tract of land now within the limits of the City of Brooklyn, in 1646. He was magistrate in Brooklyn from 1654 to the time of his death in 1661. He was the first elder of the Dutch Church of Brooklyn in 1656. Joris Dircksen Brinkerhoff married in 1628 when he was about 19 years old, in Drenthe, Holland, Susannah Dubbels, who outlived him. They were the parents of the following children all born in Holland. (1) Hendrick born about 1629 or 30 died in 1710; (2) Dirck born about 1631 killed by the Indians on Staten Island, in 1645; (3) Abraham born in 1632 died 1714; and Aaltie born in 1634 married Willem Couwenhoven. Descendents of both Hendrick and Abraham later settled in New Jersey, at Hackensack, and it is from them that the New Jersey Brinkerhoff's descend. Many of whom later migrated to Conewago,

Pa., and from that Settlement to Mercer County, Kentucky, and other places in the West.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Jacob Brinkerhoff and Catrina Voorhees, his wife

Jan. 2, 1774	Maryntie
Sept. 8, 1776	Annatie
May 23, 1779	Jores
Aug. 12, 1781	Albert
June 30, 1790	Isaac

2. Roeloff Brinkerhoff and Beltje Demeree, his wife

Mch. 17, 1776	David
Jun. 14, 1778	Jores
June 4, 1780	Margaret
Nov. 17, 1782	Annatie
Mar. 13, 1785	Jores
Oct. 14, 1787	Hendrick
Jun. 4, 1790	Maria

3. William Brinkerhoff and Elizabeth Akkerman, his wife

Jun. 30, 1776	Maryntie
Oct. 3, 1779	Magdalena
Dec. 21, 1781	Jores
Aug. 31, 1784	Cornelius
Mar. 25, 1787	Annatie
Mar. 25, 1787	Margaret, twin sister to Annatie
Apr. 1, 1792	Gertrude

4. Jacobus Brinkerhoff and Annatie Demeree, his wife

Jan. 16, 1780	Jores
Oct. 3, 1782	Margaret
Jun. 13, 1784	David
Jan. 29, 1786	Hendrick
Mar. 22, 1790	Belitie
Oct. 2, 1791	Jacobus
Jun. __, 1792	Jacobus (2)

5. Luke Brinkerhoff and Maria Cole, his wife

Jan. 4, 1785	Jacob
Jul. 16, 1786	Antie
May __, 1792	Annatie

6. John Brinkerhoff and Sara Van Arsdale, his wife

Nov. 13, 1785	Jores
Oct. 14, 1787	Gerret
Aug. 22, 1790	Hendrick
Apr. __, 1792	Martena

7. Henry Brinkerhoff and Neeltie Hoogtelling, his wife

Apr. __, 1792	Hezekiah
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8. Rev. George G. Brinkerhoff, Domine to Conewago, and Maria Van Harlengen, dau. of Domine Van Harlengen.

July 10, 1790	Jores
July 10, 1790	Hendrick, twin brother
Apr. __, 1793	Johannis
Apr. __, 1793	Martinus, twin brother

Brokaw

Bourgeon Browcard, a French Huguenot exile, fled from France, to Mannheim, Palatinate, Germany, thence came, in 1675, to Bushwick, Long Island, afterwards settling near Newtown, L. I. His wife was Catherine Lefebvre, dau. of Simon Lefebvre, who had been an officer under Admiral Coligney. Of his five sons, John, Jacob, Peter and Abraham, went to Somerset County, New Jersey and settled, early in 1700. His son, Isaac, the eldest, remained on Long Island.

Conewago Baptisms of Brokaw Family

1. Abraham Brokaw and Maria Cozine, his wife

June 2, 1782	Margaret
Feb. 12, 1786	Antie
Dec. 30, 1792	Sarah

2. Ferdinand Brokaw and Styntie Petersen, his wife

July 23, 1786	Johannis
---------------	----------

3. George Brokaw and Neeltie Vanderbilt, his wife

June 15, 1783	Jores
Oct. 14, 1787	Maria
Jan. 13, 1793	David

4. John Brokaw and Elizabeth Couwenhoven, his wife

June 4, 1786	Jores (George)
--------------	----------------

Oct. 14, 1787	Gerret
Nov. 8, 1789	John
Dec. 2, 1792	Isaac *

5. Peter Brokaw and Antie Kershaw, his wife

June 4, 1777	Jores
Jan. 10, 1778	Josana
July 28, 1782	Margaret
Apr. 4, 1784	Margaret (2)
Nov. 5, 1785	William
Oct. 14, 1787	Annatie
June __, 1790	Isaac

* Isaac Brokaw, son of John Brokaw and Elizabeth Couwenhoven, born Dec. 2nd, 1792, married in 1810, in Mercer County, Kentucky, Mary Brewer, daughter of Daniel Brewer and Mary Voorhees, and a grand-daughter of Abraham Brewer and Sarah Van Norden, Mary Brewer, eldest child of Daniel Brewer and Mary Voorhees, was born in 1790, either at Conewago, Pa., or in Mercer County, Isaac Brokaw and his wife moved to Turman Township, Sullivan County, Indiana, in 1816, where he entered a tract of 160 acres of land, near Graysville. He was the founder of the Brokaw family in Sullivan County. By his first wife, Mary Brewer, he had three children, Mary, Alfred and Nancy. By his second wife, Cynthia Ann (Dodd) Thomas, widow of Jeremiah Thomas, and dau. of Richard Dodd and Mary Bouman, he had one son, Edward and possibly a second.

Burnett

Thomas Burnet born in Scotland, emigrated to Mass., and removed thence to Southampton, Long Island, where he received a grant of land Oct. 16, 1643, and where he died in 1684. He was the father of 11 children, some of whom settled in New Jersey, at Elizabethtown and other places in that State. Later many of his descendents settled at Cincinnati, Ohio, Prior to this, some had gone to Conewago, Pa.

Burnett Conewago Baptisms

1. George Burnet and Mary Van Duyne, his wife

Oct. 22, 1775	Johannis
Apr. 22, 1778	Johannis (2)
Nov. 26, 1780	Neeltie
May 18, 1783	Jacques
Jan. 22, 1786	Elizabeth

May 30, 1790
Sept. 16, 1792

Thomas
Adrianna

Cammagaar (Cammeyer)

Hendrick Janse Kamminga came from Holland to New Amsterdam in 1678 and settled at New Utrecht, Long Island. He married Anne Maria Vervels in 1683. Their children baptised at Flatbush were Jannetje- Oct. 3, 1685; Angelica- May 5, 1688. He afterwards removed to New Jersey, settling in Bergen County, at Hackensack, where several sons were baptised, whose descendents settled in various parts of New Jersey, Pa. and southern New York state.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Hendrick Kammagaar and Rachel Brouwer, his wife.
(Note Rachel Brouwer descends from Willem Brouwer Line, of Albany and Schenectady, N. Y. See Ex. A. attached hereto.)

Aug. 6, 1775	Daniel
Mch. 15, 1778	Abram
Aug. 27, 1780	Maria
Apr. 27, 1783	Margaret
Oct. 9, 1785	Johannis
Mch. 10, 1793	Hendrick.

2. Johannis Kammagaar and Antie Mettes, his wife

Aug. 1, 1779	Hendrick
Oct. 26, 1782	Johannis

Conover (Couwenhoven)

Wolfert Gerretse Van Couwenhoven, emigrated with his wife and children, from Couwenhoven a small estate, four miles west of Amersfoort, in the Province of Utrecht, Holland, in 1630, to Rennsyllerswyck, near Fort Orange (now Albany), where he was at first employed as Superintendent of Farms by the Patroon, Van Rennsyllerswyck. He disliked the surroundings and removed from here to New Amsterdam, on Manhattan Island, about 1634, where he cultivated a farm. In June, 1637, with Andrus Hudde, he purchased from the Indians, the wester-most of three flats, in Flatlands and Flatbush, Long Island, for which a patent was given to them by Director Wouter Van Twiller, on June 16th of the same year. He died about 1660. By his wife Neeltje _____, he was the father of the following children: Gerret Wolfertse, his

eldest son, born in Holland in 1610 and died about 1645. He emigrated with his father in 1630 and later lived in Flatlands. He married Aeltie, dau. of Cornelis Lambertszen Cool, of Gowanus, Long Island. His children were: Willem born about 1637; Jan born about 1639, married Geraldine, dau. of Nicasius De Sille; Neeltje born in 1641, married in 1660, Roelofse Martense Schanck. She died about 1672; Marytie Gerretse born in 1644, married prior to 1666, Coert Stevense Van Voorhees (Voorhees).

Other sons of Wolfert Gerretse Van Couwenhoven were: Jacob Wolfertse, who died about 1670, married (1) Hester Jansen, (2) Magdalena Rysen; Pieter Wolfertse, married (1) Hester Symons, (2) Aeltie Seybrants; Derrick Wolfertse and Jan Wolfertse.

The Somerset County, New Jersey, line of Conover's or Van Couwenhoven's descend from his eldest son, Gerret Wolfertse Van Couwenhoven, many of whom later migrated to Conewago, Pa. and then to Mercer County, Kentucky, and other localities in the West.

Conewago Conover Baptisms

1. John Couwenhoven and Catrina Coverts, his wife

Oct. 10, 1779	Lammetie
Aug. 12, 1781	Johannis
Feb. 15, 1784	Willem
Sept. 25, 1785	Catrina
Aug. 9, 1792	Leena
Aug. 9, 1792	Altie, twin sister

2. Cornelius Couwenhoven and Catrina De Graff, his wife

Sept. 7, 1783	Gerret
Apr. 9, 1786	Samuel
Nov. 8, 1789	Antie

Cossart

Jacques Cossaris, a French Huguenot refugee, from Rochelle, France, to Holland, came to New Amsterdam, in the ship Pumerland Church, in October, 1662, with his wife Lydia Willems and two children. Their other children born in New Amsterdam and baptised in the Dutch church were: Jannetje- Nov. 28, 1665; Jacques- Apr. 22, 1667; David- June 18, 1671; and Anthony- Nov. 19, 1673.

David Cossart, probably a younger brother of Jacques, came from Vlissengen, Holland, to New Amsterdam, sometime prior to

1696, when on Sept. 18, of that year, he married in the Dutch Ch., of N. Y., Styntie Joris. They were the parents of at least one son, Joris, born about 1708, who on Sept. 14, 1730, married Elizabeth Hooglant.

Both Jacques and David Cossart had descendents who settled in Somerset and Bergen Counties, New Jersey, and later in Conewago, Pa. and Mercer County, Ky. and other localities in the West.

Conewago Cossart Baptisms

1. David Cossart and Sara Van Duyne, his wife

Oct. 23, 1769	David
May 31, 1772	Peter
Mch. 13, 1774	Margaret
Mch. 10, 1776	Denys
Mch. 15, 1778	Jacob
Jan. 16, 1780	Ida
Jan. 20, 1782	Maria

2. Peter Cossart and Mary Duryea, his wife

Oct. 23, 1769	Jans
May 31, 1772	Samuel
Oct. 3, 1773	Jacob
Jan. 14, 1776	Peter
Apr. 12, 1778	David
Apr. 12, 1778	Hendrick, twin brother

3. Jacob Cossart and Maria Monfort, his wife

Aug. 22, 1779	Hendrick
Dec. 9, 1781	Peter
Aug. 24, 1784	Margaret
Oct. 14, 1787	Styntie
June __, 1790	Maria
Sept. __, 1792	Leenah

4. Francis Cossart and Martha Van Zandt, his wife

Dec. 20, 1789	Neeltie
Oct. 16, 1791	Sarah

Cozine.

The emigrant ancestor of the Cozine family was Cozyn

Gerrits (or Gerret Cozine), who came to New Amsterdam, from Holland, with his wife VROUTIE _____, prior to 1640. Their first child baptised in New Amsterdam, was Garret Cozine, on May 20, 1640. Garret Cozine married in New Amsterdam, Sept. 24, 1673, Beltje Jacobs, of Fort Orange, now Albany, N. Y. Jacobus Cozine -3, son of Garret -2 and Beltje Jacobs married Feb. 2, 1707, in the Flatbush Church, L. I., Aaltie Amak, of New Amersfoort, L. I. They were the parents of Garret Cozine-4 who married in 1729, in the Dutch Ch. N. Y., Margaret Janse (or Jansen) and they were the parents of two sons, Cornelius Cozine-5 born in 1730 and Garret Cozine-5 born in 1732, Cornelius Cozine-5 married Antie Staats, at Flatbush, L. I. in 1749, where they lived until they moved to Somerset County, N. J. in 1757. Garret Cozine-5 also had descendants who moved to Somerset County, N. J., and later to Conewago, Pa., and Mercer County, Ky.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Cornelius Cozine-6 and Marya Brouwer, his wife.
(Note: Marya Brouwer, of Willem Brouwer line of Albany and Schenectady, N. Y. See Ex. "A")

Dec. 28, 1776	Antie
Feb. 21, 1779	Daniel-7
Apr. 15, 1781	Sara
July 13, 1783	Cornelius-7
2. Garret Cozine and Margaret Lys (Luyster of Lister)

Nov. 12, 1786	Cornelius-7
Oct. 14, 1789	Peter Van Harlengen-7
3. Johannis Cozine-6 and Annatie Smock, his wife

Apr. 10, 1785	Cornelius-7
Oct. 14, 1789	Sara
4. Peter Cozine, of Garret and Willemptie Wycoff, his wife

Aug. 8, 1770	Cornelius, bapt. at Readington, N. J.
At Conewago, Pa.	
May 31, 1772	Martinus
Jan. 1, 1775	Elizabeth
July 6, 1777	Pieter
5. Peter Cozine (2) of Garret and Styntie Sebring, his wife

Jan. 17, 1779	Derrick
Feb. 18, 1781	Altie
Mar. 21, 1784	Styntie
Oct. 14, 1787	Cornelius

Covert

Teunis Janse Covert and Barbara Lucus, his wife, came from Heemstede, Holland, in 1651, and settled in Brooklyn, L. I., where he and his wife became Charter Members in the founding of the First Dutch Church, at Brooklyn, in 1660. The other members being Joris Dirckszen (Brinkerhoff), the Elder, and his wife Susanna Dubbels, Albert Corneliszen (Cornelius) and his wife, Trintje Hadders, Willem Gerritse Van Couwenhoven and his wife, Aeltje Joris (Brinkerhoff), Pieter Monfort and Sara De Plancke, his wife, Jan Evertse and his wife Tryntje Symons, Willem Bredenbent and his wife Aeltie Braconie, Jan Pieterszen (Petersen) and his wife Grietje Jans, Teunis Nyssen (Nyce) and Femmetie Jans, his wife, Adam Brouwer, the flour-miller, and his wife Magdalena Jacobs (Verdon), Johannis Marcus and his wife, Jan Jorisee (Brinkerhoff), Jan Hibon and Gertrude Barents, his wife, The Elder, Joris Dirckszen (Brinkerhoff) held the first meeting at the Church, Sept. 12, 1660. Many descendents of these charter members later settled at Conewago, Pa., and the last pastor of the Conewago Dutch Church was Domine George G. Brinkerhoff.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Isaac Covert and Antie Van Arsdale, his wife

July 29, 1780	Lammetie
July 28, 1782	Johannis
Jan. 15, 1784	Johannis (2)
Feb. 6, 1785	Cornelius
Oct. 14, 1787	Marta

2. Daniel Covert and Jannetie Van Arsdale, his wife

Jan. 22, 1786	David
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Daniel Covert and Maria Van Pelt, probably 2nd wife

Oct. 14, 1787	Johannis
Oct. 14, 1787	Jannetie, twins

DeBaun

Joost De Baun, the first emigrant of the name, came to America in the year 1683, from Middleburgh, Province of Zeeland, Holland, with his wife, Elizabeth Drabbe, and their eldest son, Jacobus, to Bushwick, Long Island. Here Joost De Baun became clerk of the town, serving in this capacity less

than a year, then with his family removed to New Utrecht, Long Island, where as clerk as well as schoolmaster and reader of the Reformed Dutch Church, he remained until some time after 1698. He signed his name Joost De Baene. He was of French Huguenot origin, thought to have emigrated from the town of Beaune, Cote d'Or, France, to Flanders about 1660. His adoption of the Dutch name of Joost, in place of Joseph, may have been caused by his desire to become, in so far as possible, a true son of the land which gave him refuge.

From Flanders, Joost De Baun, went to Middleburg, Province of Zeeland, Holland, where he married Elizabeth Drabbe, a Hollander of a well to do and highly respected family of that city.

After 1698, Joost de Baun removed with his family to Orange County, New York and resided for a time at "The Pond" Rockland Lake, near Haverstraw, now Rockland County, New York. They did not settle there however, as in the year 1704 they were in Hackensack, New Jersey, having joined the colony of Huguenots already established there. It was there that Joost De Baun finally settled, spending the rest of his days quietly engaged in farming. The peace, even the solitude of the beautiful country around him, among the lakes, rivers and majestic hills of Bergen County, must have been a welcome haven after the stormy and unsettled years of his early life.

It was after the year 1718, but before 1722, that Joost De Baun died, for it is recorded that on Nov. 18, 1721, Elizabeth De Baun, widow of Joost, witnesseth the baptism of her grand-child, Elizabeth dau. of her son, Charles and his wife Jane. The will of Joost De Baun drawn Nov. 28, 1706, was proved June 4, 1724, and it is probable, that during that year his wife died. In this will he bequeathed every thing he owned to his wife, Elizabeth, for her use during life, then to be divided among his children, only the oldest of whom, Jacobus, is mentioned by name. He and his wife were both buried in the old French Cemetery, sometimes called the Huguenot Cemetery, in Cherry Village, North Hackensack, on the Demarest Farm. They were the parent of 5 children- Jacobus-2, born in Middleburg, Holland, about 1683, married at Tappan, N. Y., Jan. 12, 1709, Annatje Canniff, dau. of Jeremiah Canniff and Annatje Woelffs, of Westchester County, N. Y; Christian-2, bapt. Brooklyn D. Ch., May 15-1687, and married at Hackensack, N. J. Judith Demarest, dau. of Samuel Demarest and Maria Druen; Martha 2, bapt. Brooklyn D. Ch. May 4-1690 and married at Hackensack, David Samuel Demarest, brother of Judith who married Christian De Baun; Karel (Charles)-2 bapt. at New Utrecht, L. I. married at Tappan, N. Y., Feb. 14-1714, Jane Haring, dau. of Peter Haring; Catrina-2, bapt. Brooklyn D. Ch. May 4, 1695, died in infancy.

Charles De Baun-2, born at New Utrecht, Long Island, about 1692, and died Aug. 25-1765. He married at Tappan, N. Y., Feb. 14-1714, Jane Haring, born Apr. 14, 1698 and died June 29-1765, dau. of Peter Haring and Margaret Bogart. About 1719, Charles-2

owned a farm in the town of Harrington, part of which extended into the town of Demarest. He resided there with his family for a time, but later sold his place and bought several large parcels of land between Hackensack and Passaic Rivers. The graves of Charles-2 and Jane are in the cemetery of the South Schraalensburg Church, in Bergenfield, N. J. where the original stones are still standing. The children of Chas-2 De Baun and Jane Haring were: Joost-3, bapt. at Hackensack, Feb. 6, 1715, died Feb. 16, 1793, married at Tappan, N. Y. Anna Hogenkamp. He married (2) in N. Y. C. Mch. 29, 1759, Jane Dyckman; Margaret-3, Bapt. Aug. 18, 1717, at Hackensack, married (1) Theodore Remsen and (2) Teunis Tallman; Peter-3, bapt. Oct. 18, 1719, at Tappan, married Maria Banta; Elizabeth-3, bapt. Nov. 19, 1721, at Hackensack, married Johannis Blauvelt; John-3, bapt. Arp. 5, 1724, at Hackensack, married Caterine Haring; Jacob-3, bapt. Oct. 9, 1726, at Hackensack, married Rachel Cole; Isaac-3, bapt. Feb. 16, 1729, at Tappan, married Mary Eckerson; Abraham-3, bapt. Dec. 12, 1731, at Schraalensburg, married (1) Bridget Ackerman and (2) Lea Van Orden; Christian-3, bapt. Jan. 26, 1735, at Hackensack, married Rachel Helm (or Helling); Cornelia-3, bapt. Aug. 14, 1737, at Schraal, married Cornelius Benson; and Maria-3, bapt. Apr. 6, 1740 and died in 1742. A small stone in same plot with Charles De Baun-2 and Jane, his wife, inscribed (M. DB 1742) doubtless marks her grave.

Joost De Baun-3 bapt. Feb. 6, 1715, at Hackensack, died Feb. 16, 1793, married at Tappan, N. Y. Anna Hogenkamp. He married (2) in N. Y. C. Mch. 29, 1759, Jane Dyckman. Joost-3 and Anna Hogenkamp had three children all baptised at Tappan, N. Y. as follows: Joseph (Joost)-4, bapt. Aug. 1, 1742, married Gertrude Duryea; John-4, bapt. Feb. 2, 1746, married Clarissa Quackenbos; Abraham-4 bapt. Oct. 7, 1750, married Agness Duryea.

Joseph De Baun-4 (Joost-3, Charles-2, Joost-1) was the first descendant to be baptised, Joseph, the English of Joost. He married in N. Y. C., May 23, 1765, Gertrude Duryea-4 (Samuel-3, Peter-2, John-1), bapt. June 30, 1745. They removed to Conewago, then York County, now Adams County, Pa. and later to Harrod's Station, in Mercer County, Kentucky. Their children were: Joseph-5, bapt. July 15, 1766, at Tappan, N. Y.; Wyntie-5, bapt. Sept. 8, 1771, at Conewago, Pa; Samuel-5, bapt. June 5, 1774, at Conewago, Pa.

John De Baun-4, born at Tappan, N. Y. Feb. 2, 1746, died Oct. 8, 1821. He married Clarissa Quackenbos, born Sept. 24, 1748, dau. of Abraham Quackenbos and Susannah Helm (or Helling). She died Dec. 18, 1836. She and her husband, John are buried in the Cemetery of the old Tappan Church, Rockland County, N. Y. They lived the greater part of their lives in Harrington and were members of the Tappan Church. John De Baun's-4 will was probated in Hackensack, N. J., Nov. 1, 1821. Their children were: Abraham-5, bapt. June 5, 1770, at Tappan, married Anna Smith; Joost-5, bapt. Sept. 15, 1773, at Clarkstown Ch., married Adeline Blauvelt; Anna-5, bapt. Mch. 26, 1780, at Schraal., mar-

ried Thomas Cooper, July 5, 1800, at Tappan.; Susannah-5, bapt. Dec. 14, 1787, at Tappan, married Peter C. De Baun, of Charles-4 (Peter-3, Charles-2, Joost-1).

Abraham De Baun-4, born Sept. 10, 1750, married Agness Duryea, bapt. Feb. 16, 1752. They moved to Conewago, Pa. and later to Mercer County, Kentucky; their children were: Samuel De Baun-5, bapt. Jan. 1-1775, at Conewago, Pa. He married Polly Devine, Mch. 13, 1800, in Mercer County, Kentucky. (Here see Wolfe's History of Sullivan Co., Indiana, for De Baun Family in Fairbanks Township, Sullivan County, Indiana); Anna De Baun-5, bapt. Aug. 17, 1777, at Conewago, Pa.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Joseph De Baun-4 and Gertrude Duryea, his wife

July 15, 1766, at Tappan, N. Y.	Joseph-5
Sept. 8, 1771, at Conewago, Pa.	Wyntie-5
June 5, 1774, at Conewago, Pa.	Samuel-5

2. Abraham De Baun-4 and Agness Duryea, his wife.

Jan. 1, 1775, at Conewago, Pa.	Samuel-5
Aug. 17, 1777, at Conewago, Pa.	Anna-5

Duryea.

Joost Durie, born in 1650 and died in 1727, was the founder of the Duryea family in New Netherlands. He was a French Huguenot who before the Revocation of the Edict of Nantes sought refuge in Mannheim, Renish Palatinate, Germany, and it was there that he married Magdalena Le Febre, dau. of Simon Le Febre, and in 1676 accompanied with his wife, emigrated from Mannheim, Germany to America. He settled first at New Utrecht, L. I. where he bought a farm. He next settled in Bushwick, now a part of Brooklyn, N. Y. where he lived the rest of his life. He had nine sons and two daughters, The family has always been prominently represented by men of letters, judges, advocates, clergymen, and members of other professions in this country. Ancient records establish the fact that the Durie, Durye, Du Rye, Duryea family had its origin in the Province of Burgundy, France, where members of the family through the generations past have distinguished themselves, Andre Duryer or Du Ryer, a native of Burgundy, was an accomplished scholar, diplomat, and authority on foreign languages, especially Oriental languages. Pierre Duryer was a man of letters and the founder of the French Academy of Music, at Paris. Charles Henri

Durie was the Chief Justice of the French Court and a Chevalier of the Legion of Honor. Many other members of the family were leaders in the Huguenot movement in France.

Several of the sons of Joost Durie and Magdalena Le Febre moved to Bergen and Somerset Counties, New Jersey, while others settled in New York City. Many of their descendents later moved to Conewago, Pa. and then to Mercer County, Kentucky, and other localities in the West.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Peter Duryea and Antie Seever, his wife

June 16, 1775
Jan. 4, 1778

Samuel
Wyntie

De Graaf (De Graff)

Andries De Graff was a citizen of New Amsterdam in 1661. His son, Jan Andries De Graff, brickmaker, was a resident of Albany in 1655; in 1656, he with two others, was fined 500 guilders for selling liquor, to the Indians. In 1660 he went to New Amsterdam with one Roseboom and commenced the making of bricks. There is no record that he ever married or left any children.

Claaes Andries De Graff, another son of Andries De Graff, was born about the year 1628, in Holland, and became one of the first settlers of Schenectady, N. Y., taking up lands at the Hook in Scotia, in 1662, where his descendants have lived for several generations. He died in 1697. He married Elizabeth Brouwer (Brewer), dau. of Hendricke Willemse Brouwer, who was born about 1647, in the Province of Zeeland, Holland, and came with her parents to New Amsterdam about 1653, and later settling at Albany. She died at Schenectady in 1723. Claaes Andries De Graff and Elizabeth Brouwer were the parents of a very large family of children some of whom settled in Hackensack and Schraalensburg, New Jersey, and it is from them that the New Jersey families of De Graff descend. Later many of them removed from New Jersey to Conewago, Pa. then to Mercer County, Kentucky and other points in the then far West.

Conewago De Graff Baptisms.

1. Abraham De Graff and Mary Griggs, his wife

May 31, 1772
July 17, 1774

Hester
Moses

2. Abraham De Graff (2) and Catrina Voorhees, his wife

July 17, 1774	Rachel
Feb. <u> </u> , 1776	Magdalena
Jan. 25, 1778	Michael
Oct. 3, 1779	Cornelius
May 31, 1782	Catrina
Feb. 22, 1784	Margaret
Feb. 12, 1786	Abraham
Aug. 14, 1791	Cornelius (2)

3. Michael De Graff and Margaret Gray, his wife

Apr. 25, 1773	Moses
Sept. 16, 1774	Derrick
June 30, 1776	Jacobus
Dec. <u> </u> , 1777	Rachel
Nov. 28, 1779	Jeremiah
Aug. 12, 1781	Maria
Aug. 3, 1783	Samuel
Dec. 25, 1785	Neeltie
Apr. 4, 1790	Margaret
Sept. 12, 1792	Margaret (2)

4. William Swart De Graff and Willemptie Neefis, his wife

Feb. 8, 1775	Rachel
July 28, 1776	Johannes
Jan. 4, 1778	Jannetie
Nov. 28, 1779	Abraham
Nov. 10, 1782	Jeremiah
Aug. 17, 1784	William Swart
July 25, 1786	Femmetie
Apr. 4, 1790	Martenus
Feb. 14, 1792	Bernardus

Demarest (Demeree)

Originally Des Marets, or de Marest, a French Huguenot family. David Des Marests, born about 1623, came from Middleburg, Holland, in 1663, to New Amsterdam, with his wife Marie Sohler, and four children. Removed to Hackensack, N. J. in 1680 and died there in 1693. His sons to grow up were Jean, David, and Samuel. Rev. Dr. Samuel Demarest, Prest. of Rutgers University, descends from David, and other New Jersey descendants of Demarests have been from Jean and Samuel. There was also a Jean de Marest from Beauchamp, Picardy, France, also a French Huguenot, who went to Holland, thence to Mannheim, in the Palatinate, Germany, then in April, 1663, came to America and finally settled in 1667, at New Paltze, N. Y. He also left N. J. descendants in Bergen County.

Conewago Demarest Baptisms

1. David Demeree and Lena Voorhees, his wife
May 31, 1772 Annatie
Sept. 18, 1774 Catrina
June 22, 1777 Sara
2. David Demaree (2) and Elizabeth Slegel, his wife
July 17, 1774 Gertrude-m. Hezekiah
 Hotelg.
Apr. 7, 1776 Daniel
May 8, 1778 David
July 28, 1780 Johannis
Nov. 17, 1782 Barbara
Apr. 17, 1785 Maria
June __, 1792 Garret
3. Samuel Demeree and Susanna Brouwer, his wife. (Note:
Susanna Brouwer of Hendrecke Willemse Brouwer, of
Albany and Schenectady line).
Nov. 16, 1777 Marya
July 16, 1780 Daniel
Oct. 26, 1782 Samuel
4. Garret Demeree and Jannetie Percell, his wife (Purcel)
Sept. 25, 1785 Gertrude
Oct. 3, 1790 Antie
Dec. 9, 1792 David
5. Albert Demeree and Maria Van Duyne, his wife
Dec. 29, 1789 No name given
Jan. 22, 1792 Elizabeth
6. Cornelius Demeree and Femmetie Brouwer, his wife.
(Note: Fammetie Brouwer of Hendreck Willemse Brouwer
line of Albany and Schen. N. Y.)
May 25, 1783 David
Dec. 26, 1784 Magdalena
Oct. 14, 1787 Daniel
Dec. 6, 1789 Gertrude
7. Lucus Demeree and Polly Demeree, his wife
Aug. 7, 1791 Leenah
Jan. 20, 1793 Willemptie

Dennis

Robert Dennis emigrated from England prior to 1640 and settled in Mass. His son, Robert Dennis, born in Yarmouth, Mass., died in Middlesex County, New Jersey, in 1696, and it is from him that the New Jersey family of Dennis descends.

Conewago Dennis Baptisms

1. John Dennis and Anna _____, his wife

Nov. 15, 1789

Nancy

Phares (Faris)

1. Joseph Phares (Faris) and Martha Dennis, his wife

Dec. 20, 1789

John

Dec. 20, 1789

Nancy, twin sister

July 29, 1792

Nelly

Griggs

Thomas Griggs (Quaker) came from England to Mass. prior to 1639, settling at Roxbury. His son, John Griggs, had sons, Benjamin, Daniel, Samuel and James, all of whom settled near Griggstown, Somerset County, N. J. in 1733 or earlier.

Conewago Baptisms

1. William Griggs and Jannetie Wycoff, his wife

May 12, 1793

Jacobus (James)

Hegeman

Joseph Hegeman emigrated from Holland some time prior to 1680 and settled at Brooklyn, Long Island, where he married about 1684, Femmetje Remsen. He was the father of a large family many of whom later settled in Somerset County, N. J.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Abraham Hegeman and Elizabeth Middagh, his wife

Nov. 1, 1792

Marty.

(Note: Abraham Hegeman and Elizabeth Middagh were married at Conewago, May 3, 1791)

2. Adrian Hegeman and Gertrude Sutton, his wife

Apr. 22, 1793

John

Hoff (Huff)

Barent Witten Hooft emigrated from the City of Munster, with his wife and two children, to New Amsterdam, in March, 1662. He was a cloth maker and tailor by trade. He soon settled at Brooklyn, Long Island, where he joined the Dutch Church and placed his eldest son, Laurenz Haf, in the Dutch Church School. He was the father of several sons, some of whom settled in New Jersey and in Dutchess County, New York.

One of his descendants in New Jersey married Cornelia Voorhees, as shown by the following will of Stephen Voorhees filed Nov. 12, 1758, in New Jersey. "I, Stephen Voorhees (commonly called and known by the name of Stephen Johnson), of Jamaica, Queens County, Long Island, yeoman, names wife Sarah and children, Antie, wife of Jonathan Pratt, Cornelia wife of Lawrence Hoff, Willem, John, Stephen, Cornelius, Roeloff, Lucus and Antie. Sons Stephen and Roeloff, Exers.

Lawrence Hoff, of Kingwood Twpt. Hunterdon County, N. J. left a will filed Apr. 16, 1672, in which he names his wife, Cornelia, and children John, Cornelius, Abraham, Richard, Cornelia, and Lawrence. His widow died in 1769.

Conewago Hoff (Huff) Baptisms

1. Abraham Hoff and _____ Powell, his wife

June 3, 1770

Elizabeth

2. Abraham Hoff, the younger, and Leenah Van Ryphen

May 12, 1793

Cornelius

Houghteling

Jan Willemsen Hooghtielinck (Du Hooghteling of France, meaning of "high origin or standing", a French Huguenot refugee to Holland, came from Loosdrecht, Holland, to New Amsterdam, in May 1661, with his wife and two sons, Matthys and Coenradt. In 1662, he settled with his family at Esopus, now Kingston, N. Y. and in October, 1663 was at the village of Wiltwyck, at the time of the Esopus Indian War. He was a Town Schepen, and Deacon in the Dutch Church, at Esopus, from 1662 to 1672. He removed to Albany about 1676 and died there in 1683.

His eldest son, Matthys Houghteling, married in the Dutch Church, at Albany, (1) in 1682 Wyntie Dirckse, by whom he had one child, Rachel, bapt. Dec. 28, 1684. He married (2) in 1692, Marie Hendrickse, and by her he had one son, Matthys, bapt. Apr. 29, 1694.

His second son, Coenradt Houghteling, married in the Dutch Church, Albany, Aug. 26, 1688, Trintje Willemsz Van Slyk. There children were as follows: all baptised in the Albany Dutch Church; Hendrick- Nov. 10, 1689; Willem- Jan. 17, 1692; Marytje- Apr. 15, 1694; Matthys- June 14, 1696; Pieter- Oct. 9, 1698; Burtje- Dec. 29, 1700; Hendrick- June 20, 1703; Teunis- Sept. 29, 1705; Johannis- June 16, 1708; Jannetje- Apr. 30, 1710; Jonathan- Apr. 20, 1712.

Jan Willemsen Hooghtielinick was also the father of two daughters born at Esopus, after his arrival in this country, Zytie and Tryntje Houghteling, both of whom married at Albany. Zytie (1) Frank Marrselis and (2) May 4, 1697, Patrick Magrignaria, from Scotland. Tryntje married Nov. 13, 1699, Richard Janszen, of Rens. Colony.

The descendants of Matthys and Coenradt Houghteling settled at various places in the Hudson and the Mohawk Valleys, N. Y. and also in Bergen and Somerset counties, New Jersey, from whence many of their descendants migrated to Conewago, Pa., and later to Mercer County, Kentucky, and other localities throughout the West.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Hosea Houghteling and Maria De Graff, his wife

Sept. 8, 1771
May 31, 1773

Neeltie
Rachel (or Elizabeth)

2. Hezekiah Houghteling and Gertrude Demerest, married at Conewago, Feb. 3, 1790.

Oct. 30, 1791

Hezekiah

Johnson (Jansen)

Andries Jansen was born on Long Island in 1665 to which place his parents had come sometime between 1658 and 1663, from Holland. He married on Long Island and had six sons; Couert born in 1689; Andries on _____; Pieter, Myndert, Hendrick and Johannis. He removed from Long Island to near Readington, Somerset County, N. J. where he died in 1745, at the age of 80 years, while walking from his farm to the Dutch Church at Readington, 10 miles away. Couert Jansen (Johnson), eldest son of Andries, also settled in Somerset County, near Readington, where he married Charity or Gertrude Lane- Laanor- or Lahen, dau. of Arie Thyssen Lanen, of New Utrecht, Long Island, and Martyntje Smak or Smock. Couert Johnson died in 1772. He was the father of Andrew who married Jannetje Berger in 1755; Martha who married and had children; and Couert, Jr.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Abraham Jansen (Johnson) and Catrina Voorhees, his wife.

Nov. 12, 1786	Thomas
Dec. 20, 1789	Andries
July 17, 1791	Abraham

2. Andries Johnson (Jansen) and Maria Houghteling, his wife

Dec. 10, 1780	Annatie
Mar. 2, 1783	Maria
July 17, 1785	Thomas

3. Thomas Jansen and Annatie Van Duyne, his wife

Oct. 18, 1772	Thomas
Sept. 5, 1779	Elizabeth

Klopper

Cornelis Janszen Clopper came Bergen op Zoom, Holland, to New Amsterdam, as a young man shortly before Oct. 28, 1657, on which date he married in the Dutch Ch. of that place, Hilletje Pieters, born in New Amsterdam. Their children, all baptised in the Dutch Ch. at New Amsterdam, were: Dina- Oct. 25, 1658; who died young; Johannis Mch. 11, 1663; Margaret- Nov. 28, 1660; Johannis (2) Feb. 8, 1665; Catalina- June 12, 1667; Petronella- Sept. 15, 1669; Cornelis- Dec. 1, 1672; Diana (2)- Mch. 15, 1675, and Pieter- Dec. 19, 1677.

His eldest son, Johannis Clopper, married (1) in the Dutch Ch., New York City, June 7, 1684, Maryken Souert, by whom he had

no children baptised. For his second wife, in the same church, May 5, 1688, Margaret Hagens, by whom he had one child baptised, in New York Oct. 25, 1691, Anna Clopper.

His second son, Cornelis Clopper, married in Dutch Ch. N. Y. on May 1, 1696, Aufgie Luykas, by whom he had a son baptised, in N. Y. Apr. 18, 1697, Cornelis Clopper, Jr.

Both Johannis and Cornelis Clopper, prior to 1710, removed from New York City, to Bergen County, N. J., settling at Hackensack, where they left numerous descendants.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Cornelius Kloppe and Styntie Cossarts, his wife

Feb. 6, 1785	Cornelius
Oct. 2, 1786	Fransz Cossart

Monfort Family

Pieter De Monfour, a French Huguenot, came from the Netherlands, in 1639, or earlier, being at that year at Wallabout (within) the present limits of Brooklyn. Previously (1630), Jan De Monfor, a brother of Pieter, was in New Amsterdam. Pieter married _____ and Jan married in 1630, in Amsterdam, Holland, Sarah de Planken. His sons were Jan and Pieter. Jan being the ancestor of the Somerset line. Many scholars and noted clergymen, have descended from Jan de Monfoort and Sarah de Plancken.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Francis Monfort and Gertrude Banta, his wife

Oct. 23, 1769	Rachel
May __, 1772	Heniertta
Dec. 12, 1773	Gertrude
Mch. 3, 1776	Marye
Nov. 8, 1778	Jan
Feb. 11, 1781	Hendrick
May 1, 1784	Frans

2. Jacob Monfort and Lea Banta, his wife

May 31, 1772	Hendricke
Oct. 3, 1774	Lea
May 18, 1777	Hendrick
Sept. 6, 1779	Jacobus
Aug. 27, 1780	Aaltie

REFERENCE
DO NOT CIRCULATE

Filed under Brewer

the wife of Abraham Brouwer, of the Adam Brouwer line
of New York City.

Conewago Baptisms

Jan'y. 1, 1785
Oct. 14, 1787
Dec. 6, 1789
Apr. 17, 1790

Jan
Stephen
Cornelius
Nelly

Hendrick Gulick and wife Geertruy Willekms, came from Holland, in 1653, with two children, Jan and Jochen. He died the same year. Jochen settled first at Gravesend, Long Island, and then at Six Mile Run, Somerset County, N. J. His sons were Benjamin, Henry, John and Willem. John Gulick, son of Jochen, of Somerset Co., had sons Abram, William, John, Jochem, Jacobus and Peter Gulick whose will is herewith given. "Aug. 31, 1774. Names children Jochim, Ferdinand, Isaac, Peter, Maria, Jacomyntie, Geertje, Catherine (deceased), Margaret, Antie, wife of Peter Luyster, Jannetje, Eve and Elizabeth.

Voorhees

Stephen Coerte Van Voorhees, born 1600 at Hees, Province of Drenthe, Holland, came from Holland in 1660 in the ship "Spotted Cow," with his wife and seven children, and settled at Flatlands, L. I. His wife was Willempje Roelofse Seubering (Sebring). He died Feb. 16, 1684. Sons were Coert, Lucas, Jan, Albert and Abraham. Most of the Somerset County, N. J. families of Voorhees descend from Lucas. This is the family from which U. S. Senator Daniel Woolsey Voorhees, of Indiana, descended, and many other prominent men throughout the Nation.

Conewago Baptisms.

1. Abraham Voorhees and Brehie Speeder, his wife.

Sept. 18, 1785

Maria

2. Cornelius Voorhees and Johanna Langstrate (Longstreet).

May 31, 1772

Jacobus

3. Garret Voorhees and Lena Holenset, his wife

Oct. 14, 1787

Baratie

4. Jacob Voorhees and Sara Sickels, his wife.

April 9, 1786

Abraham Wilson

5. Peter Voorhees and Sophia de Bogart, his wife, of Tunis.

Sept. 8, 1771
Oct. 11, 1772

Helena
Abraham

6. Roeloff (Ruliff) Voorhees and Elizabeth Neefis, his wife

Nov. 26, 1773
Aug. 6, 1775

Aaltie
Roeloff (Ruliff).

Members of the Voorhees family also married into the Demeree, De Graff, Brinkerhoff, Purcell, Kitchen, Johnston and Brouwer families, as shown elsewhere in this manuscript.

Derick Stoffelse Langestraat (Longstreet) came from Holland in 1657, to Flatlands, Long Island. He married (1) Catherine Van Liewen; (2) before 1690, Johanna Havens, widow of Johannis Holsaert (Holenset). His sons were Stoffel, Adrain, Richard, Johannis and Samuel. Adrain and Stoffel removed to Monmouth County, N. J. and left descendents, some of whom reached Somerset County.

Teunis Gisbertse Bogaerdt came from Heiskop, Holland, in 1662, settling in Brooklyn, where he married the widow of Hans Hansen Bergen, the ancestor of the Bergen family. His sons were Gisbert, Adrain and Cornelius. Gisbert heads the Somerset County line, which spelled the name Bogart. The Bogert families of Bergen County, descend from a Cornelius Jansen Bogert, not connected with Teunis Gisbert Bogart.

Kyln (Kline)

Johan Jacob Klein born in Germany, in 1714, came to America in 1740 and settled near Readington, Hunterdon County, New Jersey. He married Veronica Gerdtutta, dau. of Johannis Moelich. He died in 1740. His sons were John, William, Jacob, Aaron, and Peter. The Somerset line in general is descended from him, but there are some descendents of Goffried Klein, who also was in Readington before 1759 and had sons Christian and Jacob.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Hendrick Klein and Elizabeth De Graff, his wife

Aug. 10, 1783

Annatie

Vanderbilt

Adrian Teunise van der Bilt came from Holland in 1640, as a farm laborer, probably from Luyten Anbacht, in N. Brabant. Jan Aertse Vanderbilt, great-great-grandfather of Commodore Vanderbilt came from Holland, from Bilt, near Utrecht, in 1650 or earlier, and finally settled near Jersey City, N. J. A grand-son, Cornelis, settled near Somerville, Somerset County, N. J., before 1738, and his brother, Hendrick, in Franklyn Twpt. Somerset Co. before 1735.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Jacobus Vanderbilt and Elizabeth Janse, his wife

Oct. 23, 1769	Catherine
Oct. 10, 1775	Elizabeth

2. Cornelius Vanderbilt and _____, his wife

Sept. 16, 1792	Cornelius
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Van Duyne

Name from Duyn, in Burgandy, France, Gerrit Cornelis, of Nieukirken, Holland, carpenter and wheelwright, came over in 1649. In 1663 he married in New Amsterdam, Jacomina Jacobse Swarts. In 1670, he returned to Zwolle, Holland, but came back to this country in 1679, and settled finally at Flatbush, L. I. where he died in 1706. His sons were Cornelis, Denys, Abraham and William. Denys settled in Franklyn Twpt. Somerset County, N. J. for a time, while two of his sons, William and Denys remained there and were the ancestors of the Somerset Van Duyns.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Serrell Van Duyne and Elizabeth Smock, his wife (1)

May 31, 1772	Annatie
Apr. 17, 1774	Sara

- Serrell Van Duyne and Adrianna Van Nuys, his wife (2)

Apr. 28, 1776	Antie
May 2, 1779	Maria
Mar. 9, 1783	Catlina

2. Charles Van Duyne and Maria Ammerman, his wife

July 4, 1779	Elizabeth
Dec. 31, 1781	Antie
Feb. 15, 1784	Syttie

July 16, 1786
May 15, 1790

Thomas
Genny

3. Thomas Van Duyne and Annatie Hogtelling, his wife

Mch. 2, 1783
Apr. 10, 1785
Oct. 14, 1787
Nov. 15, 1788
May 15, 1790

Neeltie
Hezekiah
Maria
Wilhelmus Hogtelling(1)
Wilhelmus Hogtelling(2)

4. Denys Van Duyne and Maria Roberson, his wife

Oct. 14, 1787

William

Dorland

Jan Gerritse Dorlandt, born about 1625, came from Holland to New Amsterdam in 1652, and died after 1711. He settled in Brooklyn, and in 1699 was collector of Brooklyn. The name of his first wife is unknown. His second wife was Anna Remsen, dau. of Rev. Jan Vanderbeeck. Sons were Gerrit, Elias and Samuel by his first wife, and Rem and Jan by his second wife.

Lambert Gerritse Dorlandt, brother of Jan Gerritse Dorlandt, came in the ship "Spotted Cow" in 1663, and also settled in Brooklyn, but later (about 1681) on Staten Island. He was a member of the Colonial General Assembly, in New York. In 1715 he removed to Somerset County, New Jersey, near Readington and Harlengen, and died there about 1720. His wife was Harmina Peters. His sons were Gerrit and John. The Somerset families of Durling and Dorland generally descend from Gerret, son of Lambert Dorland. The Dutch meaning of Dorlandt is "arid or thin land."

Conewago Baptisms.

1. Gerret Dorland and Jannetje Hall, his wife

Feb. 6, 1774
June 23, 1776
June 6, 1779
April 17, 1785

Lammetie
Dooretie (Dosia)
Stientie
Jannetie

Westervelt

Willem Lubbertsen Van Westervelt and his wife Dirkje Roeloffse with their daughter, Femmetje Jans Willems, came from Mepple, Province of Drenthe, Holland, to New Amsterdam, subsequent to 1658, and settled at New Ammersfort, Long Island. He died there prior to Sept. 1, 1697, as on that date, his wife,

Dirkje Roeloffse describes herself as "widow and relict of Willem Van Westervelt, late of Kings County, Long Island, deceased", Dirkje Roeloffse, his wife, died between 1697 and 1707. Her will was dated Sept. 1, 1697 and proved Aug. 22, 1704. Their daughter, Femmetie Jans Willems, was baptised in Mepple, Province of Drenthe, Holland, Apr. 29, 1658, and came with her parents to this country. She married Mch. 17, 1676, Jacob Verdon-3, son of Thomas Verdon-2, only brother of Magdalena Verdon, the wife of Adam Brouwer-Berckhoven (Brewer). Jacob Verdon-3 and Femmetje Willems (Van Westervelt) were the parents of 10 children (5 sons and 5 daus.).

The son of Willem Lubbertse Van Westervelt and Dirckje Roeloffse was Jan Lubbertse Van Westervelt. He married Dirckie Huyberse Blauvelt, born at Tappan, but living at Hackensack, on May 28, 1709. Their son was Gerret Westervelt, born at Schralensburg, N. J. May 3, 1724. He married, at Schralensburg, Sept. 11, 1743, Maria Brouwer, dau. of Adolphus Brouwer-3 and Jannetje Verdon (Adolphus Brouwer-3, William-2 and Adam Brouwer-Berckhoven-1). They were the parents of 12 children (8 sons and 4 daughters); Jan Sept. 25, 1744, married Annetje Dye or Dey; Abraham July 13, 1746, married Maria Eshly or Ashly; Jacobus Dec. 6, 1747, died young; Lea Apr. 2, 1749; Dirckie Oct. 28, 1750; Petrus Aug. 16, 1752, married his sister-in-law, Elizabeth Brouwer; David May 19, 1754, married VROUTIE Cammagaar; Daniel Sept. 5, 1755, married Catrina Denise; Jacobus Apr. 8, 1759; Mary May 9, 1762; Gerret Aug. 26, 1764; married Elizabeth Davis;; Rachel Sept. 7, 1766.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Abraham Westervelt and Maria Ashley, his wife

Nov. --- 1778

Lea

2. Jacob Westervelt and Maria Demeree, his wife

-----1769
May 27, 1770

Debora
Catrina

3. Jan Westervelt and Antie Bay, his wife

Apr. 17, 1778

Antie

4. Jacobus Westervelt and Femmetie Cozine, his wife

Feb. 6, 1780

Maria

Jury

The emigrant ancestor of the Jury family came prior to 1680 from Holland, and settled on Long Island. Later descendants removed to N. J.

Oct. 11, 1772
June 5, 1773
July 27, 1777
Oct. 3, 1779

Christiens
Elisabeth
David
Margaret

Additional Conewago Records.

Kraay

Teunis Kraay emigrated in 1657 from Vanlo, Holland, to New Amsterdam, with his wife and four children, two of whom were under ten years of age. He later located at Albany, New York, and it is from him that numerous Kraay or Kray families in New York and New Jersey descend. Many of his descendants later settled at Tappan, New York and in and near Hackensack, Bergen County, New Jersey. Two of his descendants, Maria Kraay and Margaret Kraay, married Johannis Conradt and Michael De Graff, respectively.

Cornell

Guilliams (William) Corneille, of French Huguenot descent, but son of a merchant in Rotterdam, Holland, came to Long Island, in 1650 and settled at Flatbush and died there in 1666. The name of his wife is unknown. His sons were Peter, Jacob, Wilhelmus, Johannis, Simon and Abraham. Several of these sons later settled in Somerset and Bergen Counties, N. J. whose descendants married into various New Jersey families. Jannetie Cornell became the wife of Cornelius Van Arsdale, and went to Conewago, Pa.

Van Pelt

Teunis Jansen Laenen van Peelt (meaning from the Peel) arrived in the ship "Rose Tree" from Liege, Netherlands (now Belgium) in 1663 and his descendants took the name of Van Pelt. His brother, Matthias came with him and his descendants retained the name of Lane. Teunis had sons Aert, Anthony, Hendrick, Jan and Wouter. Aert Van Pelt settled at Millstone, Somerset County, in 1702 and Wouter Van Pelt purchased land there at the same time but did not come to Somerset County, N. J. Maria Van Pelt married Daniel Covert and removed to Conewago.

Van Rypen

Jurjaen Tomassen, a young man of the city of Ripen, North

Jutland, Denmark, sailed in 1663, in the "Bonte Koe" for New Netherlands and settled in Bergen County, New Jersey, where he became the founder of a numerous family of descendents, some of whom took the name of Jurianse changed later to Yereanse and Auryansen, and others the name of Van Ripen or Rypen, from the city of their founder's nativity. Jurian Tomassed died Sept. 12, 1696. May 12, 1667, he married Pryntie Hermans. His children were Thomas-1668, married June 3, 1691, Jannetie, dau. of Jan Straatmaker; Gerrett-1670, married June 27, 1693, Beelitie, dau. of Dierck Janse Osten and Elizabeth Cornelius of Hoboken; Aeltie-1672; Chrystina-1677, married Aug. 1, 1698, Pieter Gerbrantse; Martje-1690, married in 1704 Claas Gerbrantse; Harmen-1686; and Gertrude. One of his descendents, Leenah Van Rypen, married Abraham Hoff (Huff) and moved to Conewago.

Powelson (Powels)

Nicholas Powelson came to New Amsterdam from Ditmarsen, Holland, in 1657. He had a son Hendrick, whose son Jacob Hendrickse came to Somerset County, New Jersey. His son Johannis of Harlingen, born in 1719, married Harmptje Messler and settled in Somerset County, in 1767. He left a large number of descendents, some of whom spell their name Poulison, Poulson, Powlison and Pouwel. Antie Powell, one of his descendents married Jan Pessel (Purcell) and another _____ Powell married Abraham Hoff (Huff), both of whom moved to Conewago, Pa.

Ackerman

David Ackerman born in Holland in 1615 came from the Mayory of Bosch, Holland, to New Amsterdam, in August, 1662, in the ship "Fox", with his wife Lysbeth de Villiers and six children aged 20-18-16-12-8 and 6 years. He settled at New Amsterdam and later several of his children located in Bergen County, N. J., at Hackensack. He left numerous descendents scattered over New Jersey, Long Island, and Rockland County, N. Y., at Tappan. One of his descendents, Elizabeth Ackerman, married Gilbert Brinkerhoff and removed to Conewago, Pa.

Sutton

William Sutton, an English Quaker, came to Eastham, on Cape Cod, Mass. in 1666 and married July 1666, Danis Bishop. Later before 1682, he removed to New Jersey and died there in 1713. His sons were Thomas, John, Richard, Benjamin, Daniel and Joseph. John settled on the Passaic River. Daniel near Basking Ridge, Somerset County,. One of his descendents, Gertrude Sutton, married Adrian Hageman, and removed to Conewago, Pa.

Schenck

Martin Schenck born in 1584, in Doesburgh, Holland, married there Maria Margareta de Bockhurst, and was the father of Roeloff and Jan Schenck who came to New Amsterdam, in 1650. Roeloff Martense born about 1630, at Ammersfort, Holland, was the ancestor of the principal Schenck families of Monmouth and Somerset Counties, N. J.

Van Dorn

Pieter Van Dorn, of Gravesends, Holland, came to America prior to 1657 and settled at Gowanus, Long Island. He married (1) in Holland, Catherine Stelling, (2) 1657, Jannetje Rancken, widow, of Thomas Colyn. He died in 1668. The only son, Jacob, born in Holland, settled near Marlborough, Monmouth County, New Jersey, in 1697. The Van Dorn's and most of the Van Dorens's descend from Jacob, but some Van Dorn's from Cornelis Lambertszen Van Doorn, of Utrecht, Holland, who settled at Albany, N. Y. in 1642 and whose grandson, Cornelis, settled in Monmouth County, N. J. in 1709.

Van Horne

This family had at least three early representatives in the country, Cornelis, who came to New Amsterdam from Holland before June 1645; Christian Barentszen, who also came to the same place before 1653 but died in 1658; and Joris Jansen who came over in 1688.

Vredenburg

Willem Isaacszen Vredenburg came from The Hague, Holland, in the ship "Gilded Beaver" in May, 1658. He married in New Amsterdam, Oct. 19, 1664, Appolonia Barentse, dau. of Barent Jacobsen Cool. He was a soldier. He settled at Kingston, N. Y. where his children Abraham and Jannetje were baptised. Sons were Abraham, Isaac, Jehannis and Willem. The Somerset County, N. J. line descend from Isaac.

Vreeland

Michael Jansen Vreeland came from Holland in the ship "Renns.", Oct. 1-1636, from South Beveland, Province of Zeeland, Holland, and settled opposite Albany (then Fort Orange). He

later engaged in the fur trade and removed to New Amsterdam in 1647, and in 1648, to Communipaw, N. J. In 1655 the Indians massacred every family about Communipaw except his, when he returned to New Amsterdam.

Zabriskie

Albrecht Saborowsky (Soporiske) was born in Poland, in 1638, came from Engstburg, East Prussia, Germany, in August, 1663, settling in New Amsterdam. About 1676, he settled in New Jersey. He married Dec. 16-1676, Machtell Van der Linde, and died Sept. 1-1711. His sons were Jacob, Jan, Joost, Christian, Hendrick and Albert.

Barcalow

Willem Janse Van Barckelleo, emigrated from Borculoo, Holland, in Gelderland Province, in 1657. His sons were Jan, Willem, Dirck, Daniel and Genrad, who settled in Somerset County, N. J.

Blauvelt

Gerret Hendrickse (Blauvelt) came from Deventer, Holland, prior to 1646, married in New Amsterdam, May 7-1646, Marie Lambert, and settled at Tappan, Rockland County, N. Y. Died in 1684. His sons were Hendrick, Huybert, Johannis, Abram and Isaac.

Bloom

Claes Barentse Blom came from Holland in the ship "Fox", in Sept. 1662, married Apr. 26-1685, Elizabeth Poulis, widow of Michael Vander voert, and resided at Flatbush, L. I. His sons were Barent and Simon.

Conklin-Conkling

Ananias Conkline came from Nottingham, England, in 1638, settling at Salem, Mass., then on Long Island, where he died at East Hampton, in 1656. His sons were Jeremiah, Cornelius, Benjamin, Lewis, and Jacob. Cornelius Conklin settled in Somerset County, N. J. (This is Senator Roscoe Conkling's family.)

REFERENCE
DO NOT CIRCULATE

De Camp

Laurens Jans De Camp came from Holland to New Amsterdam, in 1664, and Hendrick, his son, settled at Woodbridge and another son, Laurence, settled in Franklin Twp. Somerset County, N. J.

De Groot

Pieter De Groot, a French Huguenot, came from Rochelle, France, in the 17th century, settling in New York City. His son, Jacob, came to Bound Brook, Somerset County, N. J., erecting a house there as early as 1700, and it was owned by him and his descendants, until 1843, and burned in 1853. The name is now extinct in Somerset County.

De Hart

Balthazar, Daniel, Matthias and Jacobus De Hart were early emigrants from Holland (about 1658) to New Amsterdam. The family was originally from France. Jacobus settled in Elizabethtown, N. J. in 1671, and Daniel, a physician, came there later. Balthazar became a wealthy New York merchant. Simon Aesen De Hart came over in 1664 and resided in Brooklyn. Various of his descendants were early in Monmouth and Somerset Counties, N. J.

De Mott

Michael De Mott or De La Motte, of French Huguenot descent, came to America about or before 1665, when he appears in the records of Esopus (now Kingston) N. Y. His wife was Annetie Westbrook, dau. of Anthony Janse Westbrook, of Albany. His sons were Anthony, Johannis, and Dirck. Dirck was baptised Sept. 21-1684 and died July 14-1753. He married Styhtie _____ and settled in the neighborhood of Neshantio, Somerset County, N. J. The Somerset County De Mott's descend from Dietek. Some of his descendants went to Conewago, Pa., and later to Mercer County, Ky.

Denise (Van Middleswart)

Teunis Nyssen (Nyce) came from near Utrecht, Holland, about 1638, and resided at New Amsterdam, Gowanus and Flatbush, L. I. The surname became De Nyse and then Denise. He married Phebe Felix, of England, widow of Hendrick "the Boor". His sons were

Denys, Jan, Cornelis, Joris and others. Joris took the name of Van Middleswart and so did Jan, and both settled near Somerville. Cornelis and Denys also settled in Somerset County, and their descendents retained the De Nyse (Nyce) or Denise family surname.

De Witt

This family can be traced back to 1295 in Holland, when John De Witt, the "Grand Pensionary" was one of the most distinguished men in the Netherlands. Tjerck Claessen De Witt, of Grootholdt, Zunderland, in Holland, came to America about 1648 with his brother Andries. Tjerck married in New Amsterdam, Barbara Andraesan, from Amsterdam, Holland. In 1657 he went to Albany, in 1660 to Kingston, N. Y. He died Feb. 17, 1700. His sons were Andries, Klaes, Jan, Jacob, Lucus, and Peek. Tjerck was the ancestor of the late Peter De Witt, of Somerville, Somerset County, N. J.

Ditmars

Jan Jansen came from Ditmarsen, Province of Holstein, about 1638 and resided at Dutch Kills, N. Y. His sons were Jan, Dowe and Rynier. The family name was added in this country as "Van Ditmarsen." The Somerset Ditmars descend from Dowe.

Doty

Edward Doty came over in the "Mayflower" in 1620 and settled at Plymouth, Mass. His wife was Faith Clark whom he married as his second wife, Jan. 6-1635. He died Aug. 23, 1655. His sons were Edward, John, Thomsd, Samuel, Isaac, and Joseph. The Somerset Co., N. J. Doty's descend from the above line. The name is said to have been pronounced "Dowty" and in this way, it may be the line has sometimes been mixed with the real Doughty line.

Doughty

Francis Doughty, came from Hempstead, Glouchstershire, England, was in Trenton, Mass. in 1639 and in 1641 removed to Long Island. His sons were Francis, Charles, Elias, Jacob. The Doughtys of N. J. are descended from Elias who had sons, Francis, Charles, Elias, Jacob, Benjamin and William, and not from the Edward Doty, of the Mayflower, as above shown.

REFERENCE DO NOT CIRCULATE

3. Jan Monfort and Femmetie Neefis, his wife

Nov. 4, 1775	Johannes
July 21, 1782	Jan

4. Peter Monfort and Elizabeth Van Nest, his wife

Feb. 29, 1775	Marya
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5. Lawrence Monfort and Elizabeth Cossart, his wife

Aug. 6, 1775	Jan
Jan. 10, 1779	Kniertje
Dec. 31, 1780	Magdalena
Jan. 19, 1783	Franz
Apr. 9, 1786	Pieter
Apr. 4, 1790	David

6. Peter Monfort (2) and Gertrude Van Arsdale, his wife

May 1, 1784	Peter
Oct. 14, 1787	Femmetie

7. Jan Monfort (2) and Sarah or Nelly (or both) Van Arsdale

Nov. 15, 1789	Isaac
Mch. 3, 1793	Peter

Kipp

Henry Hendricksen Kype came to New Amsterdam from Holland, with his wife, Tryntje, and five children, prior to 1643. He was a tailor, but became a prominent merchant and leading citizen of New Amsterdam. His sons were Isaac, Jacob and Hendrick.

Conewago Baptisms

1. John Kipp and Annatie De Graff, his wife

Sept. 11, 1774	Hendrick
Apr. 22, 1778	Johannes
Jun. 4, 1780	Catrina
Mch. 2, 1783	Annatie
Aug. 7, 1785	Abram
Nov. 8, 1789	Mattie

2. Barent Kipp and Nelly Van Zandt, dau. of Bernardus Van Zandt and Nellie Beekman.

Nov. 8, 1789	Bernardus
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3. Tobias Kipp and Hannag De Graff, his wife

Oct. 2, 1791

Isaac

Cole.

Barent Jacobsen Kool came from Holland to New Amsterdam prior to 1633. Teunis Coal came from Holland in 1663 and died the next year. His son, Cornelius, came with him when eight years old and married Jannetje Brink.

Conewago Baptisms

See Lucus Brinkerhoff and Maria Cole, his wife
Page 5, hereof.

Robeson

Andrew Robeson, a Quacker, came from Oxford, England, with Wm. Penn, in 1682, and settled near Philadelphia. He was Surveyor-General of West Jersey, in 1686. His son, Jonathan, built the Oxford Furnace in 1753. Jonathan's son, Morris, who married Anne Rockhill, represents the Somerset line.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Denys Van Duyne and Maria Robeson, his wife

Oct. 14, 1787

William

Kingsland

Major Nathaniel Kingsland of the British Army was stationed on the Island of Barbados, West Indies, about 1660, and with him were two nephews, Isaac and Gustavus Kingsland, sons of a deceased brother, of whom he was guardian. Capt. William Sanford, a resident of Barbados and Thomas Stegge also resident there, were sent by Major Kingsland to New Netherlands to investigate the conditions of the lands lately held by the Dutch West India Company under the authority of the Government of Holland, but which had come into the possession of the British Government by force of arms in 1664. His instructions to Capt. Sanford were to purchase a desirable tract adjacent to New York City, with a view of colonization, and as a future foothold for his nephews, near that city. Capt. William Sanford purchased from the Hackensack Indians a tract of land of about ten

thousand acres between the Hackensack and Passaic Rivers, extending northward about seven miles. This purchase was made July 4, 1668 in the interest of Major Nathaniel Kingsland and June 1, 1671, Capt. Sanford, having extinguished the Indian title, took title to the southern half of the tract and Major Kingsland, the northern half, the present site of Hackensack. Major Kingsland died in 1685, and in his will he left 1/3 of his tract to his nephew, Isaac Kingsland, and 1/3 to his other nephew, Gustavus, both of whom were then living in the Parish of Christ Church, on the Island of Barbados, West Indies. The two brothers took ship soon after the death of their uncle and landed in New York City, from which place they proceeded to their land in New Jersey which they named New Barbados Neck.

Isaac Kingsland, of New Barbados Neck, died in 1697, leaving a will in which he names his wife and children Edmond, John, Mary, Hester, Elizabeth, Frances and Isaac and states that he inherited his land from his uncle, Major Nathaniel Kingsland, of Barbados, W. I. named his wife and brother Gustavus Kingsland as executors. Witnesses Johannis Van Inburgh, Richard Berry and John Stage or Stage, or Stegge or Stag.

Both Isaac and Gustavus Kingsland left numerous descendants in various parts of New Jersey, many of whom lived at and near Hackensack, in Bergen County.

Conewago Kingsland Baptisms.

John Kingsland and Maria Smock, his wife.

Johannis Kingsland- Dec. 20, 1778,
Witness: Maria Smack (Smock)

Steg or Stegge, Stage, Stag.

Thomas Stage (Du Stage) or Stegge was born in Barbados Island, W. I. and came to New Jersey with Capt. William Sanford in 1668 and settled at New Barbados Neck where he lived until his death in 1694. He was the father of two sons Jan Stegge and William Stegge, both born at New Barbados Neck. His son Jan being baptised Mch. 27, 1674, married (1) in Hack. D. Ch. 1697, Marritie Bongarts, born on Long Island, (2) in same church, in 1698, Nettelje Verwey. William Stegge born about 1676 married in the Hack. D. Ch. in 1697, Magdalena Brouwer, born in Brooklyn, L. I. These two brothers left numerous descendants in various parts of New Jersey. Jan Steg lived on the edge of the Hackensack meadows, south of Hackensack, in Bergen County. He was a stone and brick mason by trade and his name "John Stage Anno. 1696" is carved on one of the stones imbedded in the eastern wall of the Reformed Dutch Church at Hackensack, of which he was the builder. He died Dec. 25, 1738.

Conewago Baptisms

1. James Stagg, the younger, and his wife Lea Brouwer.
(Note: This Lea Brouwer was of the Hendreck Willemse Brouwer line of Albany and Schenectady, N. Y. She was a dau. of Daniel Brouwer and Maria Koning (King). See Hendreck Willemse Brouwer family, attached at the end of this article).

July 26, 1778	Johannis
Dec. 3, 1780	Maria
Apr. 14, 1783	Sara
Oct. 14, 1787	John

2. Daniel Stagg and Maria Couwenhoven, his wife.

Mch. 3, 1793	Leah (See note below)
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(Daniel Stagg was a son of James Stagg, the elder, and his wife Lea Brouwer, of the Adam Brouwer line of New York City and Brooklyn. She was a dau. of Adolphus Brouwer-3, William-2, Adam-1. Daniel Stagg was a brother of Lea Stagg, wife of Samuel Dunn. Daniel Stagg was born at Schraal. N. J. July 9, 1769 and married Maria Couwenhoven, at Conewago, Mch. 13, 1792. There were two Lea Brouwer's, no relation to each other, who married into the Stagg family. The one who married James Stagg, the younger, moved to Conewago, Pa., and the one who married James Stagg, the elder, remained at Schraals. and Hackensack, Bergen County, N. J. James Stagg, the younger, was probably a nephew of James Stagg, the elder.

Nevius Family

Johannis Nevius was born at Zoden, Holland, in 1627, bapt. Mar. 14, was a son of Domine Joames Neeffius and Maria Beex, came to New Amsterdam in 1650-51, married Nov. 1653, Adriantje Bleijk, of Batavia, Dutch East Indies. He died in May, 1672. He was the third official Secretary of New Amsterdam, 1657-65. Sons were Cornelis and Pieter. The Neefus, Nefie, Neafie families of New Jersey, descend from Cornelis. The Nevis, Nevius families all descend from Pieter. Cornelis' descendants spelled Neefus. Pieter's descendants spelled Nevius.

Conewago Baptisms, probably of Cornelis.

1. Martin Nefius and Ida Hogelant, his wife.

Mar. 17, 1782	Jannetie
Nov. 17, 1784	Johannis

Mar. 22, 1790

Femmetie

Conradt

The first band of German emigrants to America set sail for Pa., in the ship "Concord" July 24, 1683. There were thirteen men with their families, comprising 33 persons, nearly all of whom were relatives, and all from the Town of Crefeld, on the Lower Rhine, in Germany, a few miles from the border of Holland. Among the number on board the ship was Thones Kunders, a man at that time about 25 or 30 years old, and his wife Elin and three children, who was a sister of Willem Streypers who also was one of the immigrants. All those on board the "Concord" on this voyage were Mennonites and Friends in religious faith, both of which sects considered all strife and warfare as unchristian, abstained from taking oaths, opposed a paid ministry and favored strict discipline over their members. Thones Kunders was a blue dyer by trade which he carried on after arrival here in America, on the Delaware River, at the present site of Germantown near Phila. for which site for a settlement he had purchased in a tract of 500 acres before sailing, from William Penn and it was here that the settlement was formed. In 1683, very soon after their arrival, the first Meeting of Friends was held in his house and continued to be held there until the erection of the first Meeting House in 1686. In the course of time Thones Kunders came to be known as Dennis Conrad or Conradt. He had seven children, Conradt, Matthys, Jan, Ann, Agnes, Hendrick and Elizabeth, the first three of whom were born in Crefeld and the others at Germantown, Pa. settlement. His descendents scattered to many places in Pa. New Jersey and Delaware.

Conewago Baptisms

1. John Conradt and Maria Craig (or Kraay), his wife

May 31, 1772

Nov. 27, 1772

Sept. 18, 1774

Aug. 3, 1777

Sept. 10, 1780

Derrick

Maria Kraay, wife of
Johannis Koinrad

Cornelis

Marta

Magdalena

Van Arsdale

Isaac Van Arsdale, a Huguenot, came to America from Holland in 1645. He traces his ancestry to the Des Artsdallen or De Arts Family of Castle De Artois, in the year 1200, in France. His wife was _____ Janse (Johnson). Simon Van Arsdale, his

son, came over in 1653 and died about 1710, at Flatlands, Long Island. He had sons, Cornelius and Jan. Cornelius had six sons, all of whom settled in Somerset County, New Jersey, and it is from them that most of the Conewago, Van Arsdale families originated.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Abraham Van Arsdale and Antie Perlee, his wife.

Oct. 23, 1769	Simon
May 31, 1772	Cornelius
Mar. 13, 1774	Antie
May 12, 1776	Simon (2)
Jan. 3, 1779	Derrick
May 6, 1781	Mabille
July 11, 1784	Maria

2. Cornelius Van Arsdale and Jannetie Cornel, his wife

Sept. 9, 1771	Maria
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3. Garret Van Arsdale and Annetie Van Harlingen, his wife

Apr. 22, 1778	Gerret
Dec. 10, 1780	Nellie
Dec. 1, 1782	Lucretia
July 17, 1785	Joseph
Oct. 14, 1787	Arnold
Apr. 1, 1792	Gertrude

4. Isaac Van Arsdale and Esther Hogtelling, his wife

Apr. 6, 1783	Lucretia
Sept. 4, 1785	Maria
Dec. —, 1791	Isaac

5. John Van Arsdale and Neeltie Peterson, his wife

May 27, 1770	Isaac
July 5, 1778	Simon
Jan. 14, 1781	Neeltie
June 2, 1784	Neeltie (2)
Nov. 15, 1789	Cornelius

6. Luke Van Arsdale and Jannetie Cozine, his wife

Apr. 16, 1775	Lammetie
Feb. 8, 1778	Antie
Feb. 27, 1780	Jannetje

7. Simon Van Arsdale and Antie Cozine, his wife

Sept. 9, 1771	Antie
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May 8, 1773	Lammetie
Feb. 8, 1778	Cornelius
June 11, 1780	Ida
May 4, 1782	Simon
July 24, 1785	Jannetie

8. Johannis Van Arsdale and Magdalena Allen, his wife

Oct. 3, 1779	Jannetie
May 12, 1782	Johannis
Nov. 15, 1789	Nathan Allen

9. Jan Van Arsdale and Catrina Vanderbilt, his wife

Mar. 25, 1787	Isaac
Dec. 6, 1789	Jacobus

Sebring

Jan Roelofse Sueberinch, born in the village of Byle, Province of Drenthe, Holland, in 1631, came to New Amsterdam with his wife and son, Jan, in April, 1660, and settled first at Brooklyn, and then at New Ammersfoort, L. I. where he was living in 1679, but removed again to Brooklyn some time prior to 1687 where he was living when he took the oath of allegiance to Great Britain in that year. His eldest son, Jan, born in Holland, married in 1678, Gertrude Kolfs, of Flatbush, L. I., where he lived. His son Jan Roelofs being baptised there, in the Flatbush Dutch Church, Aug. 17, 1679, and his son, Daniel, on July 2, 1682, by his second wife, Adriana Polhemus. The second son of Jan Roelofse Sueberinch, Cornelius, was born in Brooklyn, in 1661, shortly after his arrival in this country. Cornelius Sebring married in the Flatbush Church, Sept. 3, 1682, Aaltje Fredricks lubertse Van der Kreest, dau. of Johannis Fredericks, of Brooklyn. They lived at Flatbush until 1702 when they removed to New York City. The children of Cornelius Sebring and Aaltie Fredericks baptised in the Flatbush Church were Adriana- July 22, 1683, Frederick-1686, at the Brooklyn Church Isaac-May, 14-1693, Cornelia Oct. 20-1695, Jacob Nov. 5, 1697, and Elizabeth Nov. 12, 1699, at the Dutch Church, New York City, Marta July 19, 1702.

Frederick Sebring, the eldest son of Cornelius Sebring and Aaltie Fredericks, married in the Dutch Church, N. Y. C., Dec. 7, 1711, Maria Provoost, and became one of the largest merchants of New York. Their children were Catherine-Oct. 4, 1713, Aaltie-Oct. 5, 1715, Maria-Dec. 29-1717, Cornelia-Apr. 17-1720, Cornelius-Mch. 5, 1722, Margaret-Oct. 23, 1724, Elizabeth-Mch. 29, 1729, Frederick- Feb. 14, 1730 and Elizabeth, Mch. 18-1733. The other sons of Cornelius Sebring and Aaltie Fredericks married and settled on Long Island, Staten

Island, and in New Jersey, at Bergen and Hackensack. Later their descendents located in Somerset County and from there many of them migrated to Conewago, Pa. Mercer County, Ky. and to the Genesee Country of Western New York State.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Samuel Sebring and Maria Van Arsdale, his wife

Sept. 9, 1771	Samuel
Apr. 14, 1773	Sara

Titsworth

Willem Abrahamse Tietsoort came to New Amsterdam prior to 1681, when he was in Schenectady but afterwards removed to Dutchess County New Yor. He made his will in Dutchess County, Dec. 11, 1715 and proved May 26, 1726, in which he names his wife, Neeltie, dau. of Teunis Swart, and ten children, four sons and six daughters, all of whom located in New York State and northern New Jersey, from which latter place many of his descendents migrated to Cohewago, Pa. and from thence to Mercer County, Kentucky, and other localities in the West.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Isaac Titsworth and Antie Purcell, his wife

Jan. 29, 1786	Jan
Oct. 14, 1787	Rachel
Nov. 15, 1789	Antie
Jan. 12, 1792	Styntie

2. Mark Titsworth and Neeltie Van Vorst, his wife

Apr. 9, 1786	Jacob
Nov. 8, 1789	Catherine
May 19, 1793	Seyntie. (She was the last child baptised at Conewago Dutch Ch. before it was disbanded).

Willem Gerretse Van Voorst, came from Arnheim, Holland, to New Amsterdam, in 1663, and settled at Albany, about 1665. He had a son Jellis (Giles) Van Vorst born at Albany in 1670 who married in 1699, Elizabeth, dau. of Jan Baptist Van Eps (Banta) and widow of Teunis Viele (Vail). He removed to Schenectady in 1700 where he became the father of a numerous family of children, some of whom settled in Rockland County, New York, near Tappan, and others in Bergen County, New Jersey, at Hackensack.

Rune (Rooney)

Symon Drune, a French Huguenot refugee, from Torquet, France, to Holland, came to New Amsterdam, from Henegouw, Holland, in 1661, and settled at New Utrecht, Long Island, where he left numerous descendents some of whom removed to Somerset County, New Jersey, and later to Conewago, Pa. and Mercer County, Ky.

1. Benedict Rune and Maria Hart, his wife

May 27, 1770	Willem
Oct. 11, 1772	Christiana
June 5, 1774	Elizabeth
July 27, 1777	David
Oct. 3, 1779	Margaret

John Hart, an Englishman, came to Mass. in 1631, and settled later at Newton, Long Island, where he died in 1671. His sons were John, William and Samuel. John settled in Somerset County, and his son, "Capt. Edward Hart" was the grandfather of Hon. John Hart, of Hopewell, N. J., signer of the Declaration of Independence, whose six sons all left New Jersey, after his death, but some of them remained for a long time in Somerset and adjoining counties.

The descent of the Rev. John Hart of Neshantic, N. J. is from another John Hart, who was born at Witney, Oxfordshire, England, Nov. 16, 1651 (son of Christopher and Mary Hart) and who came to America with William Penn in 1682, landing at New Castle, Del. He settled near Phila.

Maria Hart, wife of Benedict Rune, descended from John Hart, to Mass. in 1631, and later to Long Island and thence to Somerset County, N. J.

Slot

Jan Janszen Sloth came from Amsterdam, Holland, shortly before April 28, 1672, on which date he was married to Judith Elswaerts, a young maiden born in New Amsterdam, and their children, were as follows: all baptised in the Dutch Ch. in New York City, Johannis, Sept. 18, 1674, Stoffel July 31, 1677 (died young), Abeltie (Theodosia) Aug. 27, 1679, Annatie Dec. 13, 1681, Stoffel (2) July 13, 1684, and Judith Feb. 20, 1687.

His eldest son, Johannis Slot, married in 1698, in the Dutch Ch. New York, Jannetje Anderiesse, of New York, and they were the parents of two children baptised in Dutch Ch. N. Y., Maria Dec. 1, 1700 and Johannis Sept. 23, 1702, who married and settled in Hackensack, N. J.

His daughter, Abeltie (Theodosia) Slot, married July 27,

1700, in the Hackensack Dutch Church, Adam Janse (Van Norden) and settled in Hackensack, Bergen County, New Jersey.

His daughter, Annatie Slot, married first David Demarest and (2), Jonathan Hart, of Southould, Long Island, and settled at Hackensack.

His youngest daughter, Judith Slot, married in the Dutch Church, New York City, Sept. 16, 1706, Jan Pieterse Van Voorn, from Ghent, France, (now Belgium) and settled first in New York City and later in Hackensack. It is from Johannis Slot that the New Jersey families of Slot descend.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Benjamin Slot and Sarah Demeree, his wife

May 27, 1770
May 31, 1772

Petrus
Johannis

Purcell

The name Parcell has passed through many changes. Its original spelling was Pearsall, and the founder of the family, Henry Pearsall, was one of the early emigrants to Hempstead, Long Island, where he died in 1667, leaving five children, Nathaniel, Thomas, Daniel, William and Nicholas.

William Parcell as he spelled his name in his will, son of Henry Pearsall, of Hempstead, died in Newtown, L. I. in 1728, leaving seven children, Nicholas, his eldest son, Walter, Thomas, Abraham, Jacob, Abigail and Catherine. To Nicholas, he left his plantation at Newtown and to his sons, Walter and Abraham, his plantation located in Bergen County, New Jersey, where they both moved and left numerous descendents who affiliated themselves with the Dutch settlers there and as a result their name became changed in its spelling to Parcel, Percel, Passel, and Purcell.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Brigon Purcell and Maria Amermann, his wife

Aug. 14, 1774
May 18, 1777

Marya
Sara

2. Derrick Purcell and Cornelia Hoff (Huff), his wife

May 27, 1770
May 31, 1772
March 13, 1774
May 12, 1776

Isaac
Jan
Annatie
Abram

March 15, 1778
Feb. 18, 1780
May 1, 1784

Rebecca
Boyen
Lydia

3. Isaac Purcell and Maria Smock, his wife

Oct. 17, 1773
Dec. 11, 1774
Apr. 6, 1776
Apr. 25, 1779
Mar. 2, 1783
Mar. 25, 1787
Aug. 6, 1790
Nov. __, 1791

Isaac
Hillettie
Maria
Derrick (Richard)
Jan
Annatie
John
Elizabeth

4. John Purcell and Antie Powell, his wife

May 27, 1770
May 31, 1772

Isaac
Jan

5. Peter Purcell and Margaret Voorhees, his wife

Mar. 21, 1773
May 10, 1778
May 6, 1780
May 6, 1780
Aug. 10, 1783

Dirck
Jemime
Rachel
Jan, twin brother
Abraham

6. Roeloff Purcell and Mary Petersen, his wife

Mch. 26, 1775

Marya

Petersen or Peterson

Jan Pieterszen and Grietie Jans, his wife, came from Holland prior to 1657 and settled at Brooklyn, Long Island, in 1660, where they became charter members for the First Dutch Church, at Brooklyn, along with several others who were members of the Dutch Church at New Amsterdam, but living on Long Island. They were the parents of a large family of children, some of whom settled in Somerset County, New Jersey.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Gerbrant Peterson and Sara Houten, his wife

Aug. 21, 1774
Mar. 10, 1782
Apr. 4, 1784

Jannetie
Gerrett
Willem

2. Peter Peterson and Catrina Myer, his wife

Apr. 16, 1775

Catrina

Van Nuys Family

Auke Jansen, carpenter, came from Nuis, in Groningen,

Holland, arrived from Amsterdam in 1651 and settled first in New Amsterdam and finally at Flatbush, L. I. where he was a builder of Reformed Dutch Church at that place. He afterwards became a Schepen. He married (1) Magdalena Pieterse; (2) Elizabeth Janse, widow, of (first) Christopher Schaets and (second) Jan Claessen; (3) Geertje Gysbrechts, widow, of Jan Jacobse. He died in 1698. Sons Jan, Pieter, and Jacobus. Jacobus settled near New Brunswick about 1699, and his son, Isaac, at Millstone about 1737. Jan also had children who settled in Somerset County, New Jersey.

Conewago Baptisms

1. **Cornelius Van Nuys and Maria Ammerman, his wife**

Dec. 6, 1789

Vrouwtie

Stryker

Jan Stryker, from Ruinen, Holland, born 1614, came to New Amsterdam in 1652, with his wife and four children; was one of the founders of Flatbush, in 1654, and was chief magistrate there; died about 1697; He married (1) in Holland, Lambertje Seubering (Sebring); (2) Swantje Jans, widow of Cornelis de Potter; (3) Teuntje Tunis, widow of Jacob Hellakers. Sons were Gerret, Hendrick and Pieter. Gerret settled in Somerset County, New Jersey as did children of Pieter, the latter being the ancestor of the late Adjutant-General, William S. Stryker. Jacobus Gerretse Stryker, brother to Jan, arrived in New Amsterdam in 1651, and in 1660 went to Flatlands, Long Island. He married in 1660 Ida Huybrecht, and died in 1687. Had son Gerret. There were Somerset Strykers also descended from Jacobus, through his son Gerret.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Hendrick Stryker and Catrina Ammerman, his wife

July 20, 1783
Aug. 28, 1790

Petrus
Anne

Snedeker of De Snedeker

Jan Snedich with his wife and two children, Carste or Christian and Grietie, and his brother Claes Snedich, emigrated from Holland to New Amsterdam in 1657. They located at Flatbush on Long Island, and he and his brother, Claes were the founders of large families, some of whom took the name of De Snedeker and later in Somerset County, New Jersey, Snedeker.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Christian Snedeker and _____ Van Arsdale, his wife

May 27, 1770

Jan

Griggs

Thomas Griggs, Quaker, came from England to Mass. prior to 1639 settling at Roxbury. His son, John Griggs, had sons Benjamin, Daniel, Samuel and James, all of whom settled near Griggstown, Somerset County, New Jersey, in 1733 or earlier.

Conewago Baptisms

1. William Griggs and Jannetie Wycoff, his wife

Mar. 12, 1793

Jacobus (James)

Claes (Nicholas) Wycoff, born in 1597, came with his son, Pieter, in 1637, and settled first in New Amsterdam and later at Flatlands, L. I. He died in 1674. Pieter, his only son to come to America, was born about 1625, in Holland, and settled finally at New Amersfoort, L. I. where he died in 1700. He married in 1649, Greta, a dau. of Cornelius Van Ness. His sons were Nicholas, Cornelius, Hendrick, John, Garret, Pieter, and Martin. His eldest dau. was Marretje Pieters Wycoff, the wife of Matthys Brouwer, son of Adam Brouwer, whom she married Jan. 26, 1673, in D. Ch. New York.

Oblines

Joost Van Oblines, Sr. and his wife, Marten Westin, together with his married son, Joost Van Oblines, Jr., wife Mayken Samuels (or Simons) and infant son, Pieter born in Mannheim, Palatinate, Germany, were French Huguenot refugees to Mannheim who came to New Amsterdam prior to Oct. 12, 1664, when they all four became members of the Dutch Church at New Amsterdam. Joost Van Oblines, Jr. and Mayken Samuels after their arrival in this country had the following children baptised in the Dutch Church, New York City; Hendrick- Feb. 18, 1672, Maria- July 14, 1675, Josina- Aug. 21, 1678, and Josyntie- Feb. 19, 1685. Pieter Oblines, eldest son of Joost Jr., born in Mannheim, in 1662, married Dec. 21, 1685, Cornelia Waldron, both then living at New Haerlam. Hendrick Oblines, his second son and first child born in New York, married Dec. 29, 1694, Jannetje Tibouts. Maria Oblines, dau. of Joost Jr. married Apr. 5, 1692, in the Dutch Ch., New York City, Thomas Tourneur, son of Daniel Tourneur and Jacqueline Parisi, and settled at New Castle, on the Delaware River.

Pieter and Hendrick Oblines had numerous descendents who later settled in Bergen and Somerset Counties, New Jersey.

Gonewago Baptisms

1. Jan Oblines and Maria Slegel, his wife

Oct. 23, 1769	Sarah
June 20, 1773	Elizabeth
Nov. 2, 1777	Jan
Oct. 31, 1779	Barbara

Maste

Jan Mastigh emigrated from Holland as a young man to New Amsterdam, sometime prior to Nov. 11, 1684, and settled at Brooklyn, Long Island, where he was married on this date to

Geertie France, from Amsterdam, Holland. Later they removed to New Jersey and it is from them that the New Jersey family of Maste descend.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Peter Maste and Margaret Freer, his wife

May 31, 1772
Mar. 26, 1775

Ezekial
Petrus

Middagh

Aert Anthonisse Middagh came from Heykoop, Holland, in May 1661, settling at Brooklyn, married in 1670, Breckje Bergen, dau. of Hans Hansen Bergen (the first Bergen immigrant). Sons Theunis, Jan, Garret, Derck and Joris. Dirck married Catalina Van Neste, dau. of Pieter Van Nest, of Somerville, and settled at Somerville, New Jersey.

Pieter Pietersen Van Nest came from Amsterdam to L. I., in 1647, settling at Brooklyn. His wife was Judith, dau. of Joris Jansen Rapalje and Catalina Trico. Sons were Pieter, Jeronemus and Joris. Pieter, Jr., and Jeronimus both settled near Somerville, N. J. about 1683, and then a little later, Pieter son of Joris, settled near Readington, N. J.

Joris Jansen de Rapalie, Huguenot, from Rochelle, France (whose ancestors are traceable to the 11th Century) came to America in the ship "New Netherlands" in May, 1624, with Jesse De Forrest's band of first immigrants to Manhattan, settling first at Albany (Fort Orange) but finally at Brooklyn, where he became prominent. His wife was Catalyntie Trico, dau. of Joris Trico, born in Paris, France, about 1605 and died in 1689. She also was an immigrant on the ship "New Netherlands". Their sons were Jan, Jacob, Jeronimus, and Daniel. The family became very large on Long Island and in New Jersey.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Ephraim Middagh and _____ Hatray, his wife

May 1, 1791

Dirck

Vanderveer

Cornelis Janse Vande Veer came from Alkmaar, Holland, in Feb. 1659, and settled at Flatbush, L. I. He married Trintje de Mandeville. His sons were Cornelis, Jan, Dominious, Jacob and Michael.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Hendrick Vanderveer and Magdalena _____, his wife

Nov. 8, 1789

Seyntie

Lott

Pieter Lot of Holland came to America in 1652 and settled at Flatbush, L. I. where he was a magistrate. His wife was Gertrude _____. Sons were Engēlbert who married Cornelia De La Noy (Delano), in 1678; Pieter, Abraham, Hendrick, and Johannis. His descendents became both Lot and Lott. Hendrick Lott went to Somerset County, New Jersey, in 1701.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Cornelius Lott and Magdalena Brokaw, his wife

Dec. 6, 1789

Cornelius

June __, 1792

George

Schomp:

Originally Schamp, of Huguenot origin, the family, in 1573 escaped from France to the Netherlands, from which country, Pieter Schamp, a soldier, came to New Amsterdam, in 1672. His son, George Schamp, about 1712, settled between South Branch and Neshantic, in Somerset County, N. J. and in 1729 removed to Pleasant Run, Hunterdon County, between White House and Flemington. From him descended the Schomp families. Part of the original house built at Pleasant Run by George Schomp's son, Hendrick, and used as a tavern, still stands.

Conewago Baptisms

1. George Schomp and Maria Smock, his wife

Sept. 5, 1779

Jodoces

Apr. 13, 1781

Antie

Aug. 10, 1783

Johannis

2. Hendrick Schomp and Ida Hoogelant, widow, of Martin Nefius, married at Conewago Nov. 24, 1791, his wife.

Dec. 30, 1792

George

Christoffel Hooglant was born in Holland, in 1634, and

came when a young man to New Amsterdam, from Haarlem, and died in 1684. He married in 1661, Catrina Creigier, dau. of Capt. Marten Kreigier. His sons were Dirck, Martin, Christopher, Francis, Jacob and Harman. Many of Somerset Hoagland's descend from his son Christopher.

Dirck Jansen Hoogland born in Maersveen, Holland, about 1637, came to America in 1657 and settled soon thereafter at Flatbush, L. I. He married in 1662, Annetje Hansen Bergen who died in 1745 or earlier. His sons were Jan, Willem, Cornelius, and Hendrick. Various Somerset Hoaglands descend from Dirck Jansen Hoogland.

There was a Cornelis Dirckszen Hoochlandt born in Amsterdam, Holland, in 1599, who was in New Amsterdam in 1638. He married Aeltie Ariaens, dau. of Jacob Dircksen Vogel and died about 1668, in Brooklyn, leaving a son Dirck Corneliszen. He also had Somerset descendents.

Van Zandt

Bernardus Van Zandt born in Holland, Oct. 3, 1700, settled in Somerset County, N. J. and died there in 1788. His second son was Nicholas from whom descend many of the Van Zandt's in this region.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Peter Van Zandt and Elizabeth Covert, his wife

Sept. 11, 1785

Maria

2. Magdalena Van Zandt, unmarried dau. of Bernardus

Mar. 12, 1786

Johannis

Wit: Bernardus Van Zandt and Neeltie Beekman,
his wife, the maternal grand-parents of the child.

Van Cleef

Jan Van Cleef, farmer, came from Cleef, Holland, in 1653 and settled at New Utrecht, Long Island. His wife was Engeltje Louwerens. Sons were Benjamin, Joseph, and Cornelis. Both Benjamin and Cornelis had descendents to settle in Somerset County, New Jersey.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Isaac Van Cleef and Femmetie Quick, his wife

Apr. 16, 1780

Teunis (Anthony)

Van Dyke

Thomas Janse Van Dyke came to America in 1652, with his wife Sytie Dircks and a large family, and settled in Brooklyn. One of his sons, Jan, and his wife, Tryntje Achias Haegin, settled at New Utrecht, L. I. where he became a magistrate. He died in 1673. The sons of Jan Van Dyke were Thomas, Carl, Achias, Jan and Hendrick, all born in Holland except Hendrick. The Somerset families descend from the last named Jan and Hendrick.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Johannis Van Dyke and Annatie Couwenhoven, his wife

Mar. 15, 1778	Antie
Oct. 22, 1780	Gerret
Mar. 2, 1783	Petrus
Oct. 25, 1784	Gertrude

2. Peter Van Dyke and Maria Williamson, his wife

Mar. 1, 1790	George
May __, 1792	Hezekiah

3. Henry J. Van Dyke and Polly Biggar, his wife, married at Conewago, Nov. 14, 1789.

May 22, 1790	Peggy
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Williamson

Willem Williamsen emigrated in 1657 from Holland and settled at Gravesend, Long Island, New York. He married Mayke Pieterse Wycoff, dau. of Pieter Wycoff and Greta Van Ness. She was a sister of Marretje Pieterse Wycoff who married Matthys Brouwer, son of Adam Brouwer and Magdalena Verdon, Jan. 26, 1673. Willem Williamsen died in 1722. His sons were Nicholas, Peter, Willem, Jr., Jacobus, and Cornelis. All the Somerset County, New Jersey Williamsons belong to this family.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Theodore Williamson and Rachel Banta, his wife

Jan. 14, 1776	Marya
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2. David Willemse (Williamson) and Maria Van Dyke, his wife

May 30, 1790	Johannis (John)
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(In 1812, this John Williamson would be 22 years old, and must be the one who was the Lieut. of the 4th Company, of the First Kentucky Rifle Reg.)

Honts or Houts

Johannis and Willem Hondt (Honts) and now Houts, came to New Amsterdam from Holland, prior to 1651. Willem Hondt married Sara Schepmoe, of New Amsterdam. His brother, Johannis Hondt, married in Holland, Sophia Jong, by whom he had a daughter, Beltje Hondt, born in Holland, and a son, Jan Hondt, likewise born in Holland, both of whom he brought with his wife, to New Amsterdam. There is no record of any further children of Johannis Hondt and Sophia Jong.

His brother, Willem Hondts and Sara Schepmoe, had a son bapt. in the Dutch Ch. New Amsterdam, Apr. 14, 1658 as follows: "Thomas Hondts, bapt. Apr. 14, 1658, son of Willem Hondt and Sara Schepmoe, wit; Jacob Hay, Hendrick Tamboer. Anna Schepmoe," There is no record of any other children bapt. of Willem and Sara Hondts.

Jan Hondt, son of Johannis Hondt and Sophia Jong, married Elsje Jans. They were the parents of twin daughters bapt. in New Am. Nov. 29, 1674.

Jan Hondt, son of Johannis and Thomas Hondt, son of Willem, both removed later to New Jersey, and it is from them that the New Jersey families of Hont's, later Houts in Kentucky, descend.

Gonewago Baptisms

1. Johannis Honts and Ida Van Arsdale, his wife

Nov. 8, 1778
Feb. 25, 1781

Johannis
Lammetie

2. Christopher Honts and Maria Jansen, his wife

Feb. 21, 1779
Apr. 13, 1781
Aug. 11, 1783
Jan. 15, 1786

Johannis
Thomas
Sophia
Annatie

3. Jores (George) Lashells and Margaret Honts, his wife

July 14, 1782
Nov. 12, 1786
Nov. 7, 1789
Nov. 1, 1792

Rulif
Johannis
Antie
Jacob

4. Jeremiah Breen and Sara Honts, his wife

June 27, 1784
Nov. 12, 1786

William
Jores (George)

(Note: The Christopher Honts above must have been the Christopher G. Honts who was later the Quarter-master, of Mitchusson's Nelson County Regiment of Kentucky Militia, in the New Orleans Campaign, in 1815, under Gen. Andrew Jackson, at which time he would be about 58 or possibly 60 years of age. A quarter-master was usually an older man with past experience in business matters, especially in buying army supplies.

Smock

Hendrick Matthyse Smak came from Holland in 1654 and settled at New Htrecht, Long Island, where he became a magistrate. His wife was Geertje Harmens. He died about 1708. Sons were Matthys, Johannis, and Leendert. Johannis settled in Monmouth County, New Jersey, in 1712, and Leendert and Matthys, in Middlesex County, N. J. The name was originally "Smack" pronounced Smock.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Barent Smock and Antie Cozine, his wife

May 27, 1770	Marie
Oct. 11, 1772	Cornelius
Feb. 28, 1775	Hendrick
May 18, 1777	Peter
July 11, 1779	Antie
June 10, 1781	Neeltie. She married
Jan Brouwer, son of Abraham Brouwer and Sara Van	
Warden, in Mercer County, Ky., Nov. 18, 1800.	
Jan Brouwer, bapt. at Conewago, May 6, 1781.	

2. John Smock and Lena Van Duyn, his wife

May 27, 1770	Jacob
Moh. 3, 1776	Hendrick
Feb. 14, 1779	Abraham
Sept. 28, 1783	Jacobus
June 4, 1786	Isaac

3. Jacob Smock and Tryntje Demeree, his wife

May 15, 1774	Lea
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The wife of Hendrick Matthys Smack, Guertje Harmens Coerten.

Guert Corten came from Voorthuysen, in Gelderland, Holland, and settled first at New Amsterdam and then at Bergen, N. J. He

is first mentioned on Dec. 18, 1646, when he rented with Wouter Aertsen, the bouwery or farm of Wouter Van Twiller, on Manhattan Island. He married Oct. 13, 1647, Guertje Jacobs. He joined the Bergen D. Ch. in 1672 and died Aug. 17, 1701. His wife died first and he left no living children. He made his brother Harmen Corten, his universal heir.

Harmen Corten, his brother, also from Voorthuysen, Gelderland, was born about 1610, as he was 54 years old in 1664, when he was made a declaration regarding Capt. John Scott's raid on New Utrecht, L. I. He sailed on Feb. 12, 1659, for this country, in the ship De Trouw, with his wife Aertje Gerrits, and five children, aged 5-6-8-9 and 17 years, and settled in New Utrecht. Later he removed to Bergen, N. J. and took the oath of allegiance there to the English in 1665 and where his wife died Dec. 3, 1684. He died Nov. 26, 1689. His children were:

1. Gysbertje Coerten-2, the 17 year old child of 1659, born about 1642: married Jan. 30, 1660, Arent Leonartszen of Amsterdam, Holland, and died before 1679, when her husband married again. Then his name is given as Arent Leendertszen de Grauw.
2. Reyekje Coerten-2, married May 25, 1667, Jurriaen Thomaszen van Ripen, who had emigrated in 1663 on the ship De Bonte Koe (The Spotted Cow). She joined the Bergen Dutch Ch. Nov. 3, 1667 and he followed on Mch. 24, 1673. He died Sept. 12, 1695.
3. Neeltje Coerten-2, married July 23, 1670, Johannis Magielse. Had Michael-3, bapt. Nov. 23, 1684.
4. *Guertje Coerten-2, married Hendrick Matthyse Smack (See children below)
5. Jan Coerten-2, only son, "from Gerder in Gelderland", married June 23, 1684, Neeltje Jans Buys (Boice), and died before 1697 when his widow married again.

* Guertje Harmens Coerten-2

Guertje Harmens Coerten-2 and Hendrick Matthys Smack (Smock) had 8 children, 3 sons and 5 daughters.

1. Matthyse Smock-3, married Sept. 12, 1691, in New York Elizabeth Stevens of New York City, widow, and removed to Piscataway, N. J. His will was proved May 30, 1727. Names his wife Elizabeth, Sons Hendrick, John, Lucus, Matthys, Jacobus. Dauts. Elizabeth, Guertje and Mary.
2. *Johannis Smock-3, married Femmetje or Catherine Barents, and died Dec. 14, 1756. Parents of Barent Smock of Conewago, Pa.
3. Leendert Smock-3, Married Sara Van Zandt. Settled in

Piscataway, N. J. Will proved Apr. 12, 1739.

4. Maria Smock-3, married Oct. 4, 1685, Jacques Cortel-you, J--.
5. Sarah Smock-3, married Oct. 4, 1687, Adriaen Boreum.
6. Martyntie Smock-3, married Adriaen Van Pelt
7. Aertje Smock-3, died young.
8. Rebecca Smock-3, bapt. Feb. 27, 1681, married Johannis Swart.

Luyster (Lister)

Pieter Cornelis Luyster and Thys Pieterse Luyster came over from Holland in 1656, and settled on Long Island, where they were living at Flatbush in 1681. Pieter Cornelis Luyster married Annetje Snedeker (or De Snedeker), and was the father of a large family of children, who first settled on Long Island, and later in many parts of New Jersey. Their descendents married into the Monfort, Couwenhoven, Gulick (or Hulick), Stryker, Rapelje, Berkelo, Nostrant and Brinkerhoff families.

Peter Luyster, the elder, one of their descendents, married Antie Gulick, dau. of Peter Gulick, of Somerset County, New Jersey, about 1768. Their children baptised at the Neshantio Dutch Church, Somerset County, were as follows, all of whom they took with them when they removed to Conewago, Pa. sometime prior to 1783: Neeltie- Jan. 29, 1769, Jacob- June 24, 1770, Abraham and Isaac (twins)- Apr. 19, 1772, Jacob- (2)- Mar. 24, 1774, Jacob Pieter- Aug. 25, 1776, Eva- Apr. 29, 1781.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Pieter Luyster, the elder, and Antie Gulick

Jan. 26, 1783	Lena
July 17, 1785	Antie
Oct. 14, 1787	David

2. Pieter Luyster, the younger, of the two Peter Luyster's at Conewago, and probably a nephew or cousin of Peter Luyster, the elder, who also migrated to Conewago, married at Conewago, Pa. about 1784, Rachel Van Orden, dau. of Stephen Van Orden and Marya Koning, who was either a niece or cousin of Maria Koning, who married Daniel Brouwer, of the Schenectady line of Brouwer's. Rachel Van Orden, bapt. May 13, 1761, at Schraalensburg, N. J. was no relation to Sarah Van Orden or Van Norden,

Dumont

Wallerand Dumont, a French Huguenot, came to New Amsterdam, from Amsterdam, Holland, in 1657, settling at Kingston, N. Y. He married in 1664, Margaret Hendricke, widow, of Jan Arentszen and died in 1713. His sons were Walran, Jan Baptist, Peter, the latter settled in Somerset County, N. J., about 1699.

Lowe

Pieter Cornellisen Louw came from Holstein, then in Denmark, in 1659, and settled at Kingston, N. Y. He married Oct. 27, 1668, Elizabeth Blanoan. His sons were Cornelis, Matthys, Pieter, Abraham, Johannis and Jacob. The Lows and Lowes of N. J. all descend from some of these sons, the larger number from Cornelis who in 1728 settled in Somerset County, and one or more of whose sons were later near Neshantio.

Jurrien-Probasco

Jurrien Probasko, with his wife Catelyntie, a son Christoffel, and a daughter, Anne, came from Holland in 1654, settling in Brooklyn. Christoffel married Ida Stryker, of Flatbush, L. I. and had sons Jan, Jacob, Abraham and Christoffel, all of whom except Abraham, settled near Millstone, Somerset County, N. J.

Baricks

Hans Conrad Barick born in 1722, came from Erback, Germany, in 1749 and settled in Morris County, N. J. He died in 1790. His wife was Anna Maria Weber. His sons were Henry, Conrad, John and William.

Rynearson

Arent Theunissen (known as Van Hengel) came from Hengel, in the Province of Gelderland, Holland, in 1653, settling on Staten Island, with his wife, Tryntie Reynders, and three children, Reynier, Mary and Hendrick. It is probable that he was killed during the Indian War on Staten Island, in Sept. 1655. His widow married May 25, 1656, Severyn Laurenszen, from Denmark. She died prior to 1671.

Terhune

Albert Albertse came to America before 1654, from Huyen, Holland, as his descendents took the name of Ter Hünen, later becoming Terhune. He resided at New Amsterdam, New Utrecht and Flatlands, L. I. in 1685. His wife was Geertje _____. Sons were Jan and Albert, the latter settling at Hackensack, Bergen County, and Jan to Somerset County, New Jersey;

Allen.

Joseph Allen born in England came to America in 1680, and later settled in Washington Valley, Somerset County, N. J. He had a son, Joseph and several others. About the same date a John Allen, Quaker, resided at Woodbridge, Somerset County, N.J.

Craig

Mosed Craig born in 1702 and died in 1777, settled in Somerset County, N. J., in 1736. His sons were Robert, John and Aaron.

Rachel Van Norden

Seigneur Pierre Mabilie de Neve, having estates in Neivy, south of Angers, in the old province of Anjou, which is now in the Departments of Maine and Loire, France. He held high rank in Admiral Coligny's Army. He made his escape from France after the Massacre of St. Bartholomew's Day, August 24, 1572, and found refuge in the city of Naarden, Holland. He was a Huguenot. He had a son, Casper Mabilie, known as the Serjeant, who was born in Naarden, Holland, whose name appears on the petition made in July, 1621, by Frenchmen located in Leyden, Holland, requesting that they be sent to America. In this petition he signs himself under the name of Pierre Caspard. It is very certain that he was one of the emigrants who came over to New Amsterdam, under the leadership of Jesse De Foest, in the ship "New Netherlands" in May, 1624. He was in New Amsterdam as late as 1650 when his name appears, on Nov. 6, of that year as a witness to the baptism of Joris, son of Joris (George) Holmes, and on which record he signs himself Casper de Serjiant.

Casper Mabilie de Serjeant, the emigrant, had a son, Pieter Mabilie. The first trace we have of him in New Amsterdam is in 1647, when on Feb. 17 of that year, he signs himself as a witness to the baptism of Hendrick, son of Abraham Ryokun and in this record he signs himself Pieter Van Aerden (Pieter from Naarden). Again in 1650, Apr. 19, he signs himself Pieter Casparszen, as a witness to the baptism of Abraham, son of Abraham Willemszen by his wife, Acchtie Jans; his signature in this instance following another of the Dutch customs to convey the information that he was Pieter, son of Caspar. This Pieter Mabilie (known variously as Pieter Van Aerden or Naarden and Pieter Casparszen) married in New Amsterdam, about 1651, Aechtie (Agatha) Jans Van Norden, who was the widow at the time of this marriage of Abraham Willemszen. He lived on the west side of Broad Street, New Amsterdam, where he owned a homestead. He was made excise (tax) commissioner by the burgomasters and schepens, on May 5, 1654, and his name is found on the list of small burghers, of New Amsterdam. The death of Pieter Casparszen Mabilie took place about 1665. His widow continued to live many years in the old home place on Broad Street where she died about 1689.

The name Mabilie (contracted to the Anglicised form Mabile on account of its pronounciation) was abandoned during three generations, probably in the first instance on account of the desire of the original refugee to avoid identification as a Huguenot, a not unusual proceeding amongst refugees at that period and probably in the second instance due to his Dutch environment and compliance with their customs as a family name.

Children of Pieter Mabilie (also known as Van Naarden or Casparszen) by his wife Aechtie Jans Van Norden, all baptised in the Dutch Church, New Amsterdam.

1. Marritien (Martha) Mabilie, Sept. 12-1652. She married Apr. 8, 1671, Jan Pieter Banta (Epke)
2. Jan (John) Mabilie, Oct. 4-1654. He married in 1673 or 1675, Elizabeth Rees Van de Lipstadt. He continued to use the name Van Naarden which the Dutch had given to his father. After 1709 the name was spelled in the English fashion Van Norden. The Hackensack, N. J. family of Van Nordens are descended from this individual. This branch of the family furnishes a good example (when compared with other branches) of a state of affairs often found amongst Dutch settlers, that is of having two branches of the same family making use of different and distinct family surnames.
3. Engeltje (Angelica) Mabilie, Sept. 6-1656. She married Jan Jansen Mol (Moll), a shipbuilder.
4. Metje (Mary) Mabilie, Apr. 4, 1658. She married Jan Pierrot, a shipbuilder, She is called Meta (Mary) Meby on the records of the French Church, in New Amsterdam.
5. Gaspar Mabilie, Feb. 15, 1660. See below.*
6. Tryntje (Catherine) Mabilie, Dec. 17, 1662. She married Hans Hendrickszen Spier, of Bergen, New Jersey, and was the founder of a numerous family at that place.

*Caspar Mabilie, bapt. Feb. 15, 1660. He resumed the use of his ancient family surname of Mabilie, in its English form Mabilie. He married Dec. 14, 1687, Elizabeth Schureman (Sherman), in the Dutch Church, New Amsterdam. The Schureman family later became identified with New Rochelle, New York and New Brunswick, New Jersey, and is a noted stock.

Caspar Mabilie removed first to Harlem, New York and thence to Closter, New Jersey. Children of Caspar and Elizabeth (Schureman) Mabilie (7 sons).

1. Peter Mabilie, bapt. D. Ch. N. Y. Dec. 26, 1689. See below*
2. Frederick Mabilie, bapt. D. Ch. N. Y. June 25, 1696. He lived in New York and had a large family.
3. Jeremias Mabilie, bapt. D. Ch. N. Y. Sept. 1, 1699. He settled in Upper Rochelle, 3 miles north of New Rochelle.
4. Abraham Mabilie, bapt. D. Ch. N. Y. Nov. 18, 1705. He settled in New Rochelle, New York, where he married Sylvia Caquillet, a French Huguenot. His sons Abraham and Peter settled at Lake Mahopac, N. Y. The Putnam County, New York, Mabilies are descended from Abraham.

Mr. Hamilton Mabie, one time editor of the Outlook Magazine was descended from Peter Mabie of Lake Mahopac.

5. Johannis Mabie, bapt. Hackensack, N. J. May 9, 1708. Hon. William Mabie, of Peekskill, N. Y. is descended from Johannis (John) Mabie.
6. Simon Mabie.
7. Casparus Mabie.

The records of the baptisms of these last two sons, Simon and Casparus, have not been preserved. Simon Mabie was at New Rochelle and probably settled in Dutchess County, New York. Caspar Mabie settled in New York, at Old Bridge.

* Peter Mabie, bapt. in D. Ch. N. Y. Dec. 26, 1689, eldest son of Caspar and Elizabeth (Schureman) Mabie. He removed with his father to Closter, New Jersey and later to Tappan, New York. He married June 19, 1715, Catherine Bogart, of Bergen County, New Jersey, who like her father was a native of New York (Hack. 37). Peter Mabie was the founder of the numerous family of Mabies, in Rockland County, New York. Children of Peter and Catherine (Bogart) Mabie, from the Tappan Dutch Church Records and the Hackensack D. Ch. Records.

1. Casparus Mabie, at Tappan, Apr. 10-1716.
2. Peter Mabie, at Tappan, Oct. 13, 1717.
3. Elizabeth Mabie, at Tappan, Apr. 13, 1719.
4. Johannis Mabie, at Hackensack, Jan. 30-1724.
5. Johannis (2), Mabie, at Hackensack, Dec. 19-1725.
6. Jeremias Mabie, at Tappan, Dec. 13, 1727.
7. Sophia Mabie, at Tappan, Oct. 10-1729.
8. Abraham Mabie, at Tappan, Dec. 28, 1731. *See below.

* Abraham Mabie, born Dec. 28, 1731. He lived in Orangetown, which is the township in which Tappan is situated. He was twice married. The record of his first marriage is found in the Schrl. Ch. Records. "Feb. 2, 1756, Abraham Mabie, y. m. to Emily Van Orland, j. d." By this first marriage Abraham Mabie had two children, Cornelius and Catalyntie. The second wife of Abraham Mabie was Wyntie Quackkenbos. She was born in Tappan, Nov. 22-1742, dau. of Jacob Quackkenbos and Annetje Elizabeth Brouwer (Brewer), dau. of Pieter Brouwer-4, Jacob-3, Jacobus-2, Adam Brouwer-Berckhoven-1 and Magdalena Verdon, his

wife. (New York City line of Brewers). Wyntie Quackkenbos (Brouwer) was the celebrated Spy Heroine of the Revolution who operated out of Gen. Washington's Headquarters. Children of Abraham Mabie and Wyntie Quackkenbos. All baptised at Tappan, New York.

1. Abraham Mabie, Oct. 6, 1776, *See below.
2. Elizabeth Mabie, Apr. 14, 1779.
3. Annetje Mabie, June 13, 1781.
4. Rachel Mabie, Sept. 30, 1783.
5. Wyntie Mabie, Feb. 24, 1786.

* Abraham Mabie, bapt. Tappan, New York, Oct. 6, 1776, eldest child and only son of Abraham Mabie and Wyntie Quackkenbos, married Jan. 15, 1798, Sarah Demarest, of Clarkstown, in the Tappan Church "Jan. 15, 1798, Abraham Mabie, Jr. of Tappan, to Sara Demarest, of Clarkstown." Abraham Mabie, Jr. was killed in a passenger train wreck on the Erie Railroad, Dec. 3, 1841, at the age of 65. He left issue;

The family of Jan Van Norden, brother of Caspar
Mabille- Mabie.

Jan (John) Mabille, eldest son of Pieter Mabille (also known as Van Naarden or Casparszen) and Aechtie Jans Van Norden, was bapt. in the Dutch Ch. New Amsterdam, Oct. 4, 1654. He married in 1673 or 1675, in New York, Elizabeth Rees Van de Lipstadt. He was the father of several children all born in New York City. His two sons, Andries Janse and Adam Janse (Van Norden) both settled in Hackensack, N. J.

Andries Janse (Van Norden) y. m. born in New York City to Rachel Demeree, dau. of David Demeree, born in Hackensack, Aug. 31, 1700. (Hack. Marr. 27).

Adam Janse (Van Norden) y. m. born in New York City, to Abeltie Sloth (Theodosia Slot), y. d. born Esopus, July 27, 1700. (Hack. Marr. 27).

Andries Van Norden, widower of Rachel Demeree, to Antie Laroe, y. d. born Hackensack, both living here. Aug. 12, 1710. Hack. 33.

Abeltie Slot (Theodosia Slot) widow of Adam Van Norden, to

Cornelis Epke Banta, last widower of Magdalena Demeree, both living at Hackensack. Mch. 1, 1719, Hack. Marr. 41.

Will of Cornelis Epke Banta.

Apr. 13, 1719- Cornelis Epke Banta, of Hackensack, Bergen, Co., New Jersey, yeoman. Wife Abeltie (3rd wife), sons Egbert, Jacob, and Abraham, dauts. Rachel, Lea and Elizabeth. Eldest son, Egbert, to have sword. Half of cattle and movable household goods to the children of the first wife, and half to children of second wife, excepting the two spinning wheels and churn and milk tubs shall remain unto my three daughters, Rachel, Lea and Elizabeth, to be divided equally between them. Exrs. brothers-in-law, David Demarest, Jr. and Samuel Demarest, Jr. Wit: Roloff Bogart, Elizabeth Bogart and Richard Edsall. Proved May 20, 1719.

Children of Andries Janse Van Norden and his wife, Rachel Demeree, daut. of David Demeree, married Aug. 31, 1700; and Antie Laroe, whom he married as his second wife, Aug. 12, 1710.

1. Jan Janse (Van Norden), bapt. Hackensack, Sept. 16, 1701. He married Rachel Van Schieve.
2. Rachel Janse (Van Norden), bapt. Hackensack, Apr. 2, 1704. She married Paulus Loots.
3. David Janse (Van Norden), bapt. Hackensack, July 13, 1707. He married Jacomyntie Christi.

Children of Andries Janse (Van Norden) by his 2nd wife, Antie Laroe.

4. Jacobus and Elizabeth Van Norden (twins), bapt. Hackensack, Nov. 4, 1711, witnesses; Jacobus Laroe and Wybrecht his wife. Jacobus Demeree. Elizabeth Rees Van de Lipstadt the grand-mother of the children. Jacobus Van Orden married Lea Christy. No record of marriage of his twin sister, Elizabeth.
5. Jannetje Van Norden, bapt. Hackensack, Nov. 14, 1714. She married Cornelius Van Hoorn.
6. Elizabeth (2), bapt. Hackensack, Sept. 15, 1717, wit: Willem Van Norden. Elizabeth Rees Van de Lipstadt, the child's grand-mother. She married David Akker-man.
7. Petrus Van Norden, bapt. Hack, July 3, 1720. He married Geertruy Snyder.

8. Wybrecht Van Norden, bapt. Hack. Jan. 20, 1723. She married David Christi.

* Jan Van Norden, y. m. to Rachel Van Scheve, j. d. both living at Schraalensburg, married in Hackensack D. Ch. Sept. 17, 1726. Children of:

1. Andries Van Norden, bapt. Hackensack, June 18, 1727, wit. Andries Van Orden and Antie Laroe, his wife.
2. David Van Orden, bapt. Schraalensburg, Dec. 12, 1731, wit. Paulus Loots and Rachel Van Orden, his wife.
3. David Van Orden (2) bapt. Schraalensburg, May 30, 1733, wit. David Van Orden and Jacomyntie Christi, his wife.
4. Stephen Van Orden, bapt. Schraal. June 22, 1735, wit: Stephen Ter Huen and Lydia, his wife.
- 5 & 6. Lea and Rachel Van Orden (twins), bapt. Schraal. May 7, 1738, witnesses: Samuel Davids Demarest and Lea, his wife. Paulus Loots and Rachel, his wife.
7. Jacobus Van Norden, bapt. Schraal. June 13, 1742, wit. Jacobus Van Orden and Lea, his wife.

Stephen Van Orden, son of Jan Van Norden and Rachel Van Scheve, born June 22, 1735, at Schraalensburg, N. J. married on May 31, 1760, Marya Koning (King), at Schraal. She was either a niece or cousin of Maria Koning, who married Daniel Brouwer, of the Schenectady line of Brouwers, in 1743. The children of Stephen Van Norden and Marya Koning, all bapt. at Schraalensburg, N. J. were as follows:

1. Rachel Van Orden, bapt. May 13, 1761, wit: Jan Van Orden and Rachel Van Scheve, his wife. The child's paternal grandparent. She married Peter Luyster, the younger, (Lister), at Conewago Pa. about 1784. *See below.
2. Petrus Van Orden, bapt. July 8, 1763, wit: Albert Duryea and wife.
3. Jan Van Orden, bapt. Aug. 14, 1766, wit: Jan Westervelt and Jannetje Hering, his wife.
4. Elizabeth Van Orden, bapt. Jan. 6, 1769, wit: Johannis Westervelt and Magdalena Christi, his wife.
5. Maryte Van Orden, Bapt. July 26, 1771, child of Marytje Van Orden, widow of Stephen Van Orden. No witnesses.

Peter Luyster (Lister), the younger, of the two Peter Luyster's at Conewago, and probably a nephew or first cousin, of Peter Luyster, the elder, who also migrated to Conewago, married at Conewago, Pa. Rachel Van Orden, about 1784. Their children born there were as follows:

1. Jan. 1, 1785 Jan Luister or ^ULyster (Lister)
2. Oct. 14, 1787 Stephen Luyster
3. Dec. 6, 1789 Cornelius Luyster
4. Apr. 17, 1790 Nelly Luyster

After this date, Peter Luyster and Rachel Van Orden had moved with their family of four children, to Mercer County, Kentucky, and the name then became Lister. Stephen Luyster (Lister) born in 1787 at Conewago, married in Mercer County, Kentucky, March 17, 1814, Mary Vandiveer.

Sara Van ^Uorden or Van Norden,
the wife of Abraham Brouwer.

The Van Norden, Orden or Orde family, of France, were Huguenot refugees to the town of Naardon, in East Friesland, Holland, and were called there under the various names of Wessels, Wesselszen, Pieterszen, Peterse, Pieterse and Van Naarden, and under which names they emigrated to New Amsterdam. Pieter Wesselszen (Pieter Van Orden) a young man, from Naardon, East Friesland, Holland, came to New Amsterdam, some time prior to May 19, 1669, on which date he was married in the Dutch Church, New Amsterdam, to Josyntie Tomaszen (Thomas), a young Huguenot maiden, just graduated from the Conservatory of Music, at Utrecht, Holland. Her sister Annetje Thomaszen, also a graduate, of the Utrecht Conservatory of Music, had emigrated to New Amsterdam, with her and on account of their musical talent, they were soon placed in charge of all the music at the Dutch Ch. Her sister Annetje Thomaszen (Thomas) later married Cornelis De Peyster.

The children of Pieter Wesselszen and Josyntie Thomaszen (Thomas), all baptised in the Dutch Church, New York City, were:

- * 1. Wessel Wesselszen, baptised Oct. 21, 1671, witnesses:
Jan Van Gelder and Maryken Van Hoboken, his wife. He married Jacomyntie Couwenhoven. See below.
2. Marritie Wesselszen, baptised Feb. 25, 1674, witnesses:
Kaarslen Luvrssen and Geertie Theunis, his wife.
3. Johannis Wesselszen, baptised Nov. 22, 1676, witnesses:
Jan Pieterszen, Annetje (Thomas) De Peyster.

4. Pieter Wesselszen, baptised Jan. 15, 1679, witnesses: Jan and Isaac Stephenson (Van Cortlandt). Maria Mathys.

Wessel Pieterszen, son of Pieter Wesselszen and Josyntie Thomaszen (Thomas) was born in New York City, Oct. 21, 1671, and was married in the Dutch Church, N. Y. April 20, 1693, to Jacomyntie Couwenhoven, daughter of Jacob Couwenhoven. His children were: All baptised in the Dutch Church, New York.

1. Josyntie Pieterszen, bapt. May 17, 1695, wit: Jacob Couwenhoven. Josyntie Thomas.
- * 2. Johannis Pieterszen, baptised Oct. 11, 1696, wit: Francois Van Couwenhoven and Elizabeth Van Couwenhoven, his wife. See below.
3. Sara Pieterszen, baptised Aug. 17, 1701, wit: Abraham Mesier and Anna Pieters, his wife.
4. Elizabeth Pieterszen, baptised Oct. 10, 1703, wit: Daniel Berkelo and Elizabeth Gerretse, his wife.
5. Jacobus Pieterszen, baptised Jan. 30, 1706, wit: Johannis Van Couwenhoven and Henrika Ten Eyck, his wife.

After 1709, the name was the same as originally in France, Van Orden and Van Norden.

Johannis Van Orden, son of Wessel Pieterszen (Van Norden) and Jacomyntie Couwenhoven, born in New York City, Oct. 11, 1696. He married Adrianna Webber, daughter of Wolfert Webber, Apr. 6, 1721, in the Dutch Church, New York City. Their children all baptised in the Dutch Church, New York City, were as follows:

1. Johannis Van Orden, bapt. Feb. 12, 1724, wit: Wolfert Webber. Margaret Webber.
2. Wessel Van Orden, bapt. Apr. 10, 1726, wit: Aarnout Webber. Sara Van Norden. He married Anna Van Wert, of New York City.
3. Margarietje Van Orden, bapt. Jan. 10, 1731, wit: William Hopper, Elizabeth Van Norden. She married Nicholas Van Dyke, of New York City.
4. Josyntie Van Orden, bapt. Oct. 7, 1733, wit: Pieter Van Orden. Aaltje Webber, a young maiden. She married Evert Kip, of New York City.
5. Wolfert Van Orden, bapt. Aug. 29, 1736, No wit. of

record. He married Lena Delano, of New York City. She was a daughter of Jan De La Noy (Delano), and a first cousin of Abraham Brouwer, whose mother, Marie De La Noy (Delano), was a sister of Jan Delano.

6. Jacob Van Orden, bapt. July 29, 1739, wit: Jacob Van Orden. Christina Sabrieska.
7. Lea Van Orden, bapt. Sept. 5, 1742, wit: Frederick Webber. Jacomyntie Van Norden, a young maiden. She married Johannis Dyckman, of New York City.
- * 8. Sara Van Orden, bapt. May 26, 1745, wit: Jacob Van Norden. Styntje Sabroiski. She married Abraham Brouwer, of New York City, son of Jacob Brouwer, Jr. and Marie Delano. (Adam Brouwer and Magdalena Verdon line of Brewer. See below.
9. Ariaentje (Adrianna) Van Norden, bapt. Nov. 20, 1751, wit: Cornelis Webber. Margaret de Riemer, wife of Jacob Webber.

Johannis Van Orden, Sr. died in New York City, Sept. 25, 1758, and was buried there in the Dutch Churchyard. His widow, Adrianna Webber, married for her second husband Hon. Hendrick Van Jeralleman, of New York City, whom she survived. By this second marriage she had no issue. She died in New York City, Aug. 9, 1766, and was buried there in the Dutch Churchyard, as the widow of Johannis Van Norden.

Johannis Van Orden, Jr. born Feb. 12, 1724, was married about 1750 but there is no record that he had any children, bapt. in the Dutch Church, New York City. His wife was buried in the Dutch Churchyard, Feb. 5, 1753.

Jacob Van Orden born July 29, 1739, was married but no record of any children being baptised in the Dutch Church. He died in New York City, Apr. 15, 1784. His widow died Sept. 1, 1795. Both buried in the Dutch Churchyard, New York City.

Wessel Van Orden, born Apr. 10, 1726, married Anna Van Wert, of New York City. Their children baptised in the Dutch Church there:

1. Anna Van Orden, bapt. Nov. 24, 1762, wit: Pieter Van Norden and Anna Willems, his wife.
2. Pieter Van Orden, bapt. Dec. 28, 1760, wit: Evert Kipp and Jacometje Van Orden, his wife.

Wessel Van Orden, died May 29, 1764, in New York City, and was buried there in the Dutch Churchyard.

Margarietje or Maria Van Orden, born Jan. 10, 1731, married Nicholas Van Dyke, of New York City. Their children were:

1. Josyntie Van Dyke, bapt. Mch. 24, 1749, wit: Gerret Hassing. Josyntje Van Orden, a young maiden.
2. Johannis Van Dyke, bapt. Feb. 6, 1754, wit: Jacobus Van Zandt and Johanna Van Zandt, his wife.

Josyntie Van Orden born Oct. 7, 1733, married Evert Kip, of New York City. Their children were:

1. Anna Kip, bapt. Oct. 10, 1766, wit: Jan Van Orden (Johannis), the child's maternal uncle. Anna Van Norden, wife of Jan Pero.

Wolfert Van Orden born Aug. 29, 1736, married Lena Delano, dau. of Jan Delano, and first cousin of Abraham Brouwer. Their children were:

1. Johannis Van Orden, bapt. Sept. 26, 1762, wit: Jan Delano. Adrianna Van Orden, widow of Hon. Van Hendrick Jeralleman.
2. Lena Van Orden, bapt. Aug. 26, 1768, wit: Abraham Stymets. Sara Van Norden, a young maiden.
3. Maria Van Orden, bapt. Sept. 10, 1770, wit: Abraham Delano and Maria Crankheit, his wife.
4. Magdalena Van Orden, bapt. Dec. 31, 1773: No witnesses.

Lena Delano, wife of Wolfert Van Norden, died Nov. 26, 1774 and Wolfert Van Norden, Feb. 19, 1775. Both buried in D. Churchyard, N. Y.

Lea Van Orden born Sept. 5, 1742, married Johannis Dyckmann of New York City. Their children were:

1. Anna Dyckman, bapt. June 11, 1755, wit: Pieter Van Norden and Anna Willemse (Williamson), his wife.
2. Dirck Dyckman, bapt. July 6, 1757, wit: Cornelis Dyckman. Gerrtruy Vonk, a young maiden.
3. Pieter Dyckman, bapt. Apr. 30, 1760, wit: Jan Tyro and Annetje Van Norden, his wife.
4. Annetje Dyckman, bapt. Nov. 4, 1767, wit: Dirck Brokaa (Richard Brokaw) and Annetje Dyckman, widow of Isaac Brokaa (Isaac Brokaw).

* Sara Van Orden, or Norden, born May 36, 1745, married

Abraham Brouwer (Brewer), of New York City, son of Jacob Brouwer, Jr., and Marie Delano. They removed to Schraalensburg, Bergen County, N. J., and thence in about 1775 to Conewago, York County, Pa., and later in 1790, to Mercer County, Kentucky, and from there to Butler Co., Ohio, near Mason, about 1806 or 1807. (Adam Brouwer and Magdalena Verdon line). Their children were:

- * 1. Daniel Brouwer (Brewer) bapt. Aug. 24, 1770, at Schraalensburg, N. J. He married in Mercer County, Kentucky, Mary Voorhees, dau. of Stephen Voorhees and Margaret Van Dyke. They later removed to Butler County, Ohio, about 1806 or 1807. One of their sons, John Brewer, settled in Sullivan County, Indiana, in 1816, (They are the writer's ancestors).
- 2. Jan Brouwer, bapt. Dec. 29, 1772, at Schraalensburg, N. J. He died at Conewago, Pa., in 1780, when about 8 years old.
- 3. David Brouwer, bapt. Apr. 16, 1775, at Conewago, Pa.
- 4. Marie Brouwer, bapt. Nov. 8, 1778, at Conewago. She married a Voorhees, in Mercer County, Ky.
- 5. Jan (2) Brouwer, bapt. May 6, 1781, at Conewago, Pa. He married Neeltie Smock, dau. of Barent Smock and Antie Cozine, in Mercer County, Ky., on Nov. 18, 1800. She was born at Conewago, Pa., June 10, 1781. One of their sons, Daniel Brewer, settled in Johnson County, Indiana, and became the founder of a large family by that name in that county.

While there is no record of any relationship between the two Van Norden families on this side of the water, yet it is not unreasonable to conclude that they both descend from the same ancestor, Seigneur Pierre Mabilie de Neve, of Naarden, East Friesland, Holland. Caspar Mabilie de Serjeant being his son, and Pieter Wesselszen, his grand-son, and a nephew of Caspar Mabilie de Serjeant. This would make Pieter Wesselszen and Pieter Mabilie, son of the Serjeant, first cousins.

Brouwer (now Brewer).

* Adam Brouwer-Berokhoven came to New Amsterdam in 1643. He married there in the Dutch Church, March 19, 1645, Magdalena Verdon. They were the parents of 14 children (7 sons and 7 daughters) as follows: Pieter, Aaltie, Matthys, Willem, Jacobus (*), Adam, Abraham, Nicholas, Mary Fytie, Helena, Annetje, Sarah and Rachel. All of whom grew to maturity, married, and established families of their own.

Brouwer (now Brewer) Cont.

He died at Brooklyn in 1692, at the age of 72. She died in 1717 at Brooklyn, at the age of 92. He was a flour-miller by trade. Both he and his wife are buried in the Dutch Church-yard, at Brooklyn, Long Island. (The Adam Brouwer line of New York City will be subject of a special article that the writer is now preparing).

Abraham Brouwer-5 (Jacob, Jr.-4, Jacob-3, Jacobus-2, Adam-1), was baptised in the Dutch Church, New York City, March 19, 1746, wit: Abraham Brouwer and Aafie Van Gelder, his wife. He was the son of Jacob Brouwer, Jr., and Marie Delano, both of whom were born in New York City. He married Sara Van Norden, dau. of Johannis Van Norden and Adrianna Webber, of New York City. Abraham Brouwer-5 and Sara Van Norden settled first at Schraalensburg, N. J. where their two first children were baptised: Daniel in 1770 and Jan in 1772, both of whom they took with them when they removed to Conewago, Pa.

Conewago Baptisms.

* Abraham Brouwer-5 and Sara Van Norden, his wife.

Apr. 16, 1775
Nov. 8, 1778
May 6, 1781

David
Marie
Jan (2)

Of the above named 5 children, Daniel (*), the eldest child married Mary Voorhees, dau. of Stephen Voorhees and Margaret Van Dyke, in Mercer County, Kentucky. They later removed to Butler County, Ohio, about 1806 or 1807. (They are the writer's ancestors). One of their sons, John Brewer, the writer's great-grandfather, settled in Sullivan County, Ind. in 1816; Jan Brouwer, the second child of Abraham Brouwer and Sara Van Norden, died at Conewago, Pa. when about 8 years old; Their dau. Marie Brouwer married a son of Ruliff Voorhees, in Mercer County, Ky. At present there is no record showing the marriage of David Brouwer; Jan Brouwer(2), married Neeltie Smock, dau. of Barent Smock and Antie Cozine, in Mercer County, Ky., Nov. 18, 1800. One of their sons, Daniel Brewer, settled in Johnson County, Indiana, and became the founder of a large family in that county. (This will be covered in the special article which the writer is now preparing on the Adam Brouwer line of New York City.) This Daniel Brewer of Johnson County, Indiana was a first cousin of John Brewer, of Sullivan County, Ind.

Note: Mary Voorhees, the wife of Daniel Brewer, of Butler Co., Ohio, was a sister of Peter Voorhees, the grand-father of

Brouwer (now Brewer) Cont.

Senator Daniel Woolsey Voorhees and was therefore, his great aunt. John Brewer, of Sullivan County, Indiana, her son, was a first cousin of Stephen Voorhees, the father of Daniel Woolsey Voorhees, and Samuel Scott Brewer, the son of John Brewer, of Sullivan County, Ind. was a second cousin of the Senator. Samuel Scott Brewer was the grandfather of the writer who bears his name.

Ancestry of Mary Voorhees, the wife of
Daniel Brewer, of Butler County, Ohio.

Steveuse Coerte Van Voorhees born in 1600, at Hees, Province of Drenthe, Holland, and died at Flatlands, Long Island, Feb. 16, 1684, at the age of 84 years. He married first in Holland, a wife, who bore him all his children. He was married three times. He emigrated from the village of Hees, in the Province of Drenthe, Holland, in April, 1660, in the ship "Spotted Cow."

Steven Van Voorhees with his wife and all his children except his daughters, Hendrickjen and Merghim, came over to New Netherlands in this ship. He purchased Nov. 29, 1660, from Cornelia Dircksen Hoogland, 9 morgens of corn meal land, 7 morgens of woodland, 10 morgens of plain land and 5 morgens of salt meadow land, in Flatlands Long Island, for 3000 guilders. He married second, Willempie Roeloffse Seubering (Sebring) in Long Island. She was born in 1619 and died in 1690. Stephen Van Voorhees' name appears on assessment rolls of Flatlands for 1675 and 1683; as a magistrate in 1664 and on a patent in 1667 for land; also for the house and house plot lying in the village of Ammersfoort, with the brewery and all the brewing apparatus, kettles, house and casks with the other equipment. He and his second wife were members of the Dutch Church, at Flatlands, in 1677. His will is dated Aug. 25, 1677. He died at Flatlands, Feb. 16, 1684. His children were as follows:

1. Hendrickjen Van Voorhees. She remained in Holland.
2. Merghin Van Voorhees. She remained in Holland and died in 1702.
3. Coerte Van Voorhees, of Flatlands. Born in 1637, in Holland. He married prior to 1666.
- * 4. Lucus Stevenuse Van Voorhees, born in 1650, in Holland. He married Catherine Hausen Noorstrandt, of a Huguenot family. They are my ancestors.
5. Jan Stevenuse Van Voorhees, of Flatlands, born in

Ancestry of Mary Voorhees (Brewer), Cont.

Holland, in 1652. He married in 1678 and died in 1680.

6. Albert Stevenuse Van Voorhees, of Flatlands, born in Holland, in 1654. He afterwards settled at Hackensack, New Jersey. He married three times.
7. Altje Van Voorhees born in Holland, in 1656.
8. Jannetje Van Voorhees born at Flatlands, Long Island.
9. Hendrickje Van Voorhees born at Flatlands.
10. Abraham Van Voorhees born at Flatlands, Long Island.

Lucus Stevenuse Van Voorhees and Catherine Van Noorstrandt, his wife.

Lucus Stevenuse Van Voorhees, son of Stevenuse Van Voorhees, was born in Holland, in 1650, and emigrated with his father in the "Spotted Cow" at the age of 10 years, in 1660 to New Netherlands. He married Catherine Hausen Van Noorstrandt for his first wife. He married for his second wife, Jannetje Ninnes. He married for his third wife, Catherine Van Dyke. He was the father of 15 children. His 2nd child was Jan Lucasse Van Voorhees by his wife Catherine Van Noorstrandt, born at Flatlands, Long Island, and baptised in the Flatlands Dutch Church, Feb. 19, 1675.

*Jan Lucasse Van Voorhees and May Be R. Schenck, his wife

Jan Lucasse Van Voorhees, son of Lucus Stevenuse Van Voorhees and Catherine Van Noorstrandt, was born at Flatlands, Long Island, Feb. 19, 1675. He married March 5, 1704, May Be R. Schenck, by whom he had the following children:

1. Lucus, bapt. Sept. 15, 1705, at Flatlands, Long Island
2. Roeloff, bapt. Aug. 19, 1707, at Flatlands, Long Island.
3. Stephen, bapt. Mar. 24, 1709, at Flatlands, Long Island.
4. Antie, bapt. Nov. 28, 1710, at Flatlands, Long Island.
- *5. Petrus, bapt. Jan. 6, 1712, at New Brunswick, New Jersey.
6. Martin, bapt. Mar. 26, 1714, at New Brunswick, New Jersey.
7. Isaac, bapt. Mar. 16, 1716, at New Brunswick, New Jersey.

Ancestry of Mary Voorhees (Brewer), Cont.

8. Catherine, bapt. June 8, 1718, at New Brunswick, New Jersey.
9. Garret, bapt. Sept. 6, 1720, at New Brunswick, New Jersey.
10. Anna, bapt. July 15, 1723, at New Brunswick, New Jersey.
11. Abraham, bapt. June 8, 1725, at Flatlands, Long Island.
12. Sarah, bapt. Oct. 18, 1728, at Flatlands, Long Island.
13. Maria, bapt. Apr. 5, 1731, at Flatlands, Long Island.

* Petrus Van Voorhees and Mary Bercau (Brokaw), his wife.

Petrus Van Voorhees, son of Jan Lucasse Voorhees and May ~~Be~~ R. Schenck, was born at New Brunswick, New Jersey, Jan. 6, 1712. He married Maria (Mary) Bercau (Brokaw), in 1733. He died at New Brunswick, New Jersey, in 1751, at the age of 39 years. The children of Petrus Voorhees and Mary Brokaw, all baptised at the Dutch Church, New Brunswick, New Jersey, were as follows:

The children of Petrus Voorhees and Mary Brokaw, his wife.

1. Marya, bapt. July 14, 1734.
2. Johannis, bapt. June 30, 1735.
- * 3. Stephen, bapt. Jan. 31, 1738. He is ~~my~~ ancestor.
4. Sarah, bapt. Dec. 5, 1742.
5. Jannetje, bapt. May 12, 1745.

Stephen Voorhees and Margaret Van Dyke, his wife.

Stephen Voorhees, son of Petrus Voorhees and Mary Brokaw, was born at New Brunswick, New Jersey, Jan. 31, 1738. He married on Moh. 25, 1762, Margaret Van Dyke. He died June 12, 1815, at the age of 74 years, 4 mos. and 17 days. Margaret Van Dyke died Aug. 27, 1800. The children of Stephen Voorhees and Margaret Van Dyke, were as follows: All baptised at the Dutch Church, New Brunswick, N. J.

1. Margaret Voorhees, bapt. Aug. 28, 1763. She married Richard Kitchen and removed to Conewago, Pa. They were the parents of 8 children (Kitchen).

Ancestry of Mary Voorhees (Brewer), Cont.

- * 2. Maria, or Mary Voorhees, bapt. Feb. 24, 1765. She married Daniel Brewer, son of Abraham Brouwer and Sara Van Norden. They were the parents of 9 children (Brewer). She married in Mercer County, Kentucky, and later removed in 1806 or 1807, to Butler County, Ohio. Daniel Brewer died in 1819. She died in 1842. Both buried in Butler County, Ohio, near Mason.
3. Peter Voorhees, bapt. March 22, 1767. He died in 1852. He married Lemma Van Arsdale, in Mercer County, Kentucky, in 1796. Peter Voorhees was the grandfather of Senator Daniel Woolsey Voorhees. Peter Voorhees, brother-in-law, of Daniel Brewer, was one of the executors of his will, with his widow, Mary Mary Voorhees. Lemma Van Arsdale, wife of Peter Voorhees, was born, in Mercer County, Ky. March 3, 1775 and died July 16, 1862. Peter Voorhees settled about the year 1790, near Harrodsburg, Kentucky, and removed from there in 1805, to Bethany township, Butler County, Ohio. Peter Voorhees and Lemma Van Arsdale, had children as follows:

1. Stephen Voorhees born in Mercer County, Kentucky, Apr. 16, 1798. He died March 26, 1880, at the age of 81 years, 11 mos. and 4 days. He married Rachel Elliott, born in Jan. 1802. He removed to Fountain County, Indiana, in the Wabash Valley, north of Vigo Co., in 1827. Stephen Voorhees and Rachel Elliott had children as follows:

The children of Stephen Voorhees and Rachel Elliott, his wife.

1. Julia Voorhees born in 1823, Butler County, Ohio.
2. Peter Voorhees, born in 1825, Butler County, Ohio.
3. Eliza Voorhees born in 1826, Butler County, Ohio.
4. Hon. Daniel Woolsey Voorhees, born Sept. 26, 1827, in Butler County, Ohio.

Hon. Daniel Woolsey Voorhees, son of Stephen Voorhees and Rachel Elliott, was a Member of the U. S. Congress, for 24 years, from the Terre Haute, Indiana, Congressional District, and later for 16 years, a United States Senator, from the State of Indiana. He married July 18, 1850, Anna Hardesty, who was born July 12, 1832, and died Jan. 21, 1887. He died about 1898, and was buried at Terre Haute, Indiana. He was Chairman of the Senate Finance Committee for many years and at one time was

Majority Leader of the United States Senate. He was the founder of the Congressional Library, at Washington, D. C. He was the father of one son, Paxton Voorhees, now deceased, and two daughters.

Brouwer families, cont.

The Albany and Schenectady New York Line.

Philip Hendrickse Brouwer and Willem Hendrickse Brouwer, brothers, emigrated from the Province of Zeeland, Holland, to New Amsterdam, between the years 1650 and 1655. The elder of the two brothers, Philip Hendrickse Brouwer, located at Albany about 1655 where he married Elsje Tjerk (Turk). He operated a brewery at Albany, and in 1662 became one of the original incorporators of the Town of Schenectady, N. Y., where he also built a brewery. He died in 1664. After his death, his widow, disposed of all his property and returned to Holland. He left no issue.

Willem Hendrickse Brouwer, brother of Philip Hendrickse Brouwer, was married in Zeeland, Holland, prior to emigrating to New Amsterdam. He brought with him, his wife, 2 daughters, Elisabeth and Sara and 3 small sons, Willem Willemse and Hendrick Willemse. His daughter Elisabeth married Claes Andries De Graff and his other daughter, Sara married Phillip Du Trieux (Truex). Willem Hendrickse Brouwer removed from New Amsterdam to Albany about 1657. He died there in 1668. His two sons soon after their fathers death settled at Schenectady where they established large families. Some of their children going to New Jersey and others settling in the Hudson and Mohawk valleys, in New York State. Two sons of Hendrick Willemse Brouwer-2, Hackensack, Bergen County, New Jersey, shortly before 1700.

Abram or Abraham Brouwer-3 (Hendrick Willemse-2, Willem Hendrickse-1), married in the Dutch Church, Hackensack, N. J. March 29, 1700, Lea De Marest, of Hackensack. Their children were as follows: All baptised in the Hackensack Dutch Church.

1. Petrus Brouwer, bapt. May 24, 1701, wit: David, son of Demarest. Elena Brouwer.
2. Johannis Brouwer, bapt. May 1, 1703, wit: Huddrick Brouwer and Mary De Marest, his wife.
3. Samuel Brouwer, bapt. Feb. 10, 1705, wit: Samuel, son of David Demarest and Rachel Demarest.
4. David Brouwer, bapt. Jan. 16, 1707, wit: Pieter Demarest and Lydia Demarset, his wife.
5. Jacobus Brouwer, bapt. May 1, 1709, wit: Jeems Christy and Magdalena Brouwer, his wife.
6. Lea Brouwer, bapt. Apr. 6, 1711, wit: Andries Van Orden. Magdalena, wife of Jan Demarest.
7. Lea Brouwer (2) bapt. Aug. 27, 1714, wit: Willem

Albany and Schenectady Brouwer Line, Cont.

Stegge (Steg) and Magdalena Demarest.

8. Rachel Brouwer, bapt. Dec. 9, 1716, wit: Benjamin Demarest and Elizabeth De Groot, his wife.
9. Daniel Brouwer, bapt. July 5, 1719, wit: Petrus Slot. Marri~~ie~~ Meet, wife of Pieter Demarest. He married Maria Koning, Oct. 10, 1743, and died in Mercer County, Ky. in 1791, at the age of 72 years. See his will.
10. Maria Brouwer, bapt. Nov. 19, 1721, wit: Abram Uldrick Brouwer.

Daniel Brouwer, youngest son, of Abram or Abraham Brouwer and Lea De Marest, bapt. in the Hackensack Dutch Church, on July 5th, 1719, married in the same church, Oct. 10, 1743, Maria Koning (King), a young maiden, living at Second Rivers, New Jersey, now Belleville. He moved to the Conewago Dutch Settlement, in York County, Pa., about 1775, and later to Mercer County, Kentucky, where he died in 1791, at the age of 72 years. The children of Daniel Brouwer and Maria Koning (King) were as follows: All baptised in the Schraalensburg Dutch Church.

1. Lea Brouwer, baptised July 15, 1744, wit: Hendrick Banta and Rachel Banta, his wife. She married James Steg, the elder.
2. Susanna Brouwer, baptised Moh. 23, 1747, wit: Jonas Heyerson and Susanna, his wife. She married Samuel Demarest.
3. Daniel Brouwer, baptised Aug. 23, 1751, wit: David Christy and Wybrugge Van Orden, his wife. He died young.
4. Rachel Brouwer, baptised Aug. 30, 1752, wit: David Edward and Rachel, his wife. She married Hendrick Kammeaar.
5. Abraham Brouwer, bapt. Sept. 4, 1756. No witnesses.
6. Johannis Brouwer, bapt. Apr. 30, 1761. No witnesses. He married Jannetje Van Arsdale at Conewago, Pa.
7. Sara Brouwer, bapt. Oct. 23, 1763, No witnesses.
8. Daniel Brouwer, bapt. Feb. 28, 1767. No witnesses.

Albany and Schenectady Brouwer Line, Cont.

Will of Daniel Brouwer.

See Page 77 of Ky. Pioneers and Court Records, for Mercer County, Ky. Harrodsburg Court House.

"Will of Daniel Brouwer (Brouwer), Page 64. Names eldest son Abraham Brouwer; son Daniel Brouwer; daut. Leah Stagg, wife of James Stagg; daut. Susanna Demeree, wife of Samuel Demeree; daut. Rachel Kammagaar, wife of Henry Kammagaar; daut. Mary Demeree, wife of Cornelius Demeree, Jr.; son Johannis; daut. Phebe Demeree, wife of Cornelius Demeree.

Executors, sons: Abraham and Johannis Brouwer, and Samuel Demeree, Sr.

Written Jan. 15, 1791, wit: Peter Demeree, Francis Monfort and John Demeree. Proved Feb. 23, 1791."

See page 62 of same vol. Ky. Pioneers.

"John Brewer, appointed guardian, to Daniel, Cornelius, Anne and Sarah Cozine, orphans of Cornelius Cozine, deceased. Moh. 25, 1788. Abraham Banta and Samuel Demaree, their secuteties. Order Book 1, page 190", Here see list of Conewago bapt. for Cornelius Cozine and Maria Brouwer.

Conewago Brouwer Baptisms.

1. Johannis Brouwer and Jannetje Van Arsdale, his wife.

Nov. 17, 1782
Apr. 9, 1786

Gerrett
David

Note: Here see baptisms for Hendrick Kammagaar and Rachel Brouwer; Cornelius Cozine and Marya Brouwer; David Banta and Femmetie Brouwer; Samuel Demeree and Susanna Brouwer; James Steg and Lea Brouwer; Cornelius Demaree and Femmetie Brouwer.

The Adam Brouwer Line of New York City and the Willem Hendrickse Brouwer Line of Albany and Schenectady are two different families and as far as the records show have no connection or relationship to each other on this side of the water. It is possible, however, that they might be related to each other in Holland. Philip Hendrickse Brouwer and Willem Hendrickse Brouwer, the two brothers, could be first cousins to Adam Brouwer-Berckhoven, but this is a matter for proof, to be obtained in Holland.

Annex to Some Additional Conewago Families.

Du Bois

Louis Du Bois, Huguenot, born at Wicres (or Wierer), France, Oct. 27, 1626, went first to Mannheim, Germany, and there married Oct. 10, 1655, Catherine Blanchan. He came to America about 1661, settling at Kingston, New York, as a merchant; than at Husley, New Paltz and again at Kingston. Of his 10 children, the sons were: Abraham, Isaac, Jacob, David, Solomon, Louis and Matthew. Some of these later settled in New Jersey whose descendents went to Mercer County, Ky., and other western points.

Berry

John Berry, of England, settled near the James River, in Va., about 1626, and is the same who settled near Hackensack River, in 1669. He is the ancestor of the New Jersey Berry's.

Lyon

Henry Lyon, of Glen Lyen, Perthshire, Scotland, with brothers, Thomas and Richard, all of whom were in Cromwell's Army, came to America in 1648. Henry settled at Milford, Conn. He married in 1652, Elizabeth Batement. In 1666 he was one of the colony which founded Newark, New Jersey. He died in 1703. Lyon's Farms was named from his 100 acres there. His sons were: Thomas, Samuel, Joseph, Nathaniel, John, Benjamin and Ebenezer.

List of Authorities.

Somerset Quarterly, Vols. 1 to 8 inc. Somerville, N. J.
Record of Baptisms and Marriages, Dutch Church, New York.
Holland Society Year Books.
Hackensack, N. J. Dutch Church Records of Bapt. and Marr.
Schraalensburg, N. J. Dutch Church Records.
Tappan, New York, Dutch Church Records.
New York Biographical and Gen. Quarterly. Vols. 1 to 65 inc.
Brooklyn First Dutch Church Records.
Flatbush, Long Island, Dutch Church Records.
Pearson's Albany Records.
Pearson's Schenectady, N. Y. Records.
Holland Documents. Vols. 1 and 2.
Conewago Dutch Church Baptismal Records. Conewago, Pa.
Conewago Dutch Church Marriage Records, 1789 to 1794, inc.
Dutch Manuscripts, Albany, New York. (The Calendar)
Bergen, New Jersey, Dutch Church Records.
Pierson's Early Settlers of Schenectady.
Archives at The Hague, The Hague, Holland.
British State Papers, London, England.
Kentucky Pioneers and Court Records, by McAdams.
Neshantic, N. J. Dutch Ch. Records.
New York Wills.
New Jersey Wills.
Jellson's Kentucky Land Grants.

Authorities, continued.

Collin's History of Kentucky

Records of Baptisms and Marriages, Christ's Church
Parish, Barbados Island, West Indies.

Land Grants in New York and New Jersey, by Winfield.

Early Land Grants, Mercer County, Ky. Jellson

Early Mercer County Marriages, Ky. Court Reports.

Butler County, Ohio, Wills.

York County, Pa., Wills.

Brewer Family Bibles.

Brewer Family Ledgers, Journals, Deeds, and Personal
Documents.

Records of the Amsterdam, Holland, Chamber of Commerce.

Records of the Dutch West Indie Company.

Records of the Dutch Trading Company- 1611 to 1623.

Baptisimal and Marr. Record, Albany, N. Y. Dutch Ch.

Baptisimal and Marr. Record, of Kingston, N. Y. Dutch Ch.

Record of Baptisms and Marr. First Presbyterian Church,
New York City.

Record of Baptisms and Marr. of French Huguenot Church,
New York City.

Baptisms and Marr. Dutch Ch. Leyden, Holland.

Names of Conewago Families shown in the Baptismal Record
for whom the writer does not have any record of origin.

List of

Breen, Jeremiah, Philip
Byer, George
Carmichael, Peter
Chamberlain, Cleton
Ditch, William
*Dunn, Samuel (husband of Antie Stag) of Adam Brouwer Line.
Erwin, Samuel
Freer, Jacobus
Hammer, Baltes
Herres, Daniel
Hols, John
Jewel, Cornelius, William
*Kitchen, Derrick (whose wife Margaret Voorhees was a sister
of Mary (Voorhees) Brewer
Lashell, George
Littell, Henry
Owens, William
Pharis, Joseph
Weeford, Eben
Williams, Daniel, David M. George

A total of 19 family names, comprising 23 individual families,
with a total of 37 baptisms, out of the 541 made at Conewago.

84 -

The Huguenot Settlement at
Manakin Towne

REFERENCE
DO NOT CIRCULATE

By Dr. H. R. McIlwaine, Virginia State
Librarian, Richmond.

Resisting the temptation to spend much time on the general history of the Huguenots, I think it best to plunge almost at once into an account of the settlement at Manakintowne. Unfortunately, the records that have been preserved, or at any rate such as I have been able to find, are not complete enough to permit one to answer every question that might be put in reference to this settlement; still a fairly full account may be given and one that may be looked on as least approximately correct.

In 1886 the Virginia Historical Society published as Vol. 5 of its collections, "Documents, Chiefly Unpublished, Relating to the Huguenot Emigration to Virginia and to the Settlement at Manakintowne, with an Appendix of Genealogies, Presenting Data of the Fontaine, Maury, Dupuy, Trabue, Marye, Chastain, Cocke, and Other Families, etc.", by R. A. Brock, which gives the documents being added to by valuable footnotes, a fairly satisfactory, though disconnected and sometimes confusing, account of the settlement at Manakintowne; the next year was published Vol. 6 of the Collections, containing as one of its items a letter from Governor Francis Nicholson, of Virginia, dated James City (that is), Jamestown, August 12, 1700, to the British Lords of Trade concerning the first company of Huguenots that went to Manakintowne, and a list of these refugees; in 1902 was published "The Huguenots in Virginia" by Richard L. Maury, a book of 116 pages, giving an interesting connected account of the Huguenots in Virginia, and especially those at Manakintowne, but with not a few errors of detail; in 1927, 1928 and 1930 were published volumes 2, 3 and 4 of the "Executive Journals of the Council of Colonial Virginia", embracing the years 1699-1739, and containing minutes of all the deliberations and all the resolutions of the Council on the subject of the Manakintowne Huguenots in that period. These are the principal sources of information to which I have gone in the preparation of this paper, though several other works have also been consulted.

It may be of interest to note that not once in the official Virginia records is the term "Huguenots" used. They are always referred to as the "French Refugees" or "The French Protestant Refugees." The term "Huguenots" was not used at first by the French Protestants themselves. It was a term of reproach applied to them by their enemies, first about the year 1560, and afterwards accepted by them on account of its

convenience, probably, and also, no doubt, because of the heroism shown in persecution by many thus called by their persecutors. The very origin of the term is obscure. One of the most plausible theories is that the word comes from the German word "Eidgenossen" meaning "confederates" or "conspirators", and was applied because the party was supposed by the Catholics to conspire to overthrow the government. Others say that the word comes from "Hugo", meaning "ghost of the night", the popular superstition being that the spirit of Hugh Capet wandered about alone at night just as these Protestants did in getting to their out-of-the-way meeting places.

The Huguenots began leaving France on account of persecution long before the name "Huguenots" was applied to them, certainly as early as 1522. In the reign of Queen Elizabeth as many as 4,000 French Protestants settled in England in a few years after the Massacre of St. Bartholomew's Day (1572), and they kept coming up to the date of the Edict of Nantes (1598), but many more had gone to Holland and parts of Germany and Switzerland. At the Revocation of the Edict of Nantes (1683) the wholesale escape of the Huguenots from France began again. It has been estimated that then about 100,000 of them found refuge in Holland, about 25,000 in Switzerland, 75,000 in Germany, and 100,000 in England, Ireland and Scotland, and eventually in America. France losing thus a large part of her intellect and her manufacturing skill, which, transferred to other countries, became engaged in ruinous competition with the French who remained at home. So far as France is concerned, this Revocation of the Edict of Nantes was one of the most tragic events in her history. The countries of the world that received these refugees with hospitality, though for a time no little drain on their resources, were all in the long run enriched spiritually and financially and in blood.

In England, James II, then on the throne, being a Catholic, was not well disposed toward the Huguenots, but the majority of his subjects were. A public collection was taken up for their benefit amounting to 40,000 lbs.

When the Revolution of 1688 brought William and Mary to the throne, the Huguenots in England came into their own. William of Orange, in whose army were 736 officers of Huguenot birth, not to speak of numbers of privates in the ranks, granted the Huguenots in England 17,200 lbs. sterling annually. And help continued to be extended them till as far down as 1812. When we stop to think that the great majority of the Huguenots came over almost without a penny, it is not surprising, though most of them became self-supporting and some even wealthy in the course of a short time, and all were gradually absorbed by the English people, just as the Huguenots who came to Virginia were gradually absorbed by the people of Virginia, that still in 1812 the poorer among them needed the special assistance of the British government.

It was but natural that these Huguenots refugees should

have looked beyond the countries which first received them to the hospitable inhabitants and the vacant lands of America, and it was but natural that their first entertainers should be willing and indeed anxious to put them in the way of bettering their condition in a new land. Hence it was not long before thousands of them had found their way across the Atlantic and had settled in Massachusetts, New York, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina and South Carolina. It is said that a larger number of them went first and last to South Carolina than to any other colony. It is certain that in South Carolina they have come more nearly to preserving their identity than elsewhere in America, there being in Charleston today a French church with a pure Calvinistic liturgy.

From the earliest days of the settlement of Virginia, French Protestants began to come to the colony. One of them, Nicholas Martiau, coming over before 1620, became one of the leading men of the colony, and was the earliest known Virginia ancestor of George Washington. Col. R. L. Maury states that in a single year, 1687, the Huguenot Relief Committee in London aided six hundred of these refugees to come to Virginia. The Huguenots went to all parts of the colony, but the settlement made by them in Virginia and indeed the largest ever made by them in America. It is to this settlement that we now wish to confine attention.

At the same time that there were many among the Huguenots in England and elsewhere desirous of coming to America, Virginia, included, and at the same time that the governing authorities, wherever the Huguenots (many of them penniless objects of charity) were numerous, were disposed to relieve their own communities of an unusual drain upon their finances, there were men in Virginia owning large areas of land who saw in the situation a chance to dispose of some land profitably, at the same time that they were doing an act of kindness to an oppressed people. Notably Colonel William Byrd the First, one of the best business men that have ever been in Virginia, the direct ancestor of our former Governor, Harry Flood Byrd, saw the opportunity. In 1698 he caused to be presented to the Council of Trade and Plantations several proposals for sending a body of French Protestants to America. It had already been proposed that this party of Huguenots be sent to a tract of land lying, as Colonel Byrd expresses it, "betwixt Virginia and Carolina," meaning that it was claimed by both, and this proposal had already been referred to the Council of Trade and Plantations; so that the Council had the two papers before them at the same time. The paper submitted by Colonel Byrd is most skillfully drawn, and is probably the work of Colonel Byrd's son, who afterwards became Colonel William Byrd the Second, who was a more highly educated man than his father, had a special gift for expression, and was almost his father's equal as a business man. He was in England at the time, holding the office of agent for the Council of Virginia, while his father was in

Virginia, and no doubt he used all the arts of persuasion and all other legitimate means of influencing the members of the Council ordinarily used in what was called in those days "soliciting" a cause before a governmental body. It was skillfully brought out in the paper that not only was the land advocated by the other party in dispute between the governments of Virginia and North Carolina, but that it was for the most part low and swampy land and the air moist and unhealthful, so that it would be sending the Frenchmen to their graves to send them thither, whereas the land proposed for them in upper Virginia was as good as any in America and the climate as healthful. Moreover, there was ample room for them to live comfortably all together, under an easy government, "tho' perhaps", using the language of the proposal "it were better that they were to be disperst in small numbers all over ye Country, for then they would be less Capable of raising any disturbance and wou'd be much more easily Supply'd w'th necessarys toward their first Settlement."

There are, in all, six arguments used in favor of the settlement of the Huguenots in Upper Virginia, the fourth and probably the most effective being that it would be much more to the interest of the King of England and the kingdom to send these Huguenots to an already established colony than to permit them to attempt to establish a new colony, in which it would be long before they would be able to supply their own wants and much longer before they could possibly be of any advantage to England.

Here we see that it was proposed by the other plan that a new colony should be established. The leaders of the Huguenots were indoctrinated with this view when they came to Virginia, for, as we shall see, they supposed that they were going to the land "betwixt Virginia and Carolina" and not to Manakintowne. Even when finally established at Manakintowne they had a lingering idea that they were founding a new colony, an idea of which they were soon disabused by the governor and Council of Virginia. The following is a minute of a meeting of the Council held July 15, 1702. "And in regard the said French Refugees in their Petitions to his Excellency do frequently call themselves the French Colony; and it appearing that the many differences that have arisen among the said Refugees do chiefly proceed from an opinion that their said Settlement is to be under a distinct Government from the rest of the Colony which has occasioned great dissensions amongst some Persons pretending to rule over the others to the manifest Prejudice of that Settlement: His Excellency was pleased to order that ye said Refugees shall not hereafter use the Title of a Colony; And that for the future all Petitions they shall present to his Excellency be in the English tongue."

The principal promoter of the plan against which Colonel William Byrd argued was Dr. Daniel Cox, one of the court physicians, who had claims to many acres of land in America.

among them this tract on which he sought to settle the Huguenots, purchased by him from the heirs of the Right Honorable Henry, Lord Maltravers, to whom Sir John Harvey, Governor of Virginia, had in 1639 granted a patent in the King's name for a large tract of land in southern part of the colony to be called the "County of Norfolk."

It is to Dr. Coxe that is owed the preservation of the records relating to the Huguenot immigration to Virginia in 1700 as printed by Dr. Brock in his book. Dr. Brock's note in reference to this is so important as to warrant reproduction here. It is: "These records, relating to the emigration to Virginia in 1700 of the Huguenots refugees, have been kindly furnished by G. D. Scull, Esq. Oxford, England, who writes that they were copied from a vellum-bound volume of manuscripts endorsed "original Papers relating to the French Plantation in the West Indies", and found in the Bodleian Library. They are undoubtedly the original documents emanating from the Provincial Government of Virginia under Francis Nicholson, as they have the official signature of Dionisius Wright, who, it would appear, was the Secretary to the Council. When the emigration of the French was completed and the necessary papers connected with it collected, they were no doubt sent over to England for the inspection of Dr. Daniel Coxe, who had been the principal promoter of the enterprise. He was one of the Court physicians to Queen Anne, and also in the preceeding reign, and had some influence with royalty in directing the exodus of the French towards Virginia, where he had large grants of territory. He was a zealous churchman and a supporter of Christian missions, and sought to promote the spiritual and temporal welfare of the Huguenot refugees at the same time that he colonized his own lands. At his death his manuscripts were dispersed, and some of them fell into the hands of Rawlinson, the ardent and indefatigable collector, and were by him bequeathed to the Bodleian Library."

Dr. Coxe's interest in land grants in America and in the colonization of the French refugees may be judged by the great number of references to him and his activities in the "Calendar of State Papers, Colonial Series, American and West Indies," beginning with the volume for 1689-1692 and ending with that for 1704-1705, ten volumes in all. There are sixty-five references, some of them being in petitions, letters and other documents written by him. The name is frequently spelled "Cox". Besides being proprietor of the land "betwixt Virginia and Carolina" on which he sought to plant the Huguenots and laying claim to the proprietorship of the whole of Florida, he was one of the proprietors of East Jersey and also of West Jersey. His son, Daniel Cox, Jr. became a leading citizen of the Province of New Jersey dying in 1739 as one of the justices of the Supreme Court of the Province.

Dr. Coxe's first intention in reference to the Huguenots was to plant a colony of them in Carolina (Florida) of which

he claimed to be the proprietor, but when he found that this could not be effected he bent his energies toward planting them in territory between North Carolina and Virginia in which he claimed proprietary rights. It was these Huguenots that petitioned the King for leave to make a settlement there. Dr. Coxe aiding them with all his great influence with the Lords Commissioners of Trade and Plantations, to whom, as a matter of routine, the petition was referred. The only two names mentioned in the report of the Board of Trade on this petition to the King in Council, by whom it was acted on March 7, 1700 (new style), were the Marquis de la Muce and M. De Saily, the leaders of the enterprise. The report of the Board of Trade is as follows:

"May it please your Majesty

In obedience to your Majesty's commands signified to us by the Right Honorable Mr. Secretary Vernon, upon the petition of the Marquis de la Muce, Mon'r De Saily, and other Protestant refugees desiring leave to settle in Norfolk County, in Virginia, we do humbly represent unto your Majesty that the said County being a place more secure than other remoter parts formerly proposed for the Petitioners, your Majesty may be pleased in their favor to send orders to the Gov'r of Virginia (under whose Gov't that County lies) to give them all possible encouragement upon their arrival there- settling their families and promoting their endeavors in planting, etc., by granting them such tracts of land as usual to New Comers:- the said Pet'rs referring themselves to your Majesty in your great wisdom and bounty shall seem meet. It being further requisite that before their departure they be made denizens of England for their greater encouragement in the enjoyment of the privileges accruing thereby."

The "other remoter parts formerly proposed for the petitioners" refers undoubtedly, to Carolina, that is, Florida- not to upper parts of Virginia. Dr. Coxe had won a victory over Colonel Byrd, but he had not succeeded in carrying out his original design.

The King in Council at once issued the necessary orders that the company of Huguenots should be allowed to go to the place designated, that financial assistance should be given them, and that letters of denization should be issued. At the same time a letter was written to Governor Nicholson, of Virginia, requiring him to give all possible assistance in seeing that they were settled in the territory specified.

Nothing could be more definite and preemptory. Nicholson, however, did not hesitate to disobey orders, being convinced that it was practically impossible to carry out the King's instructions because not a sufficient amount of uninhabited land could be found for the purpose in the section designated except some in dispute between Virginia and North Carolina, and because the section was unhealthful- just what Colonel Byrd

had said in his proposals two years before, No doubt, Governor Nicholson and Colonel Byrd had talked the matter over often. Notwithstanding the fact that the matter had been threshed out by the Board of Trade and he had received positive orders, he blandly wrote on August 12, 1700, to the Board of Trade that he had sent the first party of Huguenots to Manakintowne. He said: "I wrote to Colonel Byrd and Colonel Harrison to meet them here (Jamestown), which they did, and we concluded that there was no settling them in Norfolk nor thereabouts, because esteemed an unhealthful place, and no vacant land except some that is in dispute now betwixt us and North Carolina: So we thought it best for them to go to a place about twenty miles above the Falls of the James River commonly called the Manakin Town." This decision was unanimously endorsed by the Council itself at a meeting held the 8th of August, 1700.

The first ship-load of refugees arrived at the mouth of the James River on the 23rd of July, 1700, on board the "Mary and Ann," of London, George Haws, commander. The passage over took thirteen weeks. The governor went down to Hampton to meet them and they were received with kindness by all, many of the wealthier men of the colony contributing liberally to help them. Colonel Byrd went to the Falls of the River, where he owned much land and a few houses, to make arrangements for their entertainment there for a time, since there they had to disembark from the boats that brought them up the river from Jamestown, and secure transportation for the rest of the journey. There were in this first company 207 men, women, and children, including Marquis de la Muce and M. De Saily.

The governor closed his letter to the Board of Trade with the advice that if more were sent over they should be sent in ships destined for the upper James River and be sent in small numbers in any one ship, in order that they might be better accommodated in every respect and preserved from the sickness that frequently accompanied crowding.

No doubt the decision to settle these Huguenots at Manakintowne was a wise one. Little labor would have to be expended in clearing land. The Indian tribe, the fierce Monocans whom Nathaniel Bacon had severely defeated twenty-five years before and the remnants of whom had left the country, had left a sufficient amount of good cleared land. The Huguenots were better served than if they had been sent to some entirely unsettled place on the borders of North Carolina, hard to reach and very unhealthful to newcomers. But the settlement at Manakintowne was so evidently more advantageous to Virginia (because these Huguenots could serve as a protection to the frontiers against the Indians) and to certain members of the Council, especially Colonel Byrd, who owned large tracts of land, not only at the Falls of the James but as far west as Falling Creek, that the Huguenots were inclined

to think that their interests were being sacrificed. They came over thinking that they were going to establish a colony of their own in a land of plenty somewhere on the borders of North Carolina, but found that their destination had been changed, for reasons that they did not quite understand but which they suspected. They were, moreover, much reduced in health by the long voyage on a crowded ship. Hence the company that went up to the Falls of the James was not a happy one. There was much discontentment, and the leaders of the company, the Marquis de la Muce and Monsieur De Sailly, who probably had before the voyage over ever started pictured the prospects of the enterprise in colors that were overroseate, fell in for more than their share of criticism.

De la Muce was a nobleman who had proved his stamina and his inflexible devotion to Protestantism by resisting every effort during an imprisonment of two years soon after the Revocation of the Edict of Nantes to induce him to recant. Then the French government, since he was highly connected and influential, instead of putting him to death or allowing him to continue in prison indefinitely, banished him from the country. In England he had been endeavoring to recoup his fortunes in a measure by interesting himself in the various plans for colonizing in America the large number of Huguenots that could not be well absorbed at once by Great Britain and Ireland. He had had no business training, however, nor so far as is recorded, any training in leadership nor much aptitude. He was unfitted to cope with the difficulties into which he found himself plunged in Virginia. He retired from the scene at the end of a few months, during most of which time he was at the Falls of the James rather than at Manakintowne.

It was left to De Sailly to superintend the actual work done at Manakintowne. From the Falls of the James, De Sailly led the ~~dispirited~~ company- such as were able to proceed, a large number having been left at the Falls too sick or enfeebled to go further- to Manakintowne and there proceeded to clear up the old Indian village, to lay off some streets, and to open a road to the mill on Falling Creek where the settlers were to get supplies of meal. This mill, it is unnecessary to say, was owned by Colonel Byrd. He also organized, or he and the Marquis de la Muce, who was down at the Falls but who probably came occasionally to Manakintowne, a form of government for the settlement, to which he sought to subordinate the second company of Huguenots coming to Manakintowne about two months later.

This second company was under the leadership of their pastor, Monsierru De Joux, who had been ordained by the Bishop of London to take charge as minister of the spiritual interests of all the settler both those that had come in the first ship and those who were to come later. The newcomers refused to be governed according to the form set up, in the framing of

which they had no part, and, complaining also that De Sailly would not share with them the supplies that had been contributed for the benefit of all, went away from the village itself and settled a few miles further down the river between Manakin Creek and Powhite Creek. They shortly sent the Governor and Council a well-written account of their differences with their fellow and made several requests, among them being that the Marquiss de la Muce be required to render an accounting of the money and supplies received by him in England and Virginia for the benefit of the whole company of Huguenots and that he be required to hand over at once to Monsieur De Joux 30 lbs. of the 230 pounds that had been contributed for the building of a church. The Council very shortly ordered the Marquis to render an account as suggested, which he seems to have done, but the whole amount contributed for the building of the church seems to have been kept together until the church could be built at Manakintowne itself, and the heats of these first misunderstandings having died away, all the settlers in Manakintowne and the neighboring country could worship under one roof. The Huguenot Pastor who came over with the first company was Claude Phillipe de Richebourg, who after the death of De Joux, which occurred in 1703, became the regular minister of the parish, though it is a question whether he ever received Episcopal ordination. He continued to officiate till the middle of 1711, when, owing to disagreements with his vestry, he moved to South Carolina.

The second shipload of Huguenots arrived in Virginia about the 20th of September. Their ship was the "Peter and Anthony", of London, Daniel Perreau, commander. Their number was 169, but not all of them went up to Manakintowne.

A third shipload came in about the 20th of October, nearly all of whom were dispersed in the various parts of the Colony. Neither the name of the ship nor the number of passengers is recorded. Only a few of them went up to Manakintowne. The reason for this was that on the 25th of October the Council had met and passed the following resolution: "Whereas several French Refugees have lately, viz: on or about the 20th instant, arrived at James City, in this Colony, with designe to go up to Manakintowne in the upper parts of James River, whither several French are already gone to make Settlement; his Excellency and the Honorable Council taking the same into their serious consideration, are of opinion, that (considering the poverty and disability of the said Refugees, their ignorance in the customs and affairs of this Colony; their wants and necessities, being destitute of all means of support and sustenance at present), it will be most for their advantage and interest to disperse themselves, and do accordingly Order, License and permit the aforesaid French Refugees to disperse themselves into several parts of the country, that they may thereby the better provide for the future support of themselves and families until the next fall, at which time further care may be taken therein.

As for a fourth ship, the "Nassau", Captain Tragian, sailing from Blackwell, Dec. 8th, 1700, and arriving in New York March 5th, 1701, bringing 191 refugees, the very fact that she did not come into the James River shows that her passengers were not primarily intended for Manakintowne. Only a few went up.

Ten thousand acres of land were given the Huguenots by the Virginia government, which were surveyed and distributed to them. 133 (133) acres to each family, by the surveyor of Henrico County, that being the county then embracing the site of Manakintowne.

It was not till the later part of 1704, however, that the matter of laying off the lands was actually completed, though the town site was laid off promptly enough. In the proceedings of the Council for October 26, 1704, is the following:

"Mr. Auditor Byrd Reported his Proceedings in laying out the land appropriated by the General Assembly for the use of the French Refugees settled at Manakintowne, and produced two Plats of the Tracts of land now laid out."

Goochland was formed from Henrico county in 1728, and, lying at first on both sides of the James River, embraced the site of the town. Then Cumberland was formed in 1729 from Goochland, and then Powhatan in 1777, in which county the site of Manakin is now located.

The General Assembly of Virginia at the December, 1700, session passed an act for the encouragement of the Huguenots by which the "said refugees, inhabiting at the said Manakintowne and the parts adjacent, shall be taken and accounted for inhabitants of a distinct parish by themselves." This was to be called King William's Parish, and the parishioners were to be exempt from the payment of all tax for a period of seven years.

It was the original intention that the settlers should live near together in a group of houses forming a village or town each with its garden, and the village containing a church, a parsonage, a school-house, and a hospital. A Plat of the village is reproduced by Dr. Brock in his "Huguenot Emigration." The source of the Plat is not given, but the original, now lost, was probably made by the surveyor before he began his work. It certainly does not represent the village as it actually was, for that, in its most flourishing condition, did not contain more than a few houses and a church. Most of the 133 acre assigned each family was outside the village, and the survey was so made that each parcel of land contained some of the rich bottom land.

For the first winter the refugees had to be provided with food by the charitably inclined among the Virginia people. The

governor issued a brief, that is, an appeal for contributions, in their behalf which was generously responded to by the people. The number of people provided for at Manakintowne was 218- nearly, it is thought, the total population. In this number were 65 children. The original passengers of the first two vessels, with those of the other two vessels that actually went to Manakintowne, numbered nearly twice as many. This shows the losses in a few months. The loss by death had not been great, though the refugees had suffered much from sickness. But evidently there were a great number who had left the settlement in order to better their condition. In the passenger list, for instance, there were the names of many unmarried women, but only two on the list of those to whom supplies of meal were to be issued. Speaking generally, in this list were largely the names of married men and women and their children, who could not improve their condition for this one winter at least by going elsewhere.

Conditions improved, of course, very much after the first winter, but the little village never became populous. Manufacturing, for which the French (and especially the Huguenots) were in that day famous, could not be developed. From the start and always agriculture in a broad sense was almost the only occupation. They did manufacture good wine from the wild grapes that could be gathered in the woods, and probably sold some of it to their English neighbors, but the manufacture seems never to have been extensive. The product was, no doubt, mainly consumed by the makers and their families and friends. A Huguenot hunter by accident discovered bituminous coal in the neighborhood, not on land at that time expressly set aside for the settlers, but the area of the coal deposit was very promptly patented by Colonel Byrd.

It was not long before the people began gradually to desert the village in order to build their houses in the country. They moved not only to adjacent parishes but to adjacent counties, and gradually became intermingled in blood with the rest of the people of the colony. It is unnecessary for me to make any remarks as to the value to the people of Virginia of the infusion of blood furnished by these settlers and the other Huguenots that came to Virginia.

In 1714 there were in King William Parish, that is, the parish of the established church made up of these Huguenots at Manakintowne itself and on the 10,000 acres given the refugees, only 291 in all- men, women, and children. In 1728 there were 180 tithables, but the exact number of people is not stated. In 1744 there were in the parish only 239 inhabitants. At that time only a few people were actually living in the village itself. This may be inferred from the fact that in 1750 or thereabouts the whole of the site of the village was purchased by members of the Scott family, whose descendants own the land at the present time (1932), including the Glebe land furnished the church at the start.

The Glebe land was, of course, close to the church and the residence of the minister.

De Richebourg was followed by Jean Cairon as minister, who died early in 1716. M. Cairon brought with him from England one of the parochial libraries at that time being distributed in the colonies by the devoted Dr. Bray and his associates. A photostat copy of the original list of this library has recently been located in the Library of Congress. This shows that there were 40 volumes, three of the volumes, however, made up in each case of two items bound together. The whole was valued at 9 pounds, 17 shillings. Nearly all the works were in English, there being only three in Latin. None was in French. Evidently the ecclesiastical authorities, following the example of the Governor and Council in Virginia, wished to discourage the use of the French language. It is an inference that M. Cairon brought the library with him, for he gave a receipt for it in October, 1710, when he had not yet arrived in Virginia. The date of the first meeting of the vestry at Manakintowne at which he actually presided appears to be November 21, 1711. No trace is at present to be found of any one of those books. M. Cairon was the last regular minister devoting his whole time to the parish that the Huguenots at Manakintowne had. After his time they were supplied only from time to time by the ministers of neighboring parishes, so many sermons a year being contracted for as the number of tithables seemed to justify payment for.

There have been four church buildings at Manakintowne or adjacent thereto. The first church was in the town itself, not far from the river. The next, a larger building, was on a site close to that of the first church. Both these sites, I am told by the Reverend John Garlick Scott, who was rector of the present church (called the Manakintowne Church or sometimes simply the Manakin Church), are known. The second church building became in course of time in need of repair and because of changes in location of the majority of the parishioners and the condition of the roads, was torn down and its material used in building the third church, which was near the junction of the old Manakintowne Ferry Road, a road now abandoned, and the River Road, South Side, the church facing the Manakintowne Ferry Road. But this building because it was too large for the diminished congregation was also after a time pulled down and portions of its timbers used in the construction of the present church, built about 1894. It faces the River Road and is still in use (1932).

In Brock's "Huguenot Emigration to Virginia" is a translation of the register of baptisms at Manakintowne from March 1, 1722 to July 21, 1754. There is also a fragment of a register of deaths for a few years. In the "Virginia Magazine of History and Biography", Vols. 11, 12, 13, is printed, in English translation, the vestry book of King William Parish for the period 1707-1750. It would be a magnificent piece of work for the Huguenot Society of the Founders of Manakin in

the colony of Virginia to publish in a handsome volume these three items in the original French and an English translation, side by side with copious historical and genealogical notes. There are thousands of persons in Virginia and in other sections of the United States bearing Huguenot names and greater numbers still of those who though they do not bear the names of Huguenots directly, have the blood in their veins. The Huguenots of Manakintowne deserve the best.

(This address was delivered at the First National Meeting of the Huguenots Society of the Founders of Manakin in the Colony of Virginia, at Farmville, Virginia, on the evening of April 16, 1932). Pages 66 to 77 inclusive, of Vol. 6 (1933) The Huguenot Miss Lucy Mary Ball, Jacksonville, Illinois, Editor.

Copied by S. S. Brewer, New Lebanon, Indiana, from the original Vol. 6, now in his private library. Oct. 7, 1937.

Communication from Governor Francis Nicholson
of Virginia regarding Huguenot Refugees on
board ship "Mary and Ann", Aug. 12, 1700.

List of ye Refugees (French)

Pierre Delome, et sa femme
Marguerite Sene, et sa fille
Magdalaine Mertle, Jean Vidau
Tertulien Sehult, et sa femme et deux enfants
Pierre Lauret, Jean Roger
Pierre Chastain, a femme et Cinq enfants
Phillippe Duvivier
Pierre Nace, sa femme et Leur deux filles
Francois Clere, Symon Sardin
Soubragon, et Jacques Nicolay
Pierre du Loy, Abraham Nicod
Pierre Mallet, Francoise Coupet
Jean Oger, sa femme et trois enfants
Jean Saye, Elizabet Angeliere
Jean et Claude Mallefant, avec leur mere
Isaac Chabanas, sou fils, et Catharine Bomard
Estienne Chastain, Adam Vignes
Jean Menager et Jean Lesnard
Estienne Badouet, Pierre Morriset
Jedron Chamboux, et sa femme
Jean Farry et Jerome Dumas
Joseph Bourgoian, David Bernard
Jean Chevas, et sa femme
Jean Tardieu, Jean Moreau
Jacques Roy, et sa femme
Abraham Sablet, et des deux enfants
Quintin Chastatain et Michael Roux
Jean Quictet, sa femme et trois enfants
Henry Cabanis, sa femme et un enfant
Jacques Sayte, Jean Boisson
Francois Bosse, Jean Fouchie
Francoise Sassin, Andre Cochet
Jean Gaury, sa femme et un enfant
Pierre Gaury, sa femme et un enfant (Senator Gore)
Jaques Hulyre, sa femme et quatre enfants
Pierre Perrut, et sa femme
Isaac Panetier, Jean Parransos sa seur
Elie Tremson, sa femme, Elizabeth Tignac
Antoine Trouillard, Jean Bourru et Jean Bouchet
Jaques Voyes, Elizabeth Mingot
Catharine Godwal, Pierre la Courru
Jean et Michell Cautepie, sa femme et deux enfants
Jaques Broret, sa femme et deux enfants (Senator Borah)
Abraham Moulin et sa femme
Francois Billot, Pierre Comte
Etienne Guevin, Rene Massoneau

Francois du Tartre, Isaac Verry (Merre)
Jean Parmentier, David Thonitier et sa femme
Moyse Lewreau, Pierre Tillou
Marie Levesque, Jean Constantin
Claud Bardon, sa femme
Jean Imbert, et sa femme
Elizabet Fleury, Loys du Pyn
Jaques Richard, et sa femme
Adam et Marie Prevost
Jaques Viras, et sa femme
Jaques Brousse, sou enfant
Pierre Cornu, Louiss Bon
Isaac Fordet, Jean Pepre
Jean Gaillard, et son fils
Anthonie Matton, et sa femme
Jean Lucadou, et sa femme
Louiss Orange, sa femme et un enfant
Daniel Taure, et deux enfants
Pierre Cupper, Daniel Roy, Magdelain Gigou
Pierre Grelet, Jean Jovany, sa femme, deux enfants
Pierre Ferrier, sa femme, un enfant
La vefve faure et quatre enfants
Isaac Arnaud, et sa femme
Pierre Chatanier, sa femme et son pere
Jean Fonasse, Jaques Bibbeau, Jean March
Catharine Billot, Marie et Symon Jourdon
Abraham Menot, Timothy Moul, sa femme, un enfant
Jean Savin, sa femme, un enfant
Jean Sargeaton, sa femme, un enfant
Claud Philipe, et sa femme
Gabriel Sturter, Pierre de Corne
Helen Trubyer

59 femmes ou filles
38 enfants
108 hommes
205 personnes

Messrs De la Muce et de Sailly fout en

tout 207 personnes

Virginia: James Town, July 31, 1700

Olivier de la Muce
Ch. de Sailly

Received of ye hon'ble Marquis de la Muce and Chas. de la
Sailly, ye summe of nine hundred, forty-five pounds in full
for ye passage of 205 people aboard ye ship Mary and Ann,
bound for Virginia, I say received this 19th April, 1700
--Geo. Hawes.

REFERENCE
DO NOT CIRCULATE

The Illinois Regiment (Clarke's Army).

By Louis A. Burgess, of the Land Office, Richmond, Virginia.

The following warrents were issued to the following soldiers of the Illinois Regiment, April 8th, 1856. Each warrant was for 100 acres, the proportion of land allowed a Private. Warrants, 9714-9717 in order, to Michael Petters, Joseph Papin, Alphonse Pateters, Andrew Marleaun. These warrents to the heirs of these soldiers. These men all served for three years as volunteers in the Illinois Regiment. Recorded Book 3, Page 581, Va. L. Off.

State of Illinois, St. Claire County. Personally appeared before Narcisse Carnoyer, Justice of the Peace, the following: Peter Godin, who deposed that he, together with Lewis Leana, Michael Pilette, Jacques La Marche, Thomas Brady, Joseph Delige, Joseph Allery, John B. Saucier, Pierre Buteau, Charles Buteau, Nicholas Lackhouse, John B., Julien, and Herbert Mercier, Lewis and Joseph Clermont, Joseph Cecile, Peter and Louis Laperche, Francois Chevallier, Pierre Chetier, Gabriel and Andrew Marleau, Pierre Lafleur, Louis Laconte, John B. Dechais, and Alexis Bresson, and others who served in the Revolution as Volunteers in what was called the Illinois Regiment under the Command of Col. George Rogers Clarke.

Peter Godin remembers well that Joseph and Louis Clermont, Nicholas Lackhouse and Lewis Leana were at the capture of Fort St. Vincennes, how many of the others named above were there he does not distinctly recollect, but he confidently deposed that himself together with all the above named were at intervals in service for several years, and that during a part of 1778 and 1779 their services were active, perilous and laborious.

The towns of Kaskaskia, Cahokia and the country generally required to hold themselves ready at any moment for attack or defense. He deposed for himself that he never received from the general government or from the State of Virginia, either pay or land bounty or that any one of the above named men received such, June 9th, 1838. Signed Nicholas Connoyer. Certified by James M. Charles, Clerk.

General Land Office, April 4, 1856, I, Thomas A. Hendricks, Commissioner General Land Office, April 4, 1856, Thomas A. Hendricks, Commissioner, certified that the annexed paper is a true and literal copy of the original papers on file in this office. Signed, City of Washington, D. C.

Warrents, Nos. 9723-9733 inclusive for 100 acres each to as many of these volunteers.

(From page 26, of Publication No. 3, "The Huguenot", published by the Huguenot Society Founders of Manakin in the Colony of Va.) 1927. Publication No. 3 now in the private library of Samuel Scott Brewer, New Lebanon, Indiana, as well as other publications issued by the above named Society.

REFERENCE
DO NOT CIRCULATE

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Filed under Brewer Family

Manakintowne Huguenot Settlers, near James City, Virginia, 1700.

Aboasson	Biognan
Agee	Bioret
Agnast	Blouet
Aigle	Blooet (Blewett-Bluet)
Allaigre (Allegre)	Bocar
Alocastros	Boff
Amis	Boignan (Biognan)
Amonet (Ammonet)	Boisseau
Angeliers	Boisson (Boissou)
Annis	Bomard
Apperson	Bon
Arnand	Bonard
Arnaud (Arnaut-Arno-Arnett)	Bondurant (Bondurand)
Arrison	Bonion
Asseau	Bonsergent
Aubry	Bonvillier
Augustin	Booker
Aulegnes	Bore
Aunant	Bossard (Boshard)
Badouet (Badouit)	Bossart
Badouil	Bosse
Balaros	Bouchert (Bouchet)
Banton (Blanton)	Bougovan
Barachin	Bourgoian (Burgoyne)
Barbie (Barbee)	Bewrua (Borah)
Bardon	Bouvot
Barel (Barrel)	Bowdoin
Barnet	Bower
Barrand	Braban
Barriere (Barrier)	Brault
Basel	Brian (Brians-Bryans-Bryant)
Baton	Brieou (Brokaw)
Baudry	Broc (Brock)
Bazoil	Brooke
Beaufort	Broret
Befor	Brousse (Brouse)
Bellet	Bryer
Bellin (Bellini)	Buffe
Belloe	Burrand
Bengli	Cabanis (Cabiness-Cabarniss)
Benin	Caboine
Bernard	Caftes
Berrand	Cahaigne
Berrard	Cailland
Bibbeau	Caillau
Bilbaud (Bilbau-Bilbun)	Calvert
Billet	Cantepie
Billiebo (Bilbo)	Cappon (Capen-Capon-Cappen)
Billot	Carboneau
Bingli (Bingly)	Carbonnet

Caron
 Castagne
 Castiche
 Castige
 Castra
 Cautepie
 Cavalier
 Chabanas
 Chabran
 Chalagenie
 Chalaine
 Chalainier
 Chalin
 Chambares (Chambures)
 Chambon (Chambor)
 Chambeux
 Chaperon
 Charetie
 Charier
 Charpentier
 Chastan (Chastain-Chastaine)
 Chatanier
 Chaveron
 Chenas
 Cheneau
 Chevas
 Clarke
 Clere
 Cochet
 Cocuelguie
 Coliart
 Collie
 Combel
 Comte
 Constable
 Constantine (Constantin)
 Corbell
 Corbelouse
 Corbet
 Corine
 Corne
 Corneau (Cornu)
 Gorun
 Gosby
 Coullard
 Coullon
 Coupet
 Courru
 Coustillat (Constillat)
 Crouch
 Cumery
 Cuper (Cupper)
 Curien
 Curry (Curry)

D'Allison (Allison)
 Daniel
 D'Aubigne (Dabney)
 Daulegre
 Dauphin
 David
 De Bart
 De Bettens
 De Clapie
 De Clue
 De Corne
 Deen
 De Hay
 De Hon
 De Joux
 De la Brouse
 De Lalua
 De la Muce
 De Launay (Delana)
 Delhapiel
 De Linet
 De Lome
 De Lorn
 Delpus
 De Melez
 De Melvis
 Deneille (Deneale)
 Deppe (Depp)
 De Ramberge
 De Richebourg
 De Saily
 Dieu
 Don
 Dousseau
 Duacou
 Dubroq
 Dubruil (Dibreil)
 Duchemin
 Duclow
 Duclue
 Ducre
 Du Crow
 Dufonsau
 Du Loy
 Dumas
 Duncan
 DeFree
 Dupuy
 Du Pyn
 Durand
 Duronsau
 Dutarte (DuTartre)
 Dutoi (Dutoil) (Dutoi)
 Duval

Duviver
 Dyker
 Dykins
 Eabuyt
 Edmon
 Egarne
 Elson
 Esly (Easley)
 Edins (Eddings)
 Faizant (Fasant)
 Faonton
 Faroy
 Farry
 Faucher
 Faure
 Fauve
 Felsau
 Ferran
 Ferre
 Ferrier
 Feuillet
 Filhon
 Finne
 Fleminoie
 Fleury
 Flournoy (Fleurnoir)
 Foix
 Fonasse
 Fontaine
 Fonuiele
 Forde
 Fordet
 Forlaines
 Forqueran (Forqurand)
 Foucher (Fouche-Foshee)
 Fouillet
 Fournet
 Foy
 Fradot (Fradat)
 Gaillard
 Gannard
 Gardner
 Gargean
 Garre
 Garren
 Gasper (Gaspard-Gaspard)
 Gassard
 Gastand
 Gaury (Gowry-Gaure-Gore)
 Gautie
 Gpvand
 Gavin
 Gaway
 Genin

Geoffray
 Geraux
 Gererdeau (Girardeau)
 Gerner
 Gigon
 Gigou
 Gillan
 Gillaum
 Gioudar (Gioudan)
 Giraudan
 Girault
 Giredan
 Godriet
 Godwal
 Goin
 Gomar
 Gondemay
 Gonfan
 Gerner
 Gose (Goss-Gase)
 Gosfand
 Gouiran
 Gourdonne
 Goury (Garry)
 Govin
 Grahame (Graham)
 Grelet
 Greordocaso
 Guamondet
 Gurrant (Guerin-Gueran)
 Gueruer
 Guervot
 Guettie
 Guevin
 Guichet
 Gullature
 Gulte
 Gunn
 Gwinn (Guinn)
 Hagault
 Hamton
 Hanery (Haneri)
 Harri
 Henley
 Howard
 Hugault (Hugaut-Hugo)
 Hugon
 Hulyre
 Imbart (Imbert)
 Janbon
 Joacmi
 Joanes
 Jordan
 Joseph

Jouany
Jourdon
Jovany
Joyeau
LaBadie
LaBarr
LaBoire
LaCadon
Lacaze
LaCourru
Lacy
LaFew (LaForce)
Lafuitte
Lalorie
LaMare
Lamas
Langlade
Landson
Lanusse
La Prade
La Soisee
Lassin
Latine
Latinier
Launay
Laureau (Larus)
Lauret
Lavigne
Leasco
LeCoin
LeFeme
LeFevre (LeFever-LeFavour-LeFebre)
LeFoy
Legover
LeGrande (La Grand)
LeHew
Leluelis
Lemarchand
Leneaveau
LeRoux
LeRoy
Lesebure
Leseur
Lesnard
Leurat
Levasseur
Leverre (Le Vere)
Levesque (Vest)
LeVillain (Levilland)
Levrant
Lewreau
L'Orange
Loucadon (Loucadou)
Louys

Macan
Madouay
Maizeaux (Des)
Malard (Maillard-Malarde)
Mallefant
Mallet
Mallon
Mallott
Malver
Mar
Marche
Mare
Marrisset (Moriset)
Marot
Martin
Marye (Merry)
Maseres
Masset (Massey)
Massoneau
Matton
Mattory
Maupin
Maurey
Maxey
Mazel
Mazeris (Maseres-Masere)
Mearyut
Melonie (Malone-Maloney)
Menager
Menetrie (Ministres)
Menot
Mertle
Michaux
Michel
Micou
Mingot
Minst
Mocks
Molinie
Monford (Monfort)
Monnicat
Montgut (Montague)
Moreau (Morroe)
Morel
Moret
Moriset (Morrisset-Mariset)
Moroll
Moul
Moulin
Mountier
Muller
Mullin
Nace
Nicod

Nicolay (Nicola)	Regnault (Reno)
Obrey	Remis (Remy)
Odias	Renaud (Reno)
Oger (Ogier)	Renoil
Ojer	Ribot
Olivier (Oliver)	Richard
Olmier	Riche (Ritche)
Onan	Richebourg
Orange	Richemon
Ormund	Riches
Panetie (Panetier)	Richet
Pantier	Rivers
Papham	Riviole (Rivioli)
Papin	Roball
Parcule	Robard
Parenteau	Robin
Parmantie	Robinson
Parmentier	Rochet
Parontes	Rogers
Parransos	Roger
Parrat (Parrott)	Rogier
Passedoit	Rondere
Pasteur	Rounel
Patterson	Rousseau
Pean (Peen-Pene-Peane)	Roussell
Pemberton	Rousset
Pepre	Rouviere
Perault (Pero-Perrow-Perreau)	Roux
Perenteau	Roy
Perrut	Rugon
Perry	Rulleau
Peru	Rullet
Petit (Petitt)	Russ
Philippe	Sabattie
Pinnet	Salle (Saillee-Sailly)
Pointevin	Samson
Porter	Samuel
Pouisette	Sarazin
Powell	Sardin
Prain	Sargeaton
Prampain	Sasain (Sassain-Susain)
Presnall	Saum
Prevot (Prevot)	Savin
Prevost	Saya
Prevoteau	Saye (Seay)
Proan	Sayte
Prot	Scot (Scott)
Prouit	Seahult (Schult)
Purrit	Sene
Quietet	Shabron
Rambaeye	Shorte (Short)
Rambrey	Shulu
Rapene (Rappine)	Smithe
Rasciene (Racine)	Sneadow

Soblet (Sublet)
Sobriche
Sobry
Solaigre (Soulegre-Soulaigre)
Souan
Soubragon
Souille (Soulie-Souile)
Souinne (Sweeney)
Soule
Spönge
Stanford
Stoneband
Stot
Streof
Sturter
Sublet (Sublitt-Soblet-Sobler)
Subus
Suce
Sugre
Sumter
Surgan
Surin
Symond
Taboi
Tammass (Thomas)
Taniere
Tanin
Tardieu
Tartre (du)
Taure
Tauvin
Teler (Taylor)
Temple
Tevis
Thonitier
Tignac
Tillou
Tonin
Trabue
Trauve
Tremson
Treat
Tregis
Troc (Troe)
Tounllard
Trubyer
Tryon (Trion)
Tuly
Vaillan
Vallant
Vallons (De)
Deras
Verau
Verduiel

Vernueil
Verrueil
Verry (Verrey)
Vidau
Viet (Vias)
Vignes
Vilain (Villain)-(Le Villain)
Vique
Viras
Voye (Voyes)
Voyer
Vudurand
Watkins
Wever (Weaver)
Williamson
Witt
Young
Zossard

Some of the above family surnames which are found in
Sullivan County, Indiana, at the present time.

Apperson
Arnett
Barbee
Barnet
Blue (Belloe)
Booker
Bossard
Bosse
Brokaw (Bricou)
Brock (Broc)
Brooke
Calvert
Clarke
Clerk (Clere)
Crouch
Curry (Cury)
Allison (D'Allison)
Daniels
Duncan
Duval
Ferrell (Ferre)
Ford
Short (Shorte)
Sweeney (Souinne)
Thomas (Tammis)
Taylor (Teler)
Temple

Gardner
Goings (Goin)
Graham (Grahame)
Gunn
Gwinn
Henley
Howard
Joseph
Lacy
Vest (Levesque)
Mallott
Martin
Merry (Marye)
Massey (Masset)
Mason (Massoneau)
Oliver (Olivier)
Penny (Pean)
Perry
Powell
Porter
Ritchie (Riche)
Robinson
Rogers
Sallee (Salle)
Scott (Scot)
Weaver
Williamson

The Walloon and French Petitioners.

The signatures of such Walloons and French as offer themselves to go to Virginia, is preserved in the British Public Record Office, London. (State Papers, Colonial, Vol. 1, No. 54). The original measures eighteen by thirteen and one-half inches. The signatures, accompanied with a statement of the calling of each person, are arranged in the form of a "round robin", encircling the "promise" made by the signers to fulfill, the conditions set forth in their communication to the English ambassador.

From the Walloon Library in Leyden, a report shows that the greater number of these petitioners were members of the Walloon Church in that city;

"Signatures."

Jesse de Forest, tincturer	Dye & Color maker
Nycolas de la Marlier, tincturer	" " " "
Han Dumont, laboureur	Laborer
Jan Gille, laboureur	"
Jan de Trou, paigneur en laine	Woolen cloth maker
Philippe Maton, teinturie et deux serviteur	Dyer's Assistant
Anthoyne de Violate, vigeron de vingne	Maker & blender of wines
Ernon Catoir, paignnier,	Cloth weaver
Anthoin Desendre, laboureur	Laborer
Abel de Crepy, ouvrier de la navette	Shuttle maker
Adrien Barbe, tainurier	Dyer
Michelle Censier, ticheran de drape,	Sail cloth maker
Jerome de Le Roy, tischeron de drape,	" " "
Claude Ghiselin, tailleur dabits,	Cloth cutter
Jan de Crenne, facteur,	Musical instrument maker
Louis Broque, laboureur	Laborer
Mousnier de la Montagne, estudiant en medicine,	Medical student
Jacque Conne, laboureur de terre	Soil & Land Expert
Henry Lambert, drapier de drap	Cloth maker (fabrics)
Jorge le Ca, charger,	Shipper
Michel du Pon(Pon), chapillier	Hat maker
Jan Billet, laboureur	Laborer
Polle de Pasar, tiseran	Weaver
Antoine Gremier, gardener	Gardener
Jean Gourdemane, laboureur	Laborer
Jean Champion, painnier	Bread maker
Jan de la Mot, labourneur	Laborer

Franchois Fourdrin, passeur de peau	Furrier & tanner
Jan le Ca, laboureur	Laborer
Theodor du Four, drapier	Cloth weaver
Gilliam Broque, laboureur	Laborer
Gourge Woutre,	"
Jan Sage, sairger	Blood Doctor (Bleed- ing)
Mari Flip, au nom de son mari munier	Maker of munitions
P. Gantois, estudiant en theologie	Studen of theology
Jacques de Lechielles, brasseur	Brew master
Jan le Roy, imprimeur	Printer & book maker
Marque de Jan de Croy, scieur de boy	Lawyer & law clerk
Marq de Challe Channy, labourer	Laborer
Marq de Francoi Clitden, laboureur	Laborer
Flipe Campion, drapepier	Cloth weaver
Robert Broque, laboureur	Laborer
Philippe de Le, ouvrier Charpen- tier	Wood carver & carpenter
Jenne Martin, laboureur	Laborer
Piere Cornille, vingeron	Wine maker
Jan du Carpentier, laboureur	Laborer
Martin du Carpentier, fondeur de cuivre	Worker in metals
Thomas Farnarque, serrurier	Lock-smith
Pierre Gasper de Sargeant	Soldier
Gregoire le Jeune, cordonnier	Rope maker
Martin Framerie, musician	Musician
Pierre Quesnier, brasseur	Brew-master
Pontue le Geay, fasseur destamin	Maker of arrows
Bartholomy Digaud, seyeur de bois	Cabinet maker

Records of Walloon Library, of Leyden, Holland.

De La Marlier, Jean de la Marlier was witness to the baptism of Philieppe, son of Jesse de Forest and Marie du Cloux, in the Walloon Church of Leyden, September 13, 1620.

Damont, Francoise Dumont, a native of Liege, was married, Dec. 15, 1633.

Gille, Jean Gille, a native of Lisle, was married to Cataline Face, of Leyden, October 17, 1615.

Maton, Phillippe Maton, a native of Fourcoin, was married to Philippotte Caron, January 10, 1599.

Catoir, a child of Arnoul Catoire, was baptised September 23, 1618.

Desendre, Anthone Decendre witnessed the baptism of a child of Jean de Croi, March 28, 1621.

Crepy, Abel Crepy and Jaqueline de Lannoy (Delano), presented their daughter Susanne for baptism, Feb. 6, 1627.

Barbe, Adrien Barbe was witness to the baptism of Adrien, son of Jean Barbe, Sept. 14, 1623.

Le Roy, Jerosme le Roy, a native of Armentiereres, was married to Susanne le Per, of Norwich, England, Nov. 1, 1620.

Ghiselin, Claude Gyselin, was witness to the baptism of a child of Gregoire le Jeune, March 28, 1621.

Censier, Michelle, daughter of Michel Censier, was baptised September 29, 1624.

De Cranne, Jean de Cranne was a witness to the baptism of a child of Gregoire le Jeune, Mch. 28, 1621.

Broque, Louis Broque and Ghertruy Quinze presented their son, Pierre, for baptism January 30, 1622.

Goinne, Jacques Goinne, a native of Ron, near Lille, was married to Christienne Baseu, or le Baseur, of Fourcain, July 27, 1614, Their son was baptised, Noe, on June 28, 1620.

Lambert, Henri Lambert was received to the Holy Communion, at Pentecost, 1620, upon confession of his faith. Henri Lambert, born near Limbourg, and Anne Digan, of Noyelles, in Hainault, were married Nov. 1, 1620. (Another Henri Lambert, a native of Liege, was married November 10, 1621, to Marguerite Simon).

Du Pon, Michiel du Pon, a native of Valenciennes, was married to Nicole Billet, of Herdeyn, July 8, 1597.

Campion, Jean Campion, a native of Artois, was married to Isabeau Cap, August 25, 1607.

De La Mot, Jean de la Mote and Marie Fache, his wife, presented their son, Jean, for baptism, Nov. 10, 1622.

Martin, Antoinne Martin, born near St. Amand, was married to Prudence Husse, of St. Amand, December 8, 1619.

Le Ca, Jean le Ca, a native of Halewyn, was married to Marie des Pre, of Monvau, January 7, 1617.

Du Four, Theodore du Four and Sara Nicaise, his wife, presented their daughter, Madelaine, for baptism, July 24, 1616.

Broque, Gilliam Broque was a witness to the baptism of

Pierre, son of Louis and Ghertruy Broque, Jan. 30, 1622.

Sage, Marie, fille de Jean le Sage, was baptised in March, 1605.

De Lechielles, Jaques de Lespielle witnessed with Jesse and Rachel de Forest, to the baptism of Henri, son of Henri Lambert, August 1, 1621.

De Croy, Two children of Jean de Croy were baptised in the Walloon Church, Apr. 12, 1615 and Mch. 28, 1621.

Du Carpentry, Jean des Carpentry, a native of Landa (Landas in Flanders) was married to Anna Chotein, from the neighborhood of St. Amand, Mch. 10, 1619.

Farnaroque, Thomas Farvarque and Marie, his wife, presented their son, Abraham, for baptism, Mch. 28, 1624.

Le Jeune, Gregoire le Jeune and his wife, Jenne de Merre, presented their son, Isaac, for baptism, Mch. 28, 1621.

Framerie, Martin Framerie and Marie Francois, his wife, presented their son, Zacharie, for baptism, Oct. 18, 1620.

Quiesnier, Pierre Quesnee, or Quesney, a native of Four-coin, and Marie le Per, of Wacka, near Lille, were married February 27, 1617.

Digand, Barthelemey Digand and Francoise Fregeau, his wife, presented their son, Isaac, for baptism, Mch. 1, 1620.

Presented by Samuel Scott Brewer, October 1st, 1937. From original Records in his Private library, at New Lebanon, Sullivan County, Ind.

Copied from Somerset County Historical Quarterly, Vol. 4, Page 267, October Quarter, 1915, A. Van Doren Honeyman, Editor, Somerville, New Jersey.

The Conewago Colony- Baptisms 1769 to 1793.

In the July Quarterly an account was given of the families migrating from Somerset and Bergen counties, New Jersey, in 1765 and later, to York (now Adams county, Pennsylvania). The statement was then made that "as many as 150 Dutch (including a few German) families from New Jersey, and doubtless a third of them from Somerset", were included in this westward movement. A closer inspection of the preserved baptismal record of the Reformed Dutch church established by the pioneers of these families at Conewago, Pa., indicates that at least 167 families were represented in that church. As such record would only name those in whose homes children were born, there are to be added a few childless families, if there were such. Then, to get at the real strength of the migration, there must be added the probable number of unmarried men and women, and also the number of children born into some of the families while the parents resided in New Jersey. It may be surmised, therefore, that the number of living souls forming the Conewago colony about the time it dissolved could not have been less than 1,000. The estimate stated is thus based:

Number of parents, twice 167	334
Number of unmarried Men and Women (say)	50
Number of children migrating (say)	150
Number of children baptised at Conewago	541
Total	1,075
Less supposable deaths at Conewago	75
Would make living there at one time	1,000

A mere estimate, of course, but not an improbable one. Yet in 1817 only five Dutch families remained, all others going to Kentucky and "the Lake country". (See Corwin's Manual, Fourth Ed., p. 956).

Of the 167 families represented in the baptismal record, I should judge that about one-third went from Bergen county; but as Bergen and Somerset duplicated so many Dutch surnames an exact count cannot be made. A few names indicate they were of previous settlers of a part of Essex (now Union) and Middlesex counties; so over one-third must have gone from Somerset. Those from Somerset were chiefly from Hillsborough, Montgomery and Franklin townships, and it is an interesting fact that, while far distant from this county, as distance was then counted (at least 160 miles by public road) they were visited, at times, by their old Somerset pastors, Van Harlingen, Hardenbergh and Leydt.

The names of the male heads of these families (spelled in the modern way when they are certainly known) are as follows (with some possible omissions):

Tabulated Known Conewago Families According to Male Parents.

Amerman, Hendrick
 Aten, Jan
 Banta, Abraham, Albert, David, Hendrick (2), Peter, Samuel
 Bessel, John
 Bodine, Abraham, Daniel, John
 Boice, Dennis V. D.
 Breen (Brien), Jeremiah, Philip
 Brinkerhoff, George, Henry, Jacob, John, Luke, Roelof, William
 Brokaw, Abraham, Ferdinand, George, John, Peter
 Brouwer (Brewer), Abraham, John
 Burnet, George
 Byer, George
 Cammagaar, (Cammeyer) Hendrick, John
 Carmichael, Peter
 Chamberlain, Cleton
 Colenis, John
 Conover, Cornelius, John
 Cosart, David, Francis, Jacob, Peter
 Cosine, Cornelius, Garret, John, Peter
 Covenhoven, Cornelius, John
 Covert, Daniel, Isaac
 DeBaun, Abraham, Joseph
 De Graaf, Abraham (2), Michael, William Swart
 Demarest, Albert, Cornelius, David, Garret, Luke, Samuel
 Dennis, John
 Ditch, William
 Dorland, Garret
 Dorie (Duryea), Peter
 Dunn, Samuel
 Erwin, Samuel
 Fonteyn (or Van Tuyn), Charles, Serrell, Thomas
 Freer, Jacobus
 Griggs, William
 Hegeman, Abraham, Adrian
 Hammer, Baltes
 Herres, Daniel
 Hoff (Huff), Abraham
 Hols, John
 Honts (Hants or Houtes), Cristofel, John
 Hogtell (Hoogtaling), Hosea
 Jansen (Johnson), Abraham, Andrew, Thomas
 Jewell, Cornelius, William
 Jury, Benedict
 Kingsland, John
 Kiching (Kitchen), Derrick
 Kipp, Barent, John, Tobias

Klopper (Dlpooer), Cornelius
Klyn (Kline), Hendrick
Konrat, John
Lashell, George
Littell, Henry
Lott, Cornelius
Luyster (Lister), Peter
Maste (Meste), Peter
Middagh, Ephraim
Montfort, Francis, Jacob, Jan, Peter, Lawrence
Myers, -----
Nevius, Martin
Oblinis, John
Owens, William
Parcel (Purcel?), Brigon, Derrick, Isaac, John, Peter, Roelof
Perseir, (Purcel?), Peter
Pharis, Joseph
Peterson, Gerbrant, Peter
Rune, Benedict
Schomp, George, Henry
Serpeing (Sebring), Samuel
Slot, Benjamin
Smock, Barent, Jacob, John
Snedeker, Christian
Stag (Steg), Daniel, James
Stryker, Henry
Terpenning, Samuel
Titsworth, Isaac, Mark
Van Arsdale, Abraham, Cornelius, Garret, Isaac, John, Luke,
Simon
Van Cleef, Isaac
Vanderbilt, Jacobus
Vanderveer, Hendrick
Van Duyn (Van Duyne), Dennis
Van Dyck (Van Dyke), John, Peter
Van Huys (Van Nuys), Cornelius
Van Sant, Bernardus, Peter
Van Tuyn (See Fonteyn)
Voorhees, Abram, Cornelius, Garret, Jacob, Peter, Rulif,
(Roelof)
Weeford, Eben
Westervelt, Abraham, Jacob, Jan
Williams, Daniel, David M., George
Williamson, Theodore

There may be some uncertainties as to a few of the surnames above given, and an occasional Christian name, owing to the wretched and variable spellings by the Dutch officiating ministers at Conewago, but the list is approximately correct, and it may be compared, by anyone interested, with the full baptismal record as given below. I have allowed the Christian name "Jacobus" to stand in the foregoing list

when it is uncertain whether it is for James or Jacob.

Another list of families at Conewago mentions the following names of members of that colony, none of which, if I mistake not, appear in the baptismal record; Dennis Dubois, Isaac De Baun, Richard Eichin (Kitchen?), Isaac Hulick, Ferdinand Hulick, George Sebring, Nicholas Van Horn, Aaron Voorhees, William Williamson, Frederick Williamson. Some other names also appeared in the last Quarterly.

The full church baptismal record is now published for the first time, in the hope that it will prove serviceable to living relatives or descendants of the families named. Many Jersey men seeking information in genealogical lines may also discover in this record the names of those who disappeared, as if by some mysterious happening, from Bergen and Somerset just before the Revolution, and of whose whereabouts thereafter they have never been able to secure a clue.

The omissions in the record supplied by blanks, and sometimes by names followed by interrogation marks, indicate torn parts of pages, rendering it impossible to state the names originally written. As the writer does not know where the original record is at present, and what is here printed is from a copy of the record and not from the record itself, its perfect accuracy is not guaranteed.

While the spellings in this record as printed below are unaltered, the surnames are placed first, for convenience of reference, and all words other than names rendered into English.

Conewago, Pa., Baptisms.

1769?

Amerman, Hendrich and Yannetie Van Artsdalen - Antje Williams, George and Gesyea Fonteyn - William

1769 Westervelt, Jacob and Maria Demaree - Debora

Oct. 23, (Following "bapt. by Dr. J. M. Van Harlingen").

" " Oblenis, Jan and Maria Slegel - Sarah Cossart, David and Sara Van Duin - David Van Arsdalen, Abram and Antie Perlee - Simon Banta, Abram and Margrietie Montfort - Rachel Banta, Albert and Styntie Monfort - Hendrich Monfort, Frans and Gertie Banta - Rachel Owens, William and Maria Sanger (?) - Elizabeth Banta, Hendrick and Antie Demorie - Antie Cossart, Peter and Mary Duryea - Hans Vanderbilt, Jacobus and Elizabeth Janse - Cateirana

1770

May 27 Van Arsdalen, _____ and _____ Peterse - Peter
Witnesses: Peter Peterson and Eliza Peterson.
son.

Pessel, Derick and Cornelia Hoff - Isaac

Witness: Isaac Pessel.

Bodine, Jan and Lemetie Cosine - Cornelius
Van Arsdalen, John and Neltie Peterson- Isaac
De Snedeker, Christian and _____ Van Arsdalen -
Jan Pessel, Jan and Antie Powelse - Isaac Rune,
Bennedeke and Maria Hart - Willem Smack, Jan
and Lena Van teyn - Jacob (Smock) Williams,
Jores and Gesyea Van Duyn - Peter Herres, Danael
and Elezabet Demaree - Lena Westervelt, Jacob
and Maria Demaree - Catrina.

"Baptisms by Dom. J. R. Hardenberg"
(probably includes two following).

Slot, Benjamin and Sarah Demaree - Petrus
Smack, Barrent and Antie Cosin - Maria
Willems, David M. and _____ Maheene (?) - David
Hoff, Abraham and _____ Pouweoel - Elizabet

June 3

1771
Sept. 8

Montfoor, _____ and _____ Soson- Anna
"Bapt. by Dom. Johannes Leydt", probably in-
cludes five following:

Aersdale, Cornelius and (Yannetie Cornel ?) -
Maria Deban, Joseph and Gertie Duriee (Duryea) -
Wyntie Hogteel, Hesaken and Maria Degraf -
Neltie Van Aersdale, Simon and Aaltie Cosin-
Antie Voorhees, Peterus and Sophia de Bogart -
Hilena Serpeing, Samuel and Maria Aelsterf (?) -
Samuel

Wit: Meghiel De Graaf and Elizabeth De
Graaf.

1772
May 31

Banta, Hendrick and Antie Demere - David

"Bapt., by J. M. Van Harlingen

Pessel, Derick and Corneia Hoff - Jan

Wit: Jan Pessel

Van Arsdalen, Abraham and Antie Perle - Cornelious
(Here follow four baptisms, the names of parents
completely torn off, except part of the name of
one mother, which indicates that it was De Graf.
Children's names: 1. Ragel (Rachel). 2. (Un-
decipherable). 3. Gerrit. 4. (Undecipherable).
Van Arsdalen, _____ and _____ - Lametie Banta,
Abraham and Margrieta Montfort - Hendrick Banta,
Albert and _____ Montfort - Pieter Banta, Hendrick
and Marie Striker - Maria Montfoort, Frans and
Geertie Banta - Henierie Montfoort, Jacobus and
Lea Banta - Hendrickes

May 31

Bodien, Jan and Lamma Cosyn - Johannes

_____, _____ and _____ - Maria

Konirate, Johannes and Maria Craig - Derrick

Coesat, David and Sara Van Duin - Pieter

Corsate, Pieter and Maria Dirie- Samuel

Maste (?), Petreus and Marretta Freer - Esequel

Demere, Davet and Lena Voorhes - Anatie
 Cosien, Pieter and Wia Imie Wickof - Martienes
 Degraf, Abraham and Maria Gricks (Griggs) - Hester
 Pessel, Jan and Antie Powelson - Jan
 Voorhees, Cornelius and Johanna Langstrate -
 Jacobus
 Amerman, Hendrick and Yannetie Van Arsdalen-
 Jacobus
 Slot, Benjamin and Sara Demaree- Johaness
 Van tien (Serrel) and (Elizabeth) Smock - Annatie.
 (Also spelled Fonteyn)

(Baptisms by Domine Cosine who then became
 Pastor)

Oct. 11

Jurey, Bemredokter and Maria Harten. Christiens
 Voorhees, Petrus and Safya (Sophia) Vandenbogert-
 Abram

Oct. 18

Smock, Barent and Antie Cosyn - Cornelius

Nov. 27

Jansen, Toomas and Annaatie Fantyn - Toomas
 Banta, Allebert and Styntie Montfoor - Albert
 Koinrad, Maria Kray, wife of Johannes -(servant)
 Degraf, Maregrieta Kray wife of Myckiel
 Banta, Samuel and Dyna Dorlant - Antie

Dec. 13

1773

Jan. 10

Aaten, Jan and Elizabeth Bodyn - Antie

Mar. 7

Freer, Jacobus and Elizabeth Peterso - Abraham

Mar. 21

Persel, Pieter --Dierck (Mother Maregrita Voorhees)

Apr. 11

Terpennengh, Samuel and Maria Aelsderf - Sara

Apr. 24

Banta, Hendrick and Antie Demaree - Isaac

Apr. 25

Degraaf, Machil and Maregritti Kraay - Mooses

May 30

Oens, Willem and Maria Rsenser - Marva

June 20

Oblinis, Jan and Maria Slegel - Elizabeth

Ammerman, Hendrick and Jannetie Van Arsdalen-

Marya

July 4

Banta, Abraham and Margrita Montfoor - Johanna

Oct. 3

Cosart, Pieter and Marya Deri - Jacob

Oct. 17

Parsele, Isaac and Maria Smock - Isaac

Nov. 14

Myers, _____ and _____ Petersen - Isaac

Nov. 26

Voorhees, Roelof and Elizabeth Neefis - Aaltie

Dec. 12

Montfort, Frans and Geetruy Banta - Geertie

1774

Jan. 2

Blinkerhoff, Jacobus and Catrintie Voorhees-
 Martyntie

Feb. 6

Dorlant, Gerret and Jannetie Haal - Lammetie

Mar. 13

Cosart, David and Sara Van Duyn - Maregrita
 Van Arsdalen, Abraham and Antie Peddeli (Perlee)-
 Antie

Apr. 17

Parsels, Derrick and Cornelia Hof - Annatie
 Bedyne, Jan and Aaltie Cosyn - Marya
 Fonteyn, Sarel and Elizabeth Smock - Saartie

May 8 Van Arsdalen, Simon and Aaltie Cosyn- Lammetie
May 15 Smock, Jacob and Tryntie Demaree - Lea
Hols, Jan and Neeltie Buis (Boice) - Meile
(Willem?)
June 5 De Baan, Joseph and Geertie Dori (Duryea) -
Samuel
June 12 Jurry, Bennedeck and Maria Harten - Elizabeth
Bodyn, _____ and Maregrieta Smiet - Isac
July 17 Degraf, Abraham and Maria Gricks (Griggs) - Mooses
Degraf, Abraham and Catrina Voorhees - Rachel
Demaree, David and Elizabeth Slegel - Geertie
Aug. 14 Parseli, Brigon and Maria Amerman - Marya
Aug. 21 Petersen, Gerbrant and Sara Houten - Jannetie
(Possibly same parents as under Apr. 2, 1780,
q. v.).
Sept. 11 Kiep, Jan and Annetie Degraf - Henderickes
Sept. 18 Degraf, Machil and Maregrita Kraay - Dierck
Kornrat, Johannes and Marya Kraay (a servant) -
Cornelius
Demaree, David and Lena Voorhees - Catrina
Oct. 2 Banta, Hendrick and Marya Stryker - Lea
Montfoord, Jacobus and Lea Banta - Lea
Dec. _____ Ammerman, Hendrick and Jannetie Van Arsdalen -
Simon
Dec. 11 Persels, Isaac and Marya Smack - Hilletie

1775
Jan. 1 Cosyn, Pieter and Willemppe Wyckof - Elizabeth
Debaan, Abraham and Angenitie Dorie - Sammel
Jan. 20 Freer, Jacobus and Elizabeth Pietersen- Catrinna
Feb. 5 Degraaf, Wiellew Swart and Willemppe Neefis -
Rachel
Feb. 29 Smack, Baarent and Antie Cosyn - Hendreck
Monfoor, Piter and Elizabeth Vannist - Marya
Mar. 26 Parsele, Roelof and Marya Piterzen - Marya
Maste, Peterus and Marregrieta Freer - Peterus
Apr. 2 Banta, Albert and Styntie Monfoor - Jan
Apr. 16 Van Arsdalen, Luykes and Jannetie Cosyn- Lammetie
Banta, Peterus and Elizabeth Cosyn- Hendrick
*Brouwer, Abraham and Sara Van Orden - David
(Brewer)
May 7 Piterzen, Piter and Catrina Myler - Catrina
June 18 Dorie, Peterus and Antie Seever - Samuel
July 23 Banta, Hendrick and Antie Demaree- Angenitie
Aug. 6 Voorhees, Roelof and Elizabeth Neefis - Roelof
Monfoor, Lowerens, and Elizabeth Cossart - Jan
Cammegaar, Hendrick and Rachel Brouwer - Daneel
Sept. 10 Banta, Abraham and Maregrita Monfoor - Maregrita
Oct. 10 Vanderbilt, Jacobus and Elizabeth (?) Janse-
Elizabeth
Oct. 22 Bornet, Jores and Marya Fantyn - Johannis
Nov. 4 Monfoor, Jan and Femmetie Neefis - Johannes
Dec. 17 Bedn, Daniel and Magrit Wiels - Meeri

1776
Jan. 14 Willemsen, Teodores and Rachel Banta - Marta
Cossart, Piter and Maria Dori - Piter
Moh. 3 Monfoor, Frans and Getruy Banta - Marya
Smack, Jan and Sara Fontyn - Hendreck
Mar. 10 Cosaart, David and Sara Fontyn (Vanduyt)- Denys
Mar. 17 Blienkerhof, Roelof and Beeletie Demare - David
Apr. 7 Demaree, David and Elizabeth Slegel - Daniel
Apr. 28 Errewyn, Samuel and Geertruy Aelsdorf - Marregrita
Fonteyn, Sarel and Arreientie Vannuys - Antie
May 12 Perselee, Dierck and Corneelea Hof - Abram
Vanaarsdalen, Abram and Antie Parli - Symen
June 23 Dorlant, Gerret and Jannetie Haal - Dooretie
June 30 Degraaf, Magil and Magrita Kray - Jacobus
Blienkerhof, Jacobus and Elizebet Akkerman -
Martynstie (Guliam)
July 7 Bodyn, Jan and Lammetie Cosyn- Johannes
Feb. — Degraaf, Abraham and Catriena Voorhees - Madelena
(This line inserted out of place by a different
hand)
July 7 Banta, Samuel and Dyna Dorlant - Styntie
July 28 Degraaf, Willem Swart and Willempe Neefis -
Johannes
Sept 8 Blienkerhof, Jacobus and Catrina Voorhees - Annatie
Dec. 28 Cosyn, Cornelius and Marya Brouwer - Antie

1777
Jan. 26 Banta, David and Femmetie Brouwer - Johannis
Moh. 30 Ammerman, Hendreck and Jannetie Vanaarsdalen-
Hendreck
Apr. 6 Parsel, Isack and Marya Smack - Marya
May 16(18) Smack, Barent and Antie Cosyn - Piter
Monfoor, Jacobus and Lea Banta - Hendreck
Persele, Bregon and Marya Ammerman - Sara
June 1 Litel, Henneri and Elizabeth Degraaf - Rachel
June 22 Demaree, David and Lena Voorhees - Sara
July 6 Cosyn, Pieter and Willempe Wyckof - Pieter
July 27 Jury, Bennideck and Marya Houten - David
Aug. 3 Koinrat, Johannes (servant) and Marya Kray -
Marta
Aug. 17 Debaan, Abraham and Angenitie Dori - Anatie
Aug. 31 Banta, Abraham and Marregrieta Monfoor -
Marregrita
Oct. 19 Banta, Hendreck and Marya Stryker - Allebert
Nov. 16 Banta, Peterus and Elizabeth Cosyn - Antie
Demere, Samuel and Susanna Brouwer - Marya
Nov. 23 Brekaa (Brokaw), Piter and Antie Cason (Kershaw)-
Jores
Oblines, Jan and Marya Slegel - Jan
Dec. — Degraaf, Machil and Maregrits Kray - Rachel

1778
Jan. 4 Degraaf, Wiellew Swart and Wiellemp Neefis-
Jannete

Jan. 25 Dori, Peterus and Antie Seever - Wyntie
 Feb. 8 Degraaf, Abraham and Catrina Voorhees - Machil
 Vanaarsdalen, Simon and Aaltie Cosyn - Cornelius
 Vanaarsdalen, Luykes and Jannetie Cosyn- Antie
 Mch. 1 Banta, Hendreck and Antie Demare - Hendreck
 Mar. 8 Cosart, David and Sara Van Duyn - Jacob
 Mar. 15 Kammeaar, Hendreck and Rachel Brouwer - Abram
 Parsele, Dierreck and Cornelia Hof - Rebeckka
 Vandyck, Johannis and Annatie Kouwenover - Antie
 Apr. 12 Cosart, Pieter and Mariea Derie- David; Hendrick
 (twins)
 Apr. 17 Westervelt, Jan and Antie Dey - Antie
 Apr. 22 Van Arsdale, Gerrit and Annatie Vanharlen -Gerrit
 Kip, Jan and Hanna Degraft - Johaness
 Bernet, Jores and Maries Vanteuin - Johaness
 May 3 Demere, David and Elizabet Slegel - David
 May 10 Passel, Peter and Maragrieta Voorhees - Jemime
 June 14 Brinkerhof, Roelof and Beleie Demorest - Jores
 July 5 Van Arsdale, Simon and Nellie Petersen - Simon
 July 26 Banta, Davedt and Femmetie Brouwer - Marya
 Steg, Jemes and Lea Brouwer - Johannes
 Sept. 27 Banta, Albert and Stientie Monfoort - Abraham
 Nov. 3 Monfoort, Frans and Gertry Banta - Jan
 Honts, Johaness and Eida Vanarsdalen - Johannes
 *Brouwer, Abraham and Sara Van Norden - Mariea
 (Brewer)
 Nov. Westervelt, Abraham and Mariea Ashby - Lea
 Dec. 20 Kingsland, Jan and Maria _____ - Johaness
 Witness: Maria Smack

 1779
 Jan. 3 Vanarsdal, Abraham and Antie Perlle - Derrick
 Jan. 10 Borka (Brokaw) _____ and Anna Coshaw (Kershaw)-
 Josowa
 Jan. 17 Monfoort, Louwerens and Elizabet Cossert - Kniertye
 Bodyn, Jan and Lammetie Cosyn - Aeltie
 Amerman, Hendreck and Jannetie Van Arsdale -
 Neelye
 Feb. 7 Cosyn, Pieter and Styntie Sebrant - Dirrik
 Feb. 14 Breen, Philip and Antye Van Arsdale - Maria
 Feb. 21 Smack, Jan and Sara Vantyn - Abraham
 Cosien, Cornelius and Mariea Brouwer - Daniel
 Honts, Cristofel and Mariea Jansen - Johannes
 Mch. 11 Smock, Barent and Antie Cosine - Antie
 Littell, Hendreck and Elizabet Degraaft - Abraham
 Apr. 25 Parsel, Isack and Mariea Smack - Richard
 May 2 Vantyn, Searll and Arriantie Vannuis - Mariea
 May 23 Brinkerhof, Jacobus and Catrienna Voorhees - Jores
 June 6 Dorlant, Gerret and Jannetie Haal - Stientie
 June 13 Hamer, Baltes and Elizabet Meddagh - Maragrieta
 July 4 Vantyn, Charel and Mariea Amerman - Elizabet
 Aug. 1 Cammengaar, Johaness and Antie Mettees - Hendreck
 Aug. 22 Cossart, Jacob and Mariea Monfoor - Knerie

Sept. 5 Jansen, Tomes and Annatie Vantien - Liesebet
Scamp, Joost and Mariea Smock - Jodocea (?)
Oct. 3 Monfoort, Jacobus
Vanaarsdal, Johannis and Madelena Allen - Jan-
netie
Jury, Bennedic and Maria Hant - Maregrita
Brinkerhof, Giliaam and Eliesebet Ackerman - Lena
Degraft, Abraham and Catriena Voorhees - Cornelia
Oct. 10 Couenover, Jan and Catriena - Lammetie
Oct. 31 Oblienes, Jan and Maria Slegel - Barber (Born
Sept. 5)
Witness: Jannetie Haal
Nov. 28 Degraft, Michael and Maragreta Greet (?) -Jeremia
Degraft, William Swart and Willemtie Nefies -
Abraham
Banta, Petrus and Eliesabet Cosyn - Pieter
Witness: Williemtie Wyckoff

1780
Jan. 16 Cosart, David and Sara Vanduin -Eida
Brinkerhof, Jacob and Annatie Demarest- Jores
Feb. 6 Westervelt, Jacobus and Femmetie Cosyn - Maria
Feb. 27 Van Aarsdale, Lucas and Jannetie Cosyn - Jannetie
Apr. 2 Pieterse, Gerbrant and Sara Hunter - Samuel
Apr. 16 Vankleef, Isac and Femmetie Quick - Teunes
June 4 Brinkerhof, Roelof and Belitie Demareest -
Maragrieta
Kipp, Jan and Hanna Degraaft - Catriena
June 11 Van Arsdale, Simon and Aaltie Cosyn, - Ida
June 16 Demareest, Samuel and Susanne Brouwer - Daniel
July 29 Bodyn, Jan and Jannetye Cosyn - Eliesabeth
Demareest, David and Eliesabeth Slegel- Johanas
Koevert, Isac and Antie Van Arsdale - Lammetie
Aug. 27 Camegaar, Hendreck and Rachel Brouwer - Maria
Monfoort, Jacobus and Lea Banta - Aaltie
Sept. 10 Koenraat, Johannis and Maria Krey - Madelena
Oct. 22 Vandyk, Johannis and Anatie Couenover - Gerret
Nov. 26 Burnet, Jores and Maria Fontyn - Neeltie
Dec. 3 Stagg, Jacobus and Lea Brouwer - Maria
Dec. 10 Janson, Andreas and Maria Hoogtelling - Anatie
Van Aarsdale, Gerrit and Annatie Van Harling -
Nellie
Dec. 31 Monfoort, Laurens and Eleesabeth Cosaart -
Madelena

1781
Jan. 14 Van Aarsdale, Simon and Neeltie Pieteron -
Neeltie
Feb. 11 Monfoort, Franz and Geertruy Banta - Hendrich
Feb. 18 Persel, Derrick and Cornelea Hoff - Boyen
Cosyn, Pieter and Christena Sebrant - Aaltie
Feb. 25 Honts, Johannis and Ida Van Arsdalen - Lammetie
Apr. 13 Schamp, Jost and Maria Smak - Antie

Apr. 13 Honts, Cristofel and Maria Janson - Thomas
Apr. 15 Breen, Phillip and Antie Vanarsdale - Johannis
May 6 *Brouwer, Abraham and Sara Van Orden - Jan (Brewer)
Persel, Pietwr and Maragrieta Voorhees - Rachel :
Jan (twins)
Van Arsdale, Abraham and Antie Perlle - Mabil
June 10 Smock, Barent and Antie Cosyn - Neeltie
July 1 Amerman, Hendrick and Jannetie Vanarsdale - Ger-
ret
July 15 Cosyn, Cornelius and Maria Brouwer - Sara
Aug. 12 Brinkerhof, Jacobus and Catriena Voorhees - Albert
Degraaft, Michael and Maragrieta Krey - Maria
Coudenover, Jan and Catriena Coevert- Johannis
Dec. 9 Cossart, Jacob and Maria Monfoort - Pieter
Dec. 21 Fontyn, Scharel and Maria Amerman - Antie
Brinkerhof, Gileyaam and Eliesebeth Akerman- Jores

1782
Jan. 20 Cossart, David and Sara Vanduin - Maria
Mar. 10 Pieterston, Gerrebrant and Sara Hunter - Gerret
Mar. 17 Nefius, Martiennis and Ida Hogelant - Jannetie
Mar. 24 Banta, Petrus and Eliesabeth Cosyn - Cornelius
Mar. 31 Degraaft, Abraham and Catriena Voorhees - Catriena
Apr. 14 Brinkerhof, Jacob and Anatie Demareest- Maragrieta
May 12 Van Arsdale, Johannis and Madelena Allen-
Johannis
June 2 Borkaa (Brokaw), Abraham and Maria Cosyn -
Maragrieta
July 14 Lassahals, Jores and Margrieta Honts - Rulef
July 21 Monfoort, Jan and Femmetie Nefeus - Jan
July 28 Borkaa (Brokaw), Pieter and Antie Cosch (Kerahaw)-
Maragret
Breen, Jeremia and Sara (Howits?)- Elizabeth
Koevert, Isak and Antie Vanarsdale- Johannis
Oct. 26 Kammejaar, Johannis and Antie Mettes - Johannis
(Born Oct. 1st.)
Demareest, Samuel and Susanna Brouwer - Samuel
(Born Oct. 7)
Nov. 10 Degraft, Willem Swart and Willemtie Nefius -
Jeremia
Nov. 17 Demareest, David and Elizabeth Slegel - Barbara
Brinkerhoff, Rulif and Belitie Demareest - Anatie
Brouwer, Johannis and Jannetie Van Arsdale -
Gerret (Brewer)
Dec. 1 Van Arsdale, Gerrit and Annatie Harlinge-Lachreesche
(Lucretia)

1783
Jan. 19 Monfoort, Laurens and Elizabeth Cossart- Frans
Jan. 26 Bogyn, Jan and Lammetie Cosyn- Sara
Luister (Lister), Pieter and Antie Gulick- Lena
Mar. 2 Kipp, Jan and Annatie Degraaft- Annatie
Jonson, Andreas and Maria Hoogtelings- Maria

Fontyn, Thomas and Annatie Hoogtely- Neeltie
Persel, Isaac and Maria Smack- Jan
Van dyk, Johannis and Annatie Kouenover- Petrus
Mar. 9 Fontyn, Sharel and Arreantie Van huis - Catlina
Apr. 6 Van Arsdale, Isaac and Esther Hoogtely-Lacreesche
(Lucretia)
Apr. 14 Stagg, Jacobus and Lea Brouwer - Sara
Apr. 27 Kammejaar, Hendrick and Rachel Brouwer- Maragrieta
May 4 Van Aarsdalen, Simon and Altie Cosyn- Simon
May 18 Burnet, Jores and Maria Fontyn - Jacques
May 25 Demareest, Cornelius and Femmetie Brouwer - David
June 15 Berkaa, Jores and Neeltie Vanderbild - Jores
(Brokaw)
Hols, Jan and Neeltie Bries (Breen)- Abraham
(Born 1776). Wit: Jan Persel and Rachel
Grotvelt
July 13 Cosyn, Cornelius and Maria Brouwer - Cornelius
July 20 Striker, Hendrick and Catriena Amerman - Petrus
Aug. 3 Degraaft, Michael and Margrieta Cray - Samuel
Aug. 10 Percel, Peter and Margrieta Voorhees - Abraham
Klyn, Hendrick and Elizabeth Degraaft - Annatie
Aug. 17 Scamp, Jost and Maria Smack - Johannis
Aug. 31 Honts, Christofel and Maria Janson - Sofia
Sept. 7 Couenover, Cornelius and Catriena Degraaft-
Gerret
Sept. 28 Smock, Jan and Sara Fontyn - Jacobus

1784
Jan. 18 Koevert, Daniel and Jannetie Van Arsdalen -
Johannis
Feb. 15 Kouenover, Jan and Catriena Koevert - William
Fontyn, Sharel and Maria Ammerman - Syttie
Feb. 23 Degraft, Abraham and Catriena Voorhees -Maragrieta
Mar. 21 Cosyn, Peter and Christiena Sebrant - Catlyntie
Apr. 4 Berkaa, Peter and Antie Coshon (Kershaw)-
Maragrieta
May 1 Pietersen, Gerrebrant and Sara Wouter - William
Monfoort, Peter and Gertruy Van Arsdalen - Peter
Wit: Gerret Van Arsdalen and Annatie Van
Harlinge
Montfoort, Frans and Gertruy Banta - Frans
Persel, Derrick and Cornelia Hoff - Lydia
May 15 Weeford, Even and Elizabeth Hutson - John
June 2 Van Arsdalen, Neeltie _____ Neeltie
June 13 Brinkerhoff, Jacob and Jannatie Demaree - David
June 27 Breen, Jeremiah and Sarah Honits - William
July 11 Van Arsdalen, Abraham and Antie Perlee - Maria
Jewel, William and Ester Degraft - Thomas
Aug. 17 Degraff, William Swart and Williemtie Nefius -
William
Aug. 24 Cosaart, Jacob and Maria Monfoort - Maragrieta
Aug. 31 Brinkerhoff, Gilyaam and Elizabeth Akerman -
Cornelius
Sept. 7 Carmichel, Peter and Maria Lukes - Maria

Oct. 25	Van Dyk, Johanis and Annatie Kouenover - Gertie
Nov. 17	Hammer, Baltus and Elizabeth Middagh - Ruth
	Nefius, Martienus and Ida Hogelant- Johannis
Dec. 26	Demarest, Cornelius and Femmetie Brouwer - Madelena
1785	
Jan. 9	Bodyn, Jan and Lammetie Cosyn - Peter
Jan. 4	Brinkerhoff, Lucas and Maria Coa - Jacob
Feb. 6	Klopper, Cornelius and Styntie Cosarts - Cornelius
	Koevert, Isaac and Antie Van Arsdalen - Cornelius
Mar. 13	Brinkerhoff, Rulif and Belitie Demarest - Jores
Apr. 10	Cosyn, Johannis and Annatie Smock - Cornelius
	Fontyn, Thomas and Annatie Hoogtelly - Hiskia
Apr. 17	Demereest, David and Elizabeth Slagel - Maria
	Durlant, Gerret and Jannetie Hall - Jannetie
July 17	Jansen, Andries and Maria Hootelly - Thomas
	Van Arsdaily, Gerrit and Annatie Van harling- Joseph
	Luister (Lister), Peter and Antie Gulick - Antie
July 24	Van Aarsdalen, Simon and Altie Cosyn - Jannetie
	Cichim (Kitchin), Derrick and Maragrieta Voorhees -Maria
Aug. 7	Kip, Jan and Hannatie Degraft - Abram
Sept. 4	Van Arsdalen, Isaac and Ester Hoogtelly - Maria
Sept. 11	Van Sant, Peter and Elizabet Koevert - Maria
Sept. 18	Voorhees, Abram and Breghee Speeder - Maria
Sept. 25	Kouenover, Jan and Catriena Koevert - Catreena
	Demereest, Gerrit and Janneti Persel - Geertie
Oct. 9	Kammyaar, Hendrick and Rachel Brouwer - Johannis
Nov. 6	Berkaa, Peter and Antie Coushun (Kershaw)- Willellemus
Nov. 13	Byer, Jores and Ann Catriena Saaun- Anne Catrienna
	Brinkerhoff, Jan and Sara Van Arsdalen - Jores
Dec. 25	Degraft, Michael and Maragrieta Cray - Neeltie
	Jewel, William and Ester Degraft - Michael m
1786	
Jan. 1	Luister (Lister), Peter and Rachel Van Urden - Jan
Jan. 15	Honts, Christofel and Maria Janson - Annatie
Jan. 22	Burnet, Jores and Maria Fontyn - Eliesebeth
	Breen, Philip and Antie Van Aarsdale - Neeltie
	Koevert, Daniel and Jannette Van Arsdale - David
Jan. 29	Brinkerhoff, Jacob and Annatie Demeree - Hendrick
	Tietsoert (Titsworth), Isaac and (Antie) Persel- Jan
Feb. 12	Degraft, Abram and Catriena Voorhees - Abraham
	Berkaa (Brokaw), Abraham and Maria Cosyn- Antie
Mar. 12	Van Sant, Madelena - Johannis
	Wit: Bernardus Van Sant and Neeltie Beekman
Apr. 9	Monfoort, Laurens and Elizabeth Cosart - Pieter
	Brouwer, Johannis and Jannetie Van Arsdale -David
	Couenover, Cornelius and Catriena Degraft- Samuel

Voorhies, Jacob and Sara Sickels - Abraham Wilson
Tietvoort (Titsworth), Mark and Neeltie Lefos -
Jacob

June 4 Smack, Jan and Sara Fontyn - Isaac

June 25 Borkaa, Jan and Elizabeth Kouenover - Jores
Degraft, William Swart and Willemtie Nefius -
Femmetie

July 16 Fontyn, Sharel and Maria Amerman - Thomas
Brinkerhoff, Lucus and Maria Coal - Antie

July 23 Berkaa, Ferdenander and Styntie Petersen -
Johannis

Oct. 2 Clopper, Cornelius and Cristyne Cessart - Frans
Cessart

Nov. 12 Buis (Boice), Denys Vanduin and Antie Lebant -
Antie

Janson, Abraham and Cathrina Voorhees - Thomas
Kichin, Darriek and Marigrieta Voorhees -
Maragrieta

Gouzine, Gerrit and Maragrieta Lys - Cornelius
Leshels, Jores and Maragrieta Honts - Johannis
(Houts)

Karemigil (Carmichael), Peter and Maria Lukas -
William

Brien, Jeremis and Sara Honits (Houts) - Jores

1787

Mar. 25 Persel, Isaac and Maria Smock - Annatie
Bodyn, Jan and Lammetie Cosyn - Maria
Wit: Simon Van Arsdale and Altie Cosyn
Brinkerhoff, Geleyaam and Elizabeth Akerman -
Annati

Van Arsdalen, Jan and Catriena Vanderbilt -
Isaac

Oct. 14 Lyster, Peter and Antie Gulick (Hulick) - David
Steg, Jacobus and Lea Brouwer - John
Brinkerhoff, Rulef and Belieta Demaree - Hendrick
Monfore, Jan and Sara Van Arsdale - Femmetie
Van Arsdalen, Gerrit and Annatie Van Harlie -
Armolus Van Harling

Vantyn, Tomas and Annatie Hoftaling - Maria
Canine, Pieter and Christiena Sebrant - Cornelius
Demaree, Cornelius and Femmetie Brouwer - Daniel
Borkaa, Peter and Antie Gesho (Kershaw) - Annatie
Borkaa, Jan and Elizabeth Cowenover - Gerrit
Borka, Jores and Neeltie Vanderbilt - Maria
Brinkerhoff, Jan and Sara Van Arsdalen - Gerrit
Jewell, William and Ester Degraft - Rachel
Chamberlain, Cleton and Maria Vanderbilt - Joseph
Couvert, Isaac and Antie Van Arsdalen - Marta
Cessart, Jacob and Maria Monfore - Styntie
Van dyn, Denies and Maria Roberson - William
Cosyn, Jan and Annatie Smock - Sara
Luister, Pieter and Rachel Van Orden - Stephanis
Teinonth (Titsworth), Isaac and Antie Persel -
Rachel

Voorhees, Gerrit and Lena Holenset - Baratie
 Coevert, Daniel and Maria Van Pelt - Johannis :
 Jannetie (twins)

1789

Nov. 8

Kipp, Jan and Annatie- Matty (Daughter)
 Brinkerhoff, Guillian and Elizabeth - Margarietta
 Couwenhoven, Cornelius and Catterina - Antie
 Bodyn, Abraham and Neeltie - Antie
 Vanderveer, Hendrick and Leena - Seyntie
 Lashells, George and Margarietta - Antie
 Brocaw, John and Elizabeth - John
 Kipp, Barent and Nelly Van Zant - Bernardus
 Titsworth, Mark and Nelly - Catteryna

Nov. 15

Van Aertsdaalen, Johannes and Leena - Nathan Allen
 Montfoort, Jan and Sarah - Isaac
 Dennis, John and Anna - Nancy
 Fonteyn, Thomas and Annati -Wilhelmis Hooteling
 Van Artsdaalen, Johannes and Nelly - Cornelius
 Ditch, William and Margaret - Jacobus
 Titsworth, Isaac and Antie - Antie

Dec. 6

Van Huys, Cornelius and Maria - Vrouwtie (Van
 Nuys)
 Luyster, Peter and Rachel - Cornelius
 Demarest, Cornelius and Femmetie Brouwe - Geertie
 Lott, Cornelius and Lena - Cornelius
 Van Arsdale, Jan and Trientie - Jacobus
 Cosnn, Gerhard and Maragrieta - Peter Van Harleym.
 (Bap. by Domine Geo. G. Brinkerhoff, V, M. D. to
 Conewago.)

Dec. 20

Johnston, Abraham and Catrina Voorhees - Andries
 Cosaart, Frans and Martha Van Zant - Neeltie
 Demarest, Albert and Maria Fonteyn - (Child's
 Name not given).
 Phores, Joseph and Martha Dennis - John: Nancy
 (twins)
 Gerhard Dorlan, witness

1790

Feb. 28

Dunn, Samuel and Antie Stag - Leah

Mar. 1

Van Dyke, Peter and Maria Williamson - Joris

Mar. 22

Brinkerhoff, (Jacob?) and Annatie Demarest -
 Belitie
 Nevius, Martinus and Magdalena Hoagland -
 Femmetie

Apr. 4

Degraaf, Michael and Margareta Kraey - Margarieta
 Monfoort, Lawrence and Elizabeth Cosart - David
 Degraf, William Swart and Willempie Nevis -
 Martinus

May 30

Willemse, David and Maria Van Dyke - Johannes
 Barnet, Joris and Maria Fontyn - Thomas

June —

Brinkerhoff, Roelof and Belitier Demarest -
 Maria
 Cossart, Jacob and Maria Monfort - Maria

Brokaw, Peter and Antie Coshun (Kershaw)- Isaac
(Note)

June 20 Brinkerhoff, Jacobus and Cathriena Voorhees -
Isaac

Oct. Demarest, Gerhard and Jannetie Persel - Antie
Aug. 8 Persel, Isaac and Maria Smack - John
Aug. 22 Brinkerhoff, John and Sarah Van Artsdalen -
Henrich

Apr. 10 Breen, Philip and Antie Van Artsdalen - Genney
Van Artsdalen, John and Cathrina Vanderbilt -
Peter

Apr. 24 Luyster, Peter and Rachel Van Orden - Nelly
Jewel, Cornelius and Caty Laboyteux - Feynie
Fonteyn, Charles and Maria (?) Persel - Genny
May 1 Middag, (Ephraim) and Hattray (?) - Dirk
May 15 Fonteyn, Thomas and Antie Hoogteling - Wilhemus
Hoogteli

May 22 Ditch, William and Maria Monfoort - Altie
Van Dyke, Henry J. and Polly Biggar - Peggy
July 10 Brinkerhoff, George and Maria Van Harlingen -
(Joris : Hendrick) twins

1791

July 17 Johnston, Abraham and Cathrina Voorhees -
Abraham
_____, and _____ Voorhees - Antie : Richard
(twins)

Aug. 7 Demarest, Lucas (?) and Polly (?) Demarest -
Leenah

Aug. 14 Degraff, _____ and _____ - Cornelius
Aug. 28 Stryker, Hendrick and Catrina Ammerman - Anne
Oct. 2 Brinkerhoff, (Jacob ?) and (Annatie?) Demarest-
Jacobus

Oct. 16 Kipp, Tobias and Hannah Degraaf - Isaac
Oct. 30 Cossart, Francis and Mattie Van Sant - Sarah
Hoogteling, Hezekiah and Gertrude Demarest -
Hezekiah

Nov. Persel, _____ and _____ - Elizabeth
Dec. Van Aertsdalen, Isaac and (Esther ?) Hoogteling-
Isaac

1792

Jan. 22 Titsworth, Isaac and Antie Persley (Persel ?)-
Steyntie
Demarest, Albert and Maria (?) Fontyn - Eliza-
beth

Feb. 19 Degraaf, Abraham and Magdalena Van Zandt-
Bernhardus
Witness: Nelly Van Sant

Apr. 1 _____, Maria
_____, Hannah
_____, Sarah
Brinkerhoff, Guillian and Elizabeth Akerman -
Geertie

Van Arsdalen, Gerhard and Annati Van Harlingen -
Geertie

Apr. ___ Brinkerhoff, Henrick and Nelltie Hoogtelling -
Hizikiah

May ___ Brinkerhoff, Lukas and Maria Cole - Annatie
Van Dyke, Peter and Maria Willemsen - Keziah

June ___ Demerest, David and Elizabeth Slegel - Gherard
Brinkerhoff, Jacob and Annatie Demarest - Jacobus
Lott, Cornelius and Magdalena Brocaw - George

July 29 Pharis, Joseph and Martha Dennis - Nelly

Aug. 19 Couwenhoven, John and Catriena (?) Coevért -
Lena : Altie (twins)

Sept. ___ Cossart, Jacob (?) and Maria (?) Monfort -
Leenah

Sept. 16 Burnet, Joris (?) and Maria(?) Fonteyn. Arriantie
_____, - Peter
Degraff, Michael and Maragrieta Cracy - Martha
Vanderbuyt, _____ - Cornelius

Nov. 1 Hageman, Abraham and Elizabeth Middagh - Marty
Lashells, Jores and Margarieta Honts (Houts)-
Jacob

Dec. 3 Dunn, Samuel and Antie Stag - Elizabeth

Dec. 9 Brocaw, John and Elizabeth Couwenhoven - Isaac

Dec. 30 Demerest, Gerhard and Jenny Parsley - David
Brocaw, Abraham and Maria Cosyn - Sally
Schamp, Henry and Ida Hoogland (?) - George

1793

Jan. 13 Brocaw, George and Nelly Vanderbilt (?) - David

Jan. 30 Demarest, Lucas and Polly Demarest - Willemyntie

Mar. 3 Monfoort, John and Nelly Van Arsdalen - Peter
Stag, Daniel and Maria Couwenhoven - Leah

Mar. 10 Cammengaar, Hendrick and Rachel Brouwer - Hendrick

Apr. ___ Brinkerhoff, Joris and Maria Van Harlingen -
Johannis : Martinus (twins)
Brinkerhoff, John and Sarah Van Aartsdalen -
Martyna

Apr. 22 Hagaman, Adriaan and Geertie Sutfen (Sutton) -
John

May 12 Griggs, Willem (adult)
Griggs, Willem and Janatie Wyckoff - Jacobus

May 19 Hooff, Abraham and Leenah Van Rypen - Cornelius
Bodine, Abraham and Nelly Fonteyn- Arrietta
Witness: Larnia Smock
Titworth, Mark and Nelly Van Vorst - Seyntie

grandson of Abraham Brouwer (Brewer) and Sara Van Norden, of the 5th generation, in the direct male line removed. The line: Abraham-1, Daniel-2, John-3, Samuel Scott-4, John Emory-5, Samuel Scott-6, the writer.

The only known record of Conewago Dutch Church Marriages which is the record kept by Rev. Geo. Brinkerhoff, the last pastor, which was discovered a few years ago. No record of the previous marriages has been found yet.

1789

Nov. 17 William Hollingshead to Neelty Jewel
Nov. 14 Henry J. Van Dyke to Polly Biggar

1790

Jan. 11 William Loury to Elizabeth Boulton, widow
Jan. 26 Jacob Laboyteaux to Ann Ammermann (Note: Dau of Hendrich Ammerman and Jannetie Van Arsdale born in 1769, and the first child baptised at Conewago).
Feb. 3 Hezekiah Hoogtelling to Gertrude Demorest
Feb. 9 Abraham De Graff to Magdalena Van Zant
Moh. 23 Cornelius Bodine to Annatje Fonteyn
Nov. 9 Isaac Hulick to Maria Monfort

1791

Feb. 10 Jephtha Wilkens to Elizabeth Hulick, widow
Moh. 8 Jacob Smock to Lamia Van Arsdale (Note: Jacob, son of John (1770) and Lena Van Duyne; Lammetie, dau. of Simon Van Arsdale and Aaltie Cosine, bapt. May 8, 1774)
May 2 John Cozine to Anna Monfort
May 3 Abraham Hageman to Elizabeth Middag
Aug. 16 James Magee to Elizabeth Hoogtelling
Nov. 24 Henry Schomp to Ida Hooghland

1792

Moh. 6 Peter Van Arsdale to Geertie Van Arsdale, widow, of Peter Monfort
Moh. 13 Daniel Steg to Maria Couwenhoven (Note: Daniel, son of James Stagg and Lea Brouwer, bapt. at Schralensburg, N. J. July 9, 1769. Lea Brouwer, dau. of Adolphus Brouwer of Adam Brouwer Line of New York City.

1793

Feb. 6 Robert Graves to Rachel Kipp
Apr. 13 James Fonteyn to Sally Fonteyn.

P.S. Notes by Samuel Scott Brewer, of New Lebanon, Indiana, the grandson, 10th removed, in the direct male line from Adam Brouwer, 1642, to New Amsterdam, now New York City.

Brewer Family

BREWER FAMILY
Compiled by
Samuel Scott Brewer

Prepared and written by
Samuel Scott Brewer, of
New Lebanon, Indiana.

Oct. 1, 1937.

and

Presented by him to the
Emeline Crawford Fairbanks
Memorial Library, Terre
Haute, Indiana.

From original manuscripts
and records now in the
private library of the
writer, at the Brewer
Estate "Forest Haven",
one mile southwest of
the village of New Lebanon,
Indiana.

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Origin of some Conewago Families, that later
migrated to Mercer County, Kentucky.

Ammerman

Dirck Janse Amermann came from Holland in 1650 and settled at Flatlands, Long Island, and died there in 1723. He married Aeltje Van der Beek, daughter of Mr. Paulus Van der Beek and Marie Baddie- (or Thomas). The will of Derck Jansen Amerman was made Sept. 20, 1709 and proved on Feb-6, 1723-24, when he was at an age of about 95. "In the name of God, Amen, I, Dirck Amerman, of Flatlands, Kings County, Long Island, New York, being in good and perfect mind, I leave all my lands, orchards, and gardens to my wife Aeltje during her life and after her decease to my children, Paulus, John, Albert, Isaac, Jacobus, Maritie, Catherine, Auke, Gerbrach, and Aeltje. My eldest son, Paulus, is to have 5 pounds above his share. Witnesses: Henry Filkins, Gerret Stouthof, Cornelis Hooglandt". Of the 10 children mentioned in his will, we have the baptisimal record of only 4 (Brooklyn Dutch Ch. p. 187; Flatbush D. Ch. P. 122-129 -136), viz: Catherine, Antje, Isaac and Gerbrecht. One of his sons, Jacobus, born about 1690 married Magdalens Jansz (Flat.97), and later moved to Somerset County, New Jersey, where he was living at Hackensack, Bergen County, in 1727. His will was filed in Somerset County, June 27, 1776, in which he names his wife Maria, and children, Hendrick, Albert, Jacobus, Paulus, Isaac, Peter, Maria, Fammetie and Anna. Executors, sons Albert and Jacobus and Garret Van Arsdale. Proved Feb. 1, 1777." Of the above named children, Hendrick and Maria, wife of Cornelis Van Nuys, went to Conewago, Pa.

Conewago Ammerman Baptisms.

1. Hendrick Ammerman, son of Jacobus Ammerman, and Jannetje Van Arsdale, daughter of Garret Van Arsdale.

- | | | |
|----|---------------|--|
| 1. | _____ 1769 | Antje Ammerman. She was the first child baptised at the Conewago Dutch Ch. She married at the same Church, Jacob Laboyteaux, on Jan. 11, 1790. |
| 2. | May 31, 1772 | Jacobus Ammerman |
| 3. | June 10, 1773 | Marya Ammerman |
| 4. | Oct. 2, 1774 | Simon Ammerman |
| 5. | Mch. 30, 1775 | Hendrick Ammerman |
| 6. | Jan. 17, 1779 | Neelye Ammerman |
| 7. | July 1, 1781 | Gerret Ammerman |

Auten-Aten

Adrian Hendrickse Auten was at Flatbush, Long Island, in 1684. Thomas Aten in 1687 and John Aten at New Lotz, Long Island, in 1701. Both Thomas and Jan settled later in Somerset County, New Jersey.

Conewago Aten Baptisms.

1. Jan Aten and Elizabeth Bodine, his wife
 1. Jan. 10, 1775 Antie Aten

Banta

Among the passengers by the ship De Trouw, in 1659, was Epke Jacobs-that is Epke, son of Jacob- with his wife and family of five sons. His name in this form appears in many documents during the next 25 years, some of which have been his own signature. In 1679 and thereafter, the names of his five sons are found on church registers as Cornelius Epke, Hendrick Epke, Seba Epke, Derrick Epke and Weart Epke. In 1695, the names of these sons began to appear on the church registers of Hackensack, N. J., as Cornelius Epke Banta, Hendrick Epke Banta, etc. For a few years thereafter, the names are found sometimes as Cornelius Epke Banta and Cornelius Epke, and after a further interval the form Banta is used. His sons Cornelius, Hendrick, Seba(Sebastien), Derrick and Weart Banta, all settled in Bergen County, New Jersey, at Hackensack and Schraalensburg and it is from them that the Banta family descend.

Conewago Banta Baptisms

1. Abraham Banta and Margaret Monfort, his wife

Oct. 23, 1769	Rachel
July 4, 1772	Hendrick
May 31, 1773	Johanna
Sept. 10, 1776	Margaret
Aug. 31, 1777	Margaret (2)
2. Albert Banta and Styntie Monfort, his wife

Oct. 23, 1769	Hendrick
May 31, 1772	Pieter
Nov. 27, 1773	Albert
Apr. 2, 1775	Jan
Sept. 27, 1778	Abraham
3. David Banta and Femmetie Brouwer, his wife

Jan. 25, 1777	Johannes
July 26, 1778	Marya
4. Hendrick Banta (1) and Antie Deraree, his wife

Oct. 23, 1769	Antie
May 31, 1772	David
Apr. 24, 1773	Isaac
July 3, 1775	Angenitie
Mch. 1, 1778	Hendrick
5. Hendrick Banta (2) and Marie Stryker, his wife

May 31, 1772	Maria
Oct. 2, 1773	Lea
Oct. 19, 1774	Albert (1777)
6. Peter Banta and Elizabeth Cozine, his wife

Apr. 16, 1775	Hendrick
Nov. 16, 1777	Antie
Nov. 28, 1779	Pieter
Mch. 24, 1782	Cornelius
7. Samuel Banta and Dyna Dorlant, his wife

Dec. 13, 1772	Antie
July 7, 1776	Styntie

Bodine.

Jean Boudin, descended from the celebrated French economist, Jean Bodin, and was born at Media, France. He married there Esther Brigdon. He died on Staten Island in 1695. His sons were Jean, Eleasor, and Francis. The Somerset line comes through Francis Bodine, his youngest son.

Baptisms at Conewago.

1. John Bodine and Lemmetie Cozine, his wife

May 27, 1770 - Cornelius
 May 31, 1772 - Johannes
 Apr. 17, 1774 - Marya
 July 7, 1776 - Johannes (2)
 Jan. 17, 1779 - Aaltie
 July 29, 1780 - Elizabeth
 Jan. 26, 1783 - Sara
 Jan. 2, 1785 - Peter
 Mar. 25, 1787 - Maria

2. Daniel Bodine and Margaret Smith, or Wiels

June, 12, 1774 - Isaac
 Dec. 17, 1775 - Marya

3. Abraham Bodine and Neeltie Fontyne or Vanduyne

Nov. 8, 1789 - Antie
 May, 19, 1793 - Arrietta

Boice

Jan Cornelius Buys came from Holland in 1648 and married in New Amsterdam, (1) about 1653 Ida Lubbertse; (2) Aug. 24- 1676, (1663) Femmetie Jans, widow; and (3) before 1674, Willemptie Tysson, widow. Resided at Flatbush, Long Island. His sons were Hendrick, Lubbert, Cornelis, Jacob and Matthys. Jacob settled in Middlesex County, N. J. and was the ancestor to the Somerset County Boice families.

Baptisms at Conewago

1. Dennis Van Duyne Boice and Antie Lebant, his wife

Nov. 12, 1786 - Antie

Brinkerhoff

Joris Dircksen Brinkerhoff, the ancestor of the Brinkerhoff's in America, was born in the Province of Drenthe, Holland, in 1609, and died at Brooklyn, Long Island, in 1661. In 1639, he sailed with his wife and children, for New Amsterdam. During Gov. Kieft's Indian War, he and his sons went to prospect on Staten Island. It was here that one of his sons, Dirck, was killed by the Indians. He next turned his attention to Long Island. He obtained a grant from Gov. Kieft for a tract of land now within the limits of the City of Brooklyn, in 1646. He was magistrate in Brooklyn from 1654 to the

Brinkerhoff, cont.

time of his death in 1661. He was the first elder of the Dutch Church of Brooklyn in 1656. Joris Dircksen Brinkerhoff married in 1628 when he was about 19 years old, in Drenthe, Holland, Susannah Dabbels, who outlived him. They were the parents of the following children all born in Holland. (1) Hendrick born about 1629 or 30 died in 1710; (2) Dirck born about 1631 killed by the Indians on Staten Island, in 1645; (3) Abraham born in 1632 died in 1714; and Aaltie born in 1634 married Willem Couwenhoven. Descendents of both Hendrick and Abraham later settled in New Jersey, at Hackensack, and it is from them that the New Jersey Brinkerhoff's descend. Many of whom later migrated to Conewago, Pa., and from that Settlement to Mercer County, Kentucky, and other places in the West.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Jacob Brinkerhoff and Catrina Voorhees, his wife

Jan. 2, 1774	Maryntie
Sept. 8, 1776	Annatie
May 23, 1779	Jores
Aug. 12, 1781	Albert
June 30, 1790	Isaac

2. Roeloff Brinkerhoff and Beltje Demeree, his wife

Mch. 17, 1776	David
Jun. 14, 1778	Jores
Jun. 4, 1780	Margaret
Nov. 17, 1782	Annatie
Mar. 13, 1785	Jores
Oct. 14, 1787	Hendrick
Jun. 4, 1790	Maria

3. William Brinkerhoff and Elizabeth Akkerman, his wife

Jun. 30, 1776	Maryntie
Oct. 3, 1779	Magdalena
Dec. 21, 1781	Jores
Aug. 31, 1784	Cornelius
Mar. 25, 1787	Annatie
Mar. 25, 1787	Margaret, twin sister to Annatie
Apr. 1, 1792	Gertrude

4. Jacobus Brinkerhoff and Annatie Demeree, his wife

Jan. 16, 1780	Jores
Oct. 3, 1782	Margaret
Jun. 13, 1784	David
Jan. 29, 1786	Hendrick
Mar. 22, 1790	Belitie
Oct. 2, 1791	Jacobus
Jun. --, 1792	Jacobus (2)

Brinkerhoff, continued

5. Luke Brinkerhoff and Maria Cole, his wife

Jan. 4, 1785	Jacob
Jul. 16, 1786	Antie
May---, 1792	Annatie
6. John Brinkerhoff and Sara Van Arsdale, his wife

Nov. 13, 1785	Jores
Oct. 14, 1787	Gerret
Aug. 22, 1790	Hendrick
Apr.---, 1792	Martena
7. Henry Brinkerhoff and Neeltie Hoogtelling, his wife

Apr--, 1792	Hezekiah
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8. Rev. George G. Brinkerhoff, Domine to Conewago, and Maria Van Harlengen, dau. of Domine Van Harlengen.

July 10, 1790	Jores
July 10, 1790	Hendrick, twin brother
Apr----, 1793	Johannis
Apr----, 1793	Martinus, twin brother.

Brokaw

Bourgeon Browcard, a French Huguenot exile, fled from France, to Mannheim, Palatinate, Germany, thence came, in 1675, to Bushwick, Long Island, afterwards settling near Newtown, L. I. His wife was Catherine Lefebre, dau. of Simon Lefebre, who had been an officer under Admiral Coligney. Of his five sons, John, Jacob, Peter and Abraham, went to Somerset County, New Jersey and settled, early in 1700. His son, Isaac, the eldest, remained on Long Island.

Conewago Baptisms of Brokaw Family

1. Abraham Brokaw and Maria Cozine, his wife

Jun. 2, 1782	Margaret
Feb. 12, 1786	Antie
Dec. 30, 1792	Sarah
2. Ferdinand Brokaw and Styntie Petersen, his wife

July. 23, 1786	Johannis
----------------	----------
3. George Brokaw and Neeltie Vanderbilt, his wife

June 15, 1783	Jores
Oct. 14, 1787	Maria
Jan. 13, 1793	David

Brokaw, continued

4. John Brokaw and Elizabeth Couwenhoven, his wife

June 4	1786	Jores (George)
Oct. 14	1787	Gerret
Nov. 8	1789	John
Dec. 2	1792	Isaac *

5. Peter Brokaw and Antie Kershaw, his wife

June 4	1777	Jores
Jan. 10	1778	Josana
July 28	1782	Margaret
Apr. 4	1784	Margaret (2)
Nov. 5	1785	William
Oct. 14	1787	Annatie
June --	1790	Isaac

- * Isaac Brokaw, son of John Brokaw and Elizabeth Couwenhoven, born Dec. 2nd, 1792, married in 1810, in Mercer County, Kentucky, Mary Brewer, daughter of Daniel Brewer and Mary Voorhees, and a grand-daughter of Abraham Brewer and Sarah Van Norden. Mary Brewer, eldest child of Daniel Brewer and Mary Voorhees, was born in 1790, either at Conewago, Pa., or in Mercer County. Isaac Brokaw and his wife moved to Turman Township, Sullivan County, Indiana, in 1816, where he entered a tract of 160 acres of land, near Graysville. He was the founder of the Brokaw family in Sullivan County. By his first wife, Mary Brewer, he had three children, Mary, Alfred and Nancy. By his second wife, Cynthia Ann (Dodd) Thomas, widow of Jeremiah Thomas, and dau. of Richard Dodd and Mary Bouman, he had one son, Edward and possibly a second.

Burnett

Thomas Burnet born in Scotland, emigrated to Mass., and removed thence to Southampton, Long Island, where he received a grant of land Oct. 16, 1643, and where he died in 1684. He was the father of 11 children, some of whom settled in New Jersey, at Elizabethtown and other places in that State. Later many of his descendents settled at Cincinnati, Ohio, Prior to this, some had gone to Conewago, Pa.

Burnett Conewago Baptisms

1. George Burnet and Mary Van Duyne, his wife

Oct. 22	1775	Johannis
Apr. 22	1778	Johannis (2)
Nov. 26	1780	Neeltie
May 18	1783	Jacques
Jan. 22	1786	Elizabeth
May 30	1790	Thomas
Sept. 16	1792	Adrianna

Cammagaar (Cammeyer)

Hendrick Janse Kamminga came from Holland to New Amsterdam in 1678 and settled at New Utrecht, Long Island. He married Anne Maria Verwels in 1683. Their children baptised at Flatbush were Jannetje- Oct. 3, 1685; Angelica- May 5, 1688. He afterwards removed to New Jersey, settling in Bergen County, at Hackensack, where several sons were baptised, whose descendents settled in various parts of New Jersey, Pa. and southern New York state.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Hendrick Kammagaar and Rachel Brouwer, his wife.
(Note Rachel Brouwer descends from Willem Brouwer Line, of Albany and Schenectady, N. Y. (See Ex. A attached hereto))

Aug. 6	1775	Daniel
Mch 15	1778	Abram
Aug. 27	1780	Maria
Apr. 27	1783	Margaret
Oct. 9	1785	Johannis
Mch. 10	1793	Hendrick

2. Johannis Kammagaar and Antie Mettes, his wife

Aug. 1	1779	Hendrick
Oct. 26	1782	Johannis

Conover (Couwenhoven)

Wolfert Gerretse Van Couwenhoven, emigrated with his wife and children, from Couwenhoven a small estate, four miles west of Amersfoort, in the Province of Utrecht, Holland, in 1630, to Rennsyllerswyck, near Fort Orange (now Albany), where he was at first employed as Superintendent of Farms by the Patroon, Van Rennsyllerswyck. He disliked the surroundings and removed from here to New Amsterdam, on Manhattan Island, about 1634, where he cultivated a farm. In June 1637, with Andrus Hudde, he purchased from the Indians, the westernmost of the three flats, in Flatlands and Flatbush, Long Island, for which a patent was given to them by Director Wouter Van Twiller, on June 16th of the same year. He died about 1660. By his wife Neeltje _____, he was the father of the following children: Gerret Wolfertse, his eldest son, born in Holland in 1610 and died about 1645. He emigrated with his father in 1630 and later lived in Flatlands. He married Aeltie, dau. of Cornelis Lambertszen Cool, of Gowanus, Long Island. His children were: Willem born about 1637; Jan born about 1639, married Geraldine, dau. of Nicasius De Sille; Neeltje born in 1641, married in 1660, Roelofse Martense Schenck. She died about 1672; Marytie Gerretse born in 1644, married prior to 1666, Coert Stevense Van Voorhees (Voorhees).

Other sons of Wolfert Gerretse Van Couwenhoven were: Jacob Wolfertse, who died about 1670, married (1) Hester Jansen, (2) Magdalena Rysen; Pieter Wolfertse, married (1) Hester Symons, (2) Aeltie Seybrants; Derrick Wolfertse and Jan Wolfertse.

The Somerset County, New Jersey, line of Conover's or Van Couwenhoven's descend from his eldest son, Gerret Wolfertse Van Couwenhoven, many of whom later migrated to Conewago, Pa, and then to Mercer County, Kentucky, and other localities in the West.

Conewago Conover Baptisms

1. John Couwenhoven and Catrina Coverts, his wife

Oct. 10	1779	Lammetie
Aug. 12	1781	Johannis
Feb. 15	1784	Willem
Sept. 25	1785	Catrina
Aug. 9	1792	Leena
Aug. 9	1792	Altie, twin sister

2. Cornelius Couwenhoven and Catrina De Graff, his wife

Sept. 7	1783	Gerret
Apr. 9	1786	Samuel
Nov. 8	1789	Antie

Cossart

Jacques Cossaris, a French Huguenot refugee, from Rochelle, France, to Holland, came to New Amsterdam, in the ship Pumerland Church, in October, 1662, with his wife Lydia Willems and two children. Their other children born in New Amsterdam and baptised in the

Cossart, continued

Dutch Church were: Jannetje-Nov. 28, 1665; Jacques-Apr. 22, 1667; Davidt-June 18, 1671; and Anthony-Nov. 19, 1673.

David Cossart, probably a younger brother of Jacques, came from Vlissingen, Holland, to New Amsterdam, sometime prior to 1696, when on Sept. 18, of that year, he married in the Dutch Ch., of N. Y., Styntie Joris. They were the parents of at least one son, Joris, born about 1708, who on Sept. 14, 1730, married Elizabeth Hooglant.

Both Jacques and David Cossart had descendents who settled in Somerset and Bergen Counties, New Jersey, and later in Conewago, Pa. and Mercer County, Ky. and other localities in the West.

Conewago Cossart Baptisms

1. David Cossart and Sara Van Duyne, his wife

Oct. 23	1769	David
May 31	1772	Peter
Mch. 13	1774	Margaret
Mch. 10	1776	Denys
Mch. 15	1778	Jacob
Jan. 16	1780	Ida
Jan. 20	1782	Maria

2. Peter Cossart and Mary Duryea, his wife

Oct. 23	1769	Hans
May 31	1772	Samuel
Oct. 3	1773	Jacob
Jan. 14	1776	Peter
Apr. 12	1778	David
Apr. 12	1778	Hendrick, twin brother

3. Jacob Cossart and Maria Monfort, his wife

Aug. 22	1779	Hendrick
Dec. 9	1781	Peter
Aug. 24	1784	Margaret
Oct. 14	1787	Styntie
June---	1790	Maria
Sept.--	1792	Leenah

4. Francis Cossart and Martha Van Zandt, his wife

Dec. 20	1789	Neeltie
Oct. 16	1791	Sarah

Cozine.

The emigrant ancestor of the Cozine family was Cozyn Gerrits (or Gerret Cozine), who came to New Amsterdam, from Holland, with his wife VROUTIE_____, prior to 1640. Their first child baptised in New Amsterdam, was Garret Cozine, on May 20-1640. Garret Cozine married in New Amsterdam, Sept. 24, 1673, Beltje Jacobs, of Fort Orange, now Albany, N. Y. Jacobus Cozine-3, son of Garret-2 and Beltje Jacobs

Cozine, continued

married Feb. 2, 1707, in the Flatbush Church, L. I., Aaltie Amak, of New Amersfoort, L. I. They were the parents of Garret Cozine-4 who married in 1729, in the Dutch Ch. N. Y., Margaret Janse (or Jansen) and they were the parents of two sons, Cornelius Cozine-5 born in 1730 and Garret Cozine-5, born in 1732. Cornelius Cozine-5 married Antie Staats, at Flatbush, L. I. in 1749, where they lived until they moved to Somerset County, N. J. in 1757. Garret Cozine-5 also had descendants who moved to Somerset County, N. J., and later to Conewago, Pa., and Mercer County, Ky.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Cornelius Cozine-6 and Marya Brouwer, his wife.
(Note: Marya Brouwer, of Willem Brouwer line of Albany and Schenectady, N. Y. See Ex. "A")

Dec. 28	1776	Antie
Feb. 21	1779	Daniel-7
Apr. 15	1781	Sara
July 13	1783	Cornelius-7
2. Garret Cozine and Margaret Lys (Luyster or Lister)

Nov. 12	1786	Cornelius-7
Oct. 14	1789	Peter Van Harlengen-7
3. Johannis Cozine-6 and Annatie Smock, his wife

Apr. 10	1785	Cornelius-7
Oct. 14	1789	Sara
4. Peter Cozine, of Garret and Willemtie Wycoff, his wife

Aug. 8	1770	Cornelius, bapt. at Readington, N. J.
At Conewago, Pa.		
May 31	1772	Martinus
Jan. 1	1775	Elizabeth
July 6	1777	Pieter
5. Peter Cozine (2) of Garret and Styntie Sebring, his wife

Jan. 17	1779	Derrick
Feb. 18	1781	Altie
Mar. 21	1784	Styntie
Oct. 14	1787	Cornelius

Covert

Teunis Janse Covert and Barbara Lucus, his wife, came from Heemstede, Holland, in 1651, and settled in Brooklyn, L. I., where he and his wife became Charter Members in the founding of the First Dutch Church, at Brooklyn, in 1660. The other members being Joris Dirckszen (Brinkerhoff), the Elder, and his wife Susanaa Dubbels, Albert Corneliszen (Cornelius) and his wife, Trintje Hadders, Willem Gerritse Van Couwenhoven and his wife, Aeltje Joris (Brinkerhoff), Pieter Monfort and Sara De Plancke, his wife, Jan Evertse and his wife Tryntje Symons, Willem Bredenbent and his wife Aeltie Braconie, Jan Pieterszen (Petersen) and his wife Grietje Jans, Teunis Nyssen (Nyce) and Femmetie Jans, his wife. Adam Brouwer, the flour-miller, and his wife Magdalena Jacobs (Verdon), Johannis Marcus and his wife, Elsie Hendricks, Teunis Janse (Covert) and Barbara Lucus, his wife, Jan Jorisee (Brinkerhoff), Jan Hibon and Gertrude Barents, his wife. The Elder, Joris Dirckszen (Brinkerhoff) held the first meeting at the Church, Sept. 12, 1660. Many descendents of these charter members later settled at Conewago, Pa., and the last pastor of the Conewago Dutch Church was Domine George G. Brinkerhoff.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Isaac Covert and Antie Van Arsdale, his wife

July 29,	1780	Lammetie
July 28,	1782	Johannis
Jan. 15,	1784	Johannis (2)
Feb. 6,	1785	Cornelius
Oct. 14,	1787	Marta

2. Daniel Covert and Jannetie Van Arsdale, his wife

Jan. 22,	1786	David
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Daniel Covert and Maria Van Pelt, probably 2nd wife.

Oct. 14,	1787	Johannis
Oct. 14,	1787	Jannetie, twins

DeBaun

Joost De Baun, the first emigrant of the name, came to America in the year 1683, from Middleburgh, Province of Zeeland, Holland, with his wife, Elizabeth Drabbe, and their eldest son, Jacobus, to Bushwick, Long Island. Here Joost De Baun became clerk of the town, serving in this capacity less than a year, then with his family removed to New Utrecht, Long Island, where as clerk as well as schoolmaster and reader of the Reformed Dutch Church, he remained until some time after 1698. He signed his name Joost De Baene. He was of French Huguenot origin, thought to have emigrated from the town of Beaune, Cote d' Or, France, to Flanders about 1660. His adoption of the Dutch name of Joost, in place of Joseph, may have been caused by his desire to become, in so far as possible, a true son of the land which gave him refuge.

De Baun, continued

From Flanders, Joost De Baun, went to Middleburg, Province of Zeeland, Holland, where he married Elizabeth Drabbe, a Hollander of a well to do and highly respected family of that city.

After 1698, Joost de Baun removed with his family to Orange County, New York and resided for a time at "The Pond" Rockland Lake, near Haverstraw, now Rockland County, New York. They did not settle there however, as in the year 1704 they were in Hackensack, New Jersey, having joined the colony of Huguenots already established there. It was there that Joost De Baun finally settled, spending the rest of his days quietly engaged in farming. The peace, even the solitude of the beautiful country around him, among the lakes, rivers and majestic hills of Bergen County, must have been a welcome haven after the stormy and unsettled years of his early life.

It was after the year 1718, but before 1722, that Joost De Baun died, for it is recorded that on Nov. 18, 1721, Elizabeth De Baun, widow, of Joost, witnesseth the baptism of her grand-child, Elizabeth dau. of her son, Charles and his wife Jane. The will of Joost De Baun drawn Nov. 28, 1706, was proved June 4, 1724, and it is probable, that during that year his wife died. In this will he bequeathed every thing he owned to his wife, Elizabeth, for her use during life, then to be divided among his children, only the oldest of whom, Jacobus, is mentioned by name. He and his wife were both buried in the old French Cemetery, sometimes called the Huguenot Cemetery, in Cherry Village, North Hackensack, on the Demarest Farm. They were the parent of 5 children- Jacobus-2, born in Middleburg, Holland, about 1683, married at Tappan, N. Y., Jan. 12-1709, Annatje Canniff, dau. of Jeremiah Canniff and Annatje Woelffs, of Westchester County, N. Y; Christian-2, bapt. Brooklyn D. Ch., May 15-1687, and married at Hackensack, N. J. Judith Demarest, dau. of Samuel Demarest and Maria Druen; Martha-2, bapt. Brooklyn D. Ch. May 4-1690 and married at Hackensack, David Samuel Demarest, brother of Judith who married Christian De Baun; Karel (Charles)-2 bapt. at New Utrecht, L. I. married at Tappan, N. Y., Feb. 14-1714, Jane Haring, dau. of Peter Haring; Catrina-2, bapt. Brooklyn D. Ch. May 4, 1695, died in infancy

Charles De Baun-2, born at New Utrecht, Long Island, about 1692, and died Au. 25-1765. He married at Tappan, N. Y., Feb. 14-1714, Jane Haring, born Apr. 14, 1698 and died June 29-1765, dau. of Peter Haring and Margaret Bogart. About 1719, Charles-2 owned a farm in the town of Harrington, part of which extended into the town of Demarest. He resided there with his family for a time, but later sold his place and bought several large parcels of land between Hackensack and Passaic Rivers. The graves of Charles-2 and Jane are in the cemetery of the South Schraalensburg Church, in Bergenfield, N. J. where the original stones are still standing. The children of Chas-2 De Baun and Jane Haring were: Joost-3, bapt. at Hackensack, Feb. 6, 1715, died Feb. 16, 1793, married at Tappan, N. Y. Anna Hogenkamp. He married (2) in N. Y. C. Mch. 29, 1759, Jane Dykeman; Margaret-3, Bapt. Aug. 18, 1717, at Hackensack, married (1) Theodore Remsen and (2) Teunis Tallman; Peter-3 bapt. Oct. 18, 1719, at Tappan, married Maria Banta; Elizabeth-3, bapt. Nov. 19, 1721, at Hackensack, married Johannis Blauvelt; John-3, bapt. Apr. 5, 1724, at Hackensack, married Catherine Haring; Jacob-3, bapt. Oct. 9, 1726, at Hackensack, married Rachel Cole; Isaac-3, bapt. Feb. 16, 1729, at Tappan, married Mary Eckerson; Abraham-3, bapt. Dec. 12, 1731, at Schraalensburg, married (1) Bridget Ackerman and (2) Lea Van Orden; Christian-3, bapt. Jany. 26, 1735, at Hackensack, married Rachel Helm (or Helling); Cornelia

De Baun, continued

3, bapt. Aug. 14, 1737, at Schraal. married Cornelius Benson; and Maria-3, bapt. Apr. 6, 1740 and died in 1742. A small stone in same plot with Charles De Baun-2 and Jane, his wife, inscribed (M. DB 1742) doubtless marks her grave.

Joost De Baun-3 bapt. Feb. 6, 1715, at Hackensack, died Feb. 16, 1793, married at Tappan, N. Y. Anna Hogenkamp. He married (2) in N. Y. C. Mch. 29, 1759, Jane Dyckman. Joost-3 and Anna Hogenkamp had three children, all baptised at Tappan, N. Y. as follows: Joseph (Joost)- 4, bapt. Aug. 1, 1742, married Gertrude Duryea; John-4, bapt. Feb. 2, 1746, married Clarissa Quackenbos; Abraham-4 Bapt. Oct. 7, 1750, married Agness Duryea.

Joseph De Baun-4 (Joost-3, Charles-2, Joost-1) was the first descendant to be baptised, Joseph, the English of Joost. He married in N. Y. C., May 23, 1765, Gertrude Duryea-4 (Samuel-3, Peter-2, John-1), bapt. June 30, 1745. They removed to Conewago, then York County, now Adams County, Pa. and later to Harrod's Station, in Mercer County, Kentucky. Their children were: Joseph-5, bapt. July 15, 1766, at Tappan, N. Y.; Wyntie-5, bapt. Sept. 8, 1771, at Conewago, Pa.; Samuel-5, bapt. June 5, 1774, at Conewago, Pa.

John De Baun-4, born at Tappan, N. Y. Feb. 2, 1746, died Oct. 8, 1821. He married Clarissa Quackenbos, born Sept. 24, 1748, dau. of Abraham Quackenbos and Susannah Helm (or Helling). She died Dec. 18, 1836. She and her husband, John are buried in the Cemetery of the old Tappan Church, Rockland County, N. Y. They lived the greater part of their lives in Harrington and were members of the Tappan Church. John De Baun's-4 will was probated in Hackensack, N. J., Nov. 1, 1821. Their children were: Abraham-5, bapt. June 5, 1770, at Tappan, married Anna Smith; Joost-5, bapt. Sept. 15, 1773, at Clarkstown Ch., married Adeline Blauvelt; Anna-5, bapt. Mch. 26, 1780, at Schraal., married Thomas Cooper, July 5, 1800, at Tappan.; Susannah-5 bapt. Dec. 14, 1787, at Tappan, married Peter C. De Baun, of Charles-4 (Peter-3, Charles-2, Joost-1).

Abraham De Baun-4, born Sept. 10, 1750, married Agness Duryea, bapt. Feb. 16-1752. They moved to Conewago, Pa. and later to Mercer County, Kentucky: Their children were: Samuel De Baun-5, bapt. Jan. 1-1775, at Conewago, Pa. He married Polly Devine, Mch. 13, 1800, in Mercer County, Kentucky. (Here see Wolfe's History of Sullivan Co., Indiana, for De Baun Family in Fairbanks Township, Sullivan County, Indiana); Anna De Baun-5, bapt. Aug. 17, 1777, at Conewago, Pa.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Joseph De Baun-4 and Gertrude Duryea, his wife

July 15	1766, at Tappan, N. Y.	Joseph-5
Sept. 8,	1771, at Conewago, Pa.	Wyntie-5
June 5	1774, at Conewago, Pa.	Samuel-5

2. Abraham De Baun-4 and Agness Duryea, his wife.

Jany. 1,	1775, at Conewago, Pa.	Samuel-5
Aug. 17,	1777, at Conewago, Pa.	Anna-5

Duryea.

Joost Durie, born in 1650 and died in 1727, was the founder of the Duryea family in New Netherlands. He was a French Huguenot who before the Revocation of the Edict of Nantes sought refuge in Mannheim, Renish Palatinate, Germany, and it was there that he married Magdalena Le Febre, dau. of Simon Le Febre, and in 1676 accompanied with his wife, emigrated from Mannheim, Germany to America. He settled first at New Utrecht, L. I. where he bought a farm. He next settled in Bushwick, now a part of Brooklyn, N. Y. where he lived the rest of his life. He had nine sons and two daughters. The family has always been prominently represented by men of letters, judges, advocates, clergymen, and members of other professions in this country. Ancient records establish the fact that the Durie, Durye, Du Rye, Duryea family had its origin in the Province of Burgundy, France, where members of the family through the generations past have distinguished themselves. Andre Duryer or Du Ryer, a native of Burgundy, was an accomplished scholar, diplomat, and authority on foreign languages, especially Oriental languages. Pierre Duryer was a man of letters and the founder of the French Academy of Music, at Paris. Charles Henri Durie was the Chief Justice of the French Court and a Chevalier of the Legion of Honor. Many other members of the family were leaders in the Huguenot movement in France.

Several of the sons of Joost Durie and Magdalena Le Febre moved to Bergen and Somerset Counties, New Jersey, while others settled in New York City. Many of their descendents later moved to Conewago, Pa. and then to Mercer County, Kentucky, and other localities in the West.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Peter Duryea and Antie Seever, his wife

June 16	1775	Samuel
Jany. 4	1778	Wyntie

De Graaf(De Graff)

Andries De Graff was a citizen of New Amsterdam in 1661. His son, Jan Andries De Graff, brickmaker, was a resident of Albany in 1655; in 1656, he with two others, was fined 500 guilders for selling liquor, to the Indians. In 1660 he went to New Amsterdam with one Roseboom and commenced the making of bricks. There is no record that he ever married or left any children.

Claaes Andries De Graff, another son of Andries De Graff, was born about the year 1628, in Holland, and became one of the first settlers of Schenectady, N. Y., taking up lands at the Hook in Scotia, in 1662, where his descendents have lived for several generations. He died in 1697. He married Elizabeth Brouwer (Brewer), dau. of Hendricke Willemsse Brouwer, who was born about 1647, in the Province of Zeeland, Holland, and came with her parents to New Amsterdam about 1653, and later settling at Albany. She died at Schenectady in 1723. Claaes Andries De Graff and Elizabeth Brouwer were the parents of a very large family of children some of whom

De Graff, continued

settled in Hackensack and Schraalensburg, New Jersey, and it is from them that the New Jersey families of De Graff descend. Later many of them removed from New Jersey to Conewago, Pa. then to Mercer County, Kentucky and other points in the then far West.

Conewago De Graff Baptisms.

1. Abraham De Graff and Mary Griggs, his wife

May 31	1772	Hester
July 17	1774	Moses

2. Abraham De Graff (2) and Catrina Voorhees, his wife

July 17,	1774	Rachel
Feb.---	1776	Magdalena
Jan. 25	1778	Michael
Oct. 3	1779	Cornelius
May 31	1782	Catrina
Feb. 20	1784	Margaret
Feb. 12	1786	Abraham
Aug. 14	1791	Cornelius (2)

3. Michael De Graff and Margaret Cray, his wife

Apr. 25	1773	Moses
Sept 16	1774	Derrick
June 30	1776	Jacobus
Dec.---	1777	Rachel
Nov 28	1779	Jeremiah
Aug. 12	1781	Maria
Aug. 3	1783	Samuel
Dec 25	1785	Neeltie
Apr. 4	1790	Margaret
Sept. 12	1792	Margaret (2)

4. William Swart De Graff and Willemptie Neefis, his wife

Feb. 8	1775	Rachel
July 28	1776	Johannes
Jan 4	1778	Jannetie
Nov. 28	1779	Abraham
Nov. 10	1782	Jeremiah
Aug. 17	1784	William Swart
July 25	1786	Femmetie
Apr. 4	1790	Martenus
Feb. 14	1792	Bernardus

Demarest (Demeree)

Originally Des Marets, or de Marest, a French Huguenot family. David des Marests, born about 1623, came from Middleburg, Holland, in 1663, to New Amsterdam, with his wife Marie Sohler, and four children. Removed to Hackensack, N. J. in 1680 and died there in 1693. His sons to grow up were Jean, David, and Samuel. Rev. Dr. Samuel Demarest, Prest. of Rutgers University, descends from David, and other New Jersey descendents of Demarests have been from Jean and Samuel. There was also a Jean de Marest from Beauchamp, Picardy, France, also a French Huguenot, who went to Holland, thence to Mannheim, in the Palatinate, Germany, then in April, 1663, came to America and finally settled in 1667, at New Paltz, N. Y. He also left N. J. descendents in Bergen County.

Conewago Demarest Baptisms

1. David Demeree and Lena Voorhees, his wife

May 31	1772	Annatie
Sept. 18	1774	Catrina
June 22	1777	Sara

2. David Demaree (2) and Elizabeth Slegel, his wife

July 17	1774	Gertrude-m. Heze- kiah Hotelg.
Apr. 7	1776	Daniel
May 8	1778	David
July 28	1780	Johannis
Nov. 17	1782	Barbara
Apr. 17	1785	Maria
June---	1792	Garret

3. Samuel Demeree and Susanna Brouwer, his wife. (Note: Susanna Brouwer of Hendrecke Willemse Brouwer, of Albany and Schenectady line).

Nov. 16	1777	Marya
July 16	1780	Daniel
Oct. 26	1782	Samuel

4. Garret Demeree and Jannetie Percell, his wife(Purcel)

Sept. 25	1785	Gertrude
Oct. 3	1790	Antie
Dec. 9	1792	David

5. Albert Demeree and Maria Van Duyne, his wife

Dec. 29	1789	No name given
Jany. 22	1792	Elizabeth

6. Cornelius Demeree and Femmetie Brouwer, his wife. (Note: Fammetie Brouwer of Hendreck Willemse Brouwer line of Albany and Schen. N. Y.

May 25	1783	David
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Demarest, continued

6. Cornelius Demaree and Femmetie Brouwer, cont.

Dec, 26	1784	Magdalena
Oct. 14	1787	Daniel
Dec. 6	1789	Gertrude

7. Lucas Demeree and Polly Demeree, his wife

Aug. 7	1791	Leenah
Jany. 20	1793	Willempatie

Dennis

Robert Dennis emigrated from England prior to 1640 and settled in Mass. His son, Robert Dennis, born in Yarmouth, Mass, died in Middlesex County, New Jersey, in 1696, and it is from him that the New Jersey family of Dennis descends.

Conewago Dennis Baptisms

1. John Dennis and Anna _____, his wife

Nov. 15	1789	Nancy
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Phares (Faris)

1. Joseph Phares (Faris) and Martha Dennis, his wife

Dec. 20	1789	John
Dec. 20	1789	Nancy, twin sister
July 29	1792	Nelly

Griggs

Thomas Griggs (Quaker) came from England to Mass. prior to 1639, settling at Roxbury. His son, John Griggs, had sons, Benjamin, Daniel, Samuel and James, all of whom settled near Griggstown, Somerset County, N. J. in 1733 or earlier.

Conewago Baptisms

1. William Griggs and Jannetie Wycoff, his wife

May 12	1793	Jacobys (James)
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Hegeman

Joseph Hegeman emigrated from Holland some time prior to 1680 and settled at Brooklyn, Long Island, where he married about 1684, Femmetje Remsen. He was the father of a large family many of whom later settled in Somerset County, N. J.

Hegeman, continued

Conewago Baptisms

1. Abraham Hegeman and Elizabeth Middagh, his wife

Nov. 1 1792 Marty.

(Note: Abraham Hegeman and Elizabeth Middagh were married at Conewago, May 3, 1791)

2. Adrian Hegeman and Gertrude Sutton, his wife

Apr. 22 1793 John

Hoff (Huff)

Barent Witten Hooft emigrated from the City of Munster, with his wife and two children, to New Amsterdam, in March, 1662. He was a cloth maker and tailor by trade. He soon settled at Brooklyn, Long Island, where he joined the Dutch Church and placed his eldest son, Laurenz Haf, in the Dutch Church School. He was the father of several sons, some of whom settled in New Jersey and in Dutchess County, New York.

One of his descendents in New Jersey married Cornelia Voorhees, as shown by the following will of Stephen Voorhees filed Nov. 12, 1758, in New Jersey. "I, Stephen Voorhees (commonly called and known by the name of Stephen Johnson), of Jamaica, Queens County, Long Island, yeoman, names wife Sarah and children, Antie, wife of Jonathan Pratt, Cornelia wife of Lawrence Hoff, Willem, John, Stephen, Cornelius, Roeloff, Lucus and Antie. Sons Stephen and Roeloff, Exers.

Lawrence Hoff, of Kingwood Twpt. Hunterdon County, N. J. left a will filed Apr. 16, 1762, in which he names his wife, Cornelia, and children John, Cornelius, Abraham, Richard, Cornelia, and Lawrence. His widow died in 1769.

Conewago Hoff(Huff) Baptisms

1. Abraham Hoff and _____ Powell, his wife

June 3 1770 Elizabeth

2. Abraham Hoff, the younger, and Leenah Van Rypen

May 12 1793 Cornelius

Houghteling

Jan Willemsen Hooghtielinck (Du Hooghteling of France, meaning of "high origin or standing", a French Huguenot refugee to Holland, came from Loosdrecht, Holland, to New Amsterdam, in May 1661, with his wife and two sons, Matthys and Coenradt. In 1662, he settled with his family at Esopus, now Kingston, N. Y. and in October, 1663 was at the village of Wiltwyck, at the time of the Esopus Indian War. He was a Town Schepen, and Deacon in the Dutch Church, at Esopus, from 1662 to 1672. He removed to Albany about 1676 and died there in 1683.

His eldest son, Matthys Houghteling, married in the Dutch Church, at Albany, (1) in 1682 Wyntie Dirckse, by whom he had one child, Rachel, bapt. Dec. 28, 1684. He married (2) in 1692, Marie Hendrickse, and by her he had one son, Matthys, bapt. Apr. 29, 1694.

His second son, Coenradt Houghteling, married in the Dutch Church, Albany, Aug. 26, 1688, Trintje Willemsz Van Slyk. There children were as follows: all baptised in the Albany Dutch Church; Hendrick- Nov. 10, 1689; Willem- Jan. 17, 1692; Marytje- Apr. 15, 1694; Matthys- June 14, 1696; Pieter- Oct. 9, 1698; Burtje- Dec. 29, 1700; Hendrick- June 20, 1703; Teunis- Sept. 29, 1705; Johannis- June 16, 1708; Jannetje- Apr. 30, 1710; Jonathan- Apr. 20, 1712.

Jan Willemsen Hooghtielinck was also the father of two daughters born at Esopus, after his arrival in this country, Zytie and Tryntje Houghteling, both of whom married at Albany. Zytie (1) Frank Marrselis and (2) May 4- 1697, Patrick Magrigaria, from Scotland. Tryntje married Nov. 13, 1699, Richard Janszen, of Rens. Colony.

The descendents of Matthys and Coenradt Houghteling settled at various places in the Hudson and the Mohawk Valleys, N. Y. and also in Bergen and Somerset counties, New Jersey, from whence many of their descendents migrated to Conewago, Pa., and later to Mercer County, Kentucky, and other localities throughout the West.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Hosea Houghteling and Maria De Graff, his wife

Sept. 8 1771

Neeltie

May 31 1773

Rachel (or Elizabeth)

2. Hezekiah Houghteling and Gertrude Demerest, married at Conewago, Feb. 3, 1790.

Oct. 30 1791

Hezekiah

Johnson (Jansen)

Andries Jansen was born on Long Island in 1665 to which place his parents had come sometime between 1658 and 1663, from Holland. He married on Long Island and had six sons; Couert born in 1689; Andries on _____; Pieter, Myndert, Hendrick and Johannis. He removed from Long Island to near Readington, Somerset County, N. J. where he died in 1745, at the age of 80 years, while walking from his farm to the Dutch Church at Readington, 10 miles away. Couert Jansen (Johnson), eldest son of Andries, also settled in Somerset County, near Readington, where he married Charity or Gertrude Lane- Laanor-

Johnson (Jansen) continued.

or Lahen, dau. of Arie Thyssen Lanen, of New Utrecht, Long Island, and Martyntje Smak or Smock. Couert Johnson died in 1772. He was the father of Andrew who married Jannetje Berger in 1755; Martha who married and had children; and Couert, Jr.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Abraham Jansen (Johnson) and Catrina Voorhees, his wife.

Nov. 12	1786	Thomas
Dec. 20	1789	Andries
July 17	1791	Abraham

2. Andries Johnson(Jansen) and Maria Houghteling, his wife

Dec. 10	1780	Annatie
Mar. 2	1783	Maria
July 17	1785	Thomas

3. Thomas Jansen and Annatie Van Duyne, his wife

Oct. 18	1772	Thomas
Sept. 5	1779	Elizabeth

Klopper

Cornelis Janszen Clopper came Bergen op Zoom, Holland, to New Amsterdam, as a young man shortly before Oct. 23, 1657, on which date he married in the Dutch Ch. of that place, Hilletje Pieters, born in New Amsterdam. Their children, all baptised in the Dutch Ch. at New Amsterdam, were: Dina- Oct. 25, 1658; who died young; Johannis Mch. 11, 1663; Margaret- Nov. 28, 1660; Johannis (2)- Feb. 8, 1665; Catalina- June 12, 1667; Petronella- Sept. 15, 1669; Cornelis- Dec. 1, 1672; Dina(2)- Mch. 15, 1675, and Pieter- Dec. 19, 1677.

His eldest son, Johannis Clopper, married (1) in the Dutch Ch., New York City, June 7, 1684, Maryken Souert, by whom he had no children baptised. For his second wife, in the same church, May 5, 1688, Margaret Hagens, by whom he had one child baptised, in New York Oct. 25, 1691, Anna Clopper.

His second son, Cornelis Clopper, married in Dutch Ch. N. Y. on May 1, 1696, Aufgie Luykas, by whom he had a son baptised, in N. Y. Apr. 18, 1697, Cornelis Clopper, Jr.

Both Johannis and Cornelis Clopper, prior to 1710, removed from New York City, to Bergen County, N. J., settling at Hackensack, where they left numerous descendents,

Conewago Baptisms

1. Cornelius Klopper and Styntie Cossarts, his wife

Feb. 6	1785	Cornelius
Oct. 2	1786	Fransz Cossart

Monfort Family

Pieter De Monfour, a French Huguenot, came from the Netherlands, in 1639, or earlier, being at that year at Wallabout (within) the present limits of Brooklyn. Previously (1630), Jan De Monfor, a brother of Pieter, was in New Amsterdam. Pieter married _____ and Jan married in 1630, in Amsterdam, Holland, Sarah de Planken. His sons were Jan and Pieter. Jan being the ancestor of the Somerset line. Many scholars and noted clergymen, have descended from Jan de Monfoort and Sarah de Plancken.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Francis Monfort and Gertrude Banta, his wife

Oct. 23	1769	Rachel
May----	1772	Heniertta
Dec. 12	1773	Gertrude
Mch. 3	1776	Marye
Nov. 8	1778	Jan
Feb. 11	1781	Hendrick
May 1	1784	Frans

2. Jacob Monfort and Lea Banta, his wife

May 31	1772	Hendricke
Oct. 2	1774	Lea
May 18	1777	Hendrick
Sept. 6	1779	Jacobus
Aug. 27	1780	Aaltie

3. Jan Monfort and Femmetie Neefis, his wife

Nov. 4	1775	Johannes
July 21	1782	Jan

4. Peter Monfort and Elizabeth Van Nest, his wife

Feb. 29	1775	Marya
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5. Lawrence Monfort and Elizabeth Cossart, his wife

Aug. 6	1775	Jan
Jany. 10	1779	Kniertje
Dec. 31	1780	Magdalena
Jany. 19	1783	Franz
Apr. 9	1786	Pieter
Apr. 4	1790	David

6. Peter Monfort (2) and Gertrude Van Arsdale, his wife

May 1	1784	Peter
Oct. 14	1787	Femmetie

7. Jan Monfort (2) and Sarah or Nelly(or both) Van Arsdale

Nov. 15	1789	Isaac
Mch. 3	1793	Peter

Kipp

Henry Hendricksen Kype came to New Amsterdam from Holland, with his wife, Tryntje, and five children, prior to 1643. He was a tailor, but became a prominent merchant and leading citizen of New Amsterdam. His sons were Isaac, Jacob and Hendrick.

Conewago Baptisms

1. John Kipp and Annatie De Graff, his wife

Sept. 11	1774	Hendrick
Apr. 22	1778	Johannes
Jun. 4	1780	Catrina
Mch. 2	1783	Annatie
Aug. 7	1785	Abram
Nov. 8	1789	Mattie

2. Barent Kipp and Nelly Van Zandt, dau. of Bernardus Van Zandt and Nellie Beekman

Nov. 8	1789	Bernardus
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3. Tobias Kipp and Hannag De Graff, his wife

Oct. 2	1791	Isaac
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Cole.

Barent Jacobsen Kool came from Holland to New Amsterdam prior to 1633. Teunis Coal came from Holland in 1663 and died the next year. His son, Cornelius, came with him when eight years old and married Jannetje Brink.

Conewago Baptisms

See Lucas Brinkerhoff and Maria Cole, his wife
Page 5, hereof.

Robeson

Andrew Robeson, a Quacker, came from Oxford, England, with Wm. Penn, in 1682, and settled near Philadelphia. He was Surveyor-General of West Jersey, in 1686. His son, Jonathan, built the Oxford Furnace in 1753. Jonathan's son, Morris, who married Anne Rockhill, represents the Somerset line.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Denys Van Duyne and Maria Robeson, his wife

Oct. 14	1787	William
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Kingsland

Major Nathaniel Kingsland of the British Army was stationed on the Island of Barbados, West Indies, about 1660, and with him were two nephews, Isaac and Gustavus Kingsland, sons of a deceased brother, of whom he was guardian. Capt. William Sandford, a resident of Barbados and Thomas Stegge also resident there, were sent by Major Kingsland to New Netherlands to investigate the conditions of the lands lately held by the Dutch West India Company under the authority of the Government of Holland, but which had come into the possession of the British Government by force of arms in 1664. His instructions to Capt. Sandford were to purchase a desirable tract adjacent to New York City, with a view of colonization, and as a future foothold for his nephews, near that city. Capt. William Sandford purchased from the Hackensack Indians a tract of land of about ten thousand acres between the Hackensack and Passaic Rivers, extending northward about seven miles. This purchase was made July 4-1668 in the interest of Major Nathaniel Kingsland and June 1-1671, Capt. Sandford, having extinguished the Indian title, took title to the southern half of the tract and Major Kingsland, the northern half, the present site of Hackensack. Major Kingsland died in 1685, and in his will he left 1/3 of his tract to his nephew, Isaac Kingsland, and 1/3 to his other nephew, Gustavus, both of whom were then living in the Parish of Christ Church, on the Island of Barbados, West Indies. The two brothers took ship soon after the death of their uncle and landed in New York City, from which place they proceeded to their land in New Jersey which they named New Barbados Neck.

Isaac Kingsland, of New Barbados Neck, died in 1697, leaving a will in which he names his wife and children Edmond, John, Mary, Hester, Elizabeth, Frances and Isaac and states that he inherited his land from his uncle, Major Nathaniel Kingsland, of Barbados, W. I. Named his wife and brother Gustavus Kingsland as executors. Witnesses Johannis Van Inburgh, Richard Berry and John Stage or Stage, or Stegge or Stag.

Both Isaac and Gustavus Kingsland left numerous descendents in various parts of New Jersey, many of whom lived at and near Hackensack, in Bergen County.

Conewago Kingsland Baptisms.

John Kingsland and Maria Smock, his wife.

Johannis Kingsland-Dec. 20, 1778,
Witness: Maria Smack (Smock)

Steg or Stegge, Stage, Stag.

Thomas Stage (Du Stage) or Stegge was born in Barbados Island, W. I. and came to New Jersey with Capt. William Sandford in 1668 and settled at New Barbados Neck where he lived until his death in 1694. He was the father of two sons Jan Stegge and William Stegge, both born at New Barbados Neck. His son Jan being baptised Mch. 27-1674, married (1) in Hack. D. Ch. 1697, Marritie Bongarts, born on Long Island, (2) in same church, in 1698, Nettje Verwey. William Stegge born about 1676 married in the Hack. D. Ch. in 1697, Magdalena Brouwer, born in Brooklyn, L. I. These two brothers left num-

Stegg, cont.

erous descendents in various parts of New Jersey. Jan Steg lived on the edge of the Hackensack meadows, south of Hackensack, in Bergen County. He was a stone and brick mason by trade and his name "John Stage Anno. 1696" is carved on one of the stones imbedded in the eastern wall of the Reformed Dutch Church at Hackensack, of which he was the builder. He died Dec. 25-1738.

Conewago Baptisms

1. James Stagg, the younger, and his wife Lea Brouwer.
(Note: This Lea Brouwer was of the Hendreck Willemse Brouwer line of Albany and Schenectady, N. Y. She was a dau. of Daniel Brouwer and Maria Koning (King). See Hendreck Willemse Brouwer family, attached at the end of this article).

July 26	1778	Johannis
Dec. 3	1780	Maria
Apr. 14	1783	Sara
Oct. 14	1787	John

2. Daniel Stagg and Maria Couwenhoven, his wife.

Mch. 3	1793	Leah (See note below)
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(Daniel Stagg was a son of James Stagg, the elder, and his wife Lea Brouwer, of the Adam Brouwer line of New York City and Brooklyn. She was a dau. of Adolphus Brouwer-3, William-2, Adam-1. Daniel Stagg was a brother of Leah Stagg, wife of Samuel Dunn. Daniel Stagg was born at Schraal. N. J. July 9-1769 and married Maria Couwenhoven, at Conewago, Mch. 13-1792. There were two Lea Brouwer's, no relation to each other, who married into the Stagg family. The one who married James Stagg, the younger, moved to Conewago, Pa., and the one who married James Stagg, the elder, remained at Schraals. and Hackensack, Bergen County, N. J. James Stagg, the younger, was probably a nephew of James Stagg, the elder

Nevius Family

Johannis Nevius was born at Zoden, Holland, in 1627, bapt. Mar. 14, was a son of Domine Joames Neeffius and Maria Beex, came to New Amsterdam in 1650-51, married Nov. 1653, Adriantje Bleijk, of Batavia, Dutch East Indies. He died in May, 1672. He was the third official Secretary of New Amsterdam, 1657-65. Sons were Cornelis and Pieter. The Neefus, Nefie, Neafie families of New Jersey, descend from Cornelis. The Nevis, Nevius families all descend from Pieter. Cornelis' descendents spelled Neefus. Pieter's descendents spelled Nevius.

Nevius, cont.

Conewago Baptisms, probably of Cornelis.

1. Martin Nevius and Ida Hogelant, his wife.

Mar. 17	1782	Jannetie
Nov. 17	1784	Johannis
Mar. 22	1790	Femmetie

Conradt

The first band of German emigrants to America set sail for Pa., in the ship "Concord" July 24-1683. There were thirteen men with their families, comprising 33 persons, nearly all of whom were relatives, and all from the Town of Crefeld, on the Lower Rhine, in Germany, a few miles from the border of Holland. Among the number on board the ship was Thones Kunders, a man at that time about 25 or 30 years old, and his wife Elin and three children, who was a sister of Willem Streypers who also was one of the immigrants. All those on board the "Concord" on this voyage were Mennonites and Friends in religious faith, both of which sects considered all strife and warfare as unchristian, abstained from taking oaths, opposed a paid ministry and favored strict discipline over their members. Thones Kunders was a blue dyer by trade which he carried on after arrival here in America, on the Delaware River, at the present site of Germantown near Phila. for which site for a settlement he had purchased in a tract of 500 acres before sailing, from William Penn and it was here that the settlement was formed. In 1683, very soon after their arrival, the first Meeting of Friends was held in his house and continued to be held there until the erection of the first Meeting House in 1686. In the course of time Thones Kunders came to be known as Dennis Conard or Conradt. He had seven children, Conradt, Matthys, Jan, Ann, Agnes, Hendrick and Elizabeth, the first three of whom were born in Crefeld and the others at Germantown, Pa. settlement. His descendents scattered to many places in Pa. New Jersey and Delaware.

Conewago Baptisms

1. John Conradt and Maria Craig (or Kraay), his wife

May 31	1772	Derrick
Nov. 27	1772	Maria Kraay, wife of Johannis Koinrad
Sept. 18	1774	Cornelis
Aug. 3	1777	Marta
Sept 10	1780	Magdalena

Van Arsdale

Isaac Van Arsdale, a Huguenot, came to America from Holland in 1645. He traces his ancestry to the Des Artsdallen or De Arts Family of Castle De Artois, in the year 1200, in France. His wife was _____ Janse(Johnson). Simon Van Arsdale, his son, came over in 1653 and died about 1710, at Flatlands, Long Island. He had sons, Cornelius and Jan. Cornelius had six sons, all of whom settled in Somerset County, New Jersey, and it is from them that most of the Conewago, Van Arsdale families originated.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Abraham Van Arsdale and Antie Perlee, his wife.

Oct. 23	1769	Simon
May 31	1772	Cornelius
Mar. 13	1774	Antie
May 12	1776	Simon (2)
Jany. 3	1779	Derrick
May 6	1781	Mabille
July 11	1784	Maria

2. Cornelius Van Arsdale and Jannetie Cornel, his wife

Sept. 9	1771	Maria
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3. Garret Van Arsdale and Annetie Van Harlingen, his wife

Apr. 22	1778	Gerret
Dec. 10	1780	Nellie
Dec. 1	1782	Lucretia
July 17	1785	Joseph
Oct. 14	1787	Arnold
Apr. 1	1792	Gertrude

4. Isaac Van Arsdale and Esther Hogtelling, his wife

Apr. 6	1783	Lucretia
Sept. 4	1785	Maria
Dec. ---	1791	Isaac

5. John Van Arsdale and Neeltie Peterson, his wife

May 27	1770	Isaac
July 5	1778	Simon
Jany. 14	1781	Neeltie
June 2	1784	Neeltie (2)
Nov. 15	1789	Cornelius

6. Luke Van Arsdale and Jannetie Cozine, his wife

Apr. 16	1775	Lammetie
Feb. 8	1778	Antie
Feb. 27	1780	Jannetje

Van Arsdale, cont.

7. Simon Van Arsdale and Antie Cozine, his wife

Sept.	9	1771	Antie
May	8	1773	Lammetie
Feb.	8	1778	Cornelius
June	11	1780	Ida
May	4	1782	Simon
July	24	1785	Jannetie

8. Johannis Van Arsdale and Magdalena Allen, his wife

Oct.	3	1779	Jannetie
May	12	1782	Johannis
Nov.	15	1789	Nathan Allen

9. Jan Van Arsdale and Catrina Vanderbilt, his wife

Mar.	25	1787	Isaac
Dec.	6	1789	Jacobus

Sebring

Jan Roelofse Sueberinch, born in the village of Byle, Province of Drenthe, Holland, in 1631, came to New Amsterdam with his wife and son, Jan, in April, 1660, and settled first at Brooklyn, and then at New Ammersfoort, L. I. where he was living in 1679, but removed again to Brooklyn some time prior to 1687 where he was living when he took the oath of allegiance to Great Britain in that year. His eldest son, Jan, born in Holland, married in 1678, Gertrude Kolfs, of Flatbush, L. I., where he lived. His son Jan Roelofs being baptised there, in the Flatbush Dutch Church, Aug. 17-1679, and his son, Daniel, on July-2, 1682, by his second wife, Adriana Polhemus. The second son of Jan Roelofse Sueberinch, Cornelius, was born in Brooklyn, in 1661, shortly after his arrival in this country. Cornelius Sebring married in the Flatbush Church, Sept. 3-1682, Aaltje Fredericks lubertse Van der Kreest, dau. of Johannis Fredericks, of Brooklyn. They lived at Flatbush until 1702 when they removed to New York City. The children of Cornelius Sebring and Aaltie Fredericks baptised in the Flatbush Church were Adriana-July 22, 1683, Frederick-1686, at the Brooklyn Church Isaac-May, 14-1693, Cornelia Oct. 20-1695, Jacob Nov. 5-1697, and Elizabeth Nov. 12-1699, at the Dutch Church, New York City, Marta July 19-1702.

Frederick Sebring, the eldest son of Cornelius Sebring and Aaltie Fredericks, married in the Dutch Church, N. Y. C., Dec. 7-1711, Maria Provoost, and became one of the largest merchants of New York. Their children were Catherine-Oct. 4-1713, Aaltie-Oct. 5-1715, Maria-Dec. 29-1717, Cornelia-Apr. 17-1720, Cornelius-Mch. 5, 1722, Margaret-Oct. 23-1724, Elizabeth-Mch. 29-1729, Frederick-Feb. 14-1730 and Elizabeth, Mch. 18-1733. The other sons of Cornelius Sebring and Aaltie Fredericks married and settled on Long Island, Staten Island, and in New Jersey, at Bergen and Hackensack. Later their descendents located in Somerset County and from there many of them migrated to Conewago, Pa. Mercer County, Ky. and to the Genessee Country of Western New York State

Sebring, cont.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Samuel Sebring and Maria Van Arsdale, his wife.

Sept.	9	1771	Samuel
Apr.	14	1773	Sara

Titsworth

Willem Abrahamse Tietsoort came to New Amsterdam prior to 1681, when he was in Schenectady but afterwards removed to Dutchess County New York. He made his will in Dutchess County, Dec. 11-1715 and proved May 26-1726, in which he names his wife, Neeltie, dau. of Teunis Swart, and ten children, four sons and six daughters, all of whom located in New York State and northern New Jersey, from which latter place many of his descendents migrated to Conewago, Pa. and from thence to Mercer County, Kentucky, and other localities in the West.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Isaac Titsworth and Antie Purcell, his wife

Jany.	29	1786	Jan
Oct.	14	1787	Rachel
Nov.	15	1789	Antie
Jany.	12	1792	Styntie

2. Mark Titsworth and Neeltie Van Vorst, his wife

Apr.	9	1786	Jacob
Nov.	8	1789	Catherine
May	19	1793	Seyntie. (She was the last child baptised at Conewago Dutch Ch. before it was disbanded).

Willem Gerretse Van Voorst, came from Arnheim, Holland, to New Amsterdam, in 1663, and settled at Albany, about 1665. He had a son Jellis(Giles) Van Vorst born at Albany in 1670 who married in 1699, Elizabeth, dau. of Jan Baptist Van Eps(Banta) and widow of Teunis Viele(Vail). He removed to Schenectady in 1700 where he became the father of a numerous family of children, some of whom settled in Rockland County, New York, near Tappan, and others in Bergen County, New Jersey, at Hackensack

Rune (Rooney)

Symon Drune, a Franch Huhuenot refugee, from Torquet, France, to Holland, came to New Amsterdam, from Henegouw, Holland, in 1661, and settled at New Utrecht, Long Island, where he left numerous descendents some of whom removed to Somerset County, New Jersey, and later to Conewago, Pa. and Mercer County, Ky.

Rune (Rooney), cont.

1. Benedict Rune and Maria Hart, his wife

May	27	1770	Willem
Oct.	11	1772	Christiana
June	5	1774	Elizabeth
July	27	1777	David
Oct.	3	1779	Margaret

John Hart, an Englishman, came to Mass. in 1631, and settled later at Newtown, Long Island, where he died in 1671. His sons were John, William and Samuel. John settled in Somerset County, and his son, "Capt. Edward Hart" was the grand-father of Hon. John Hart, of Hopewell, N. J., signer of the Declaration of Independence, whose six sons all left New Jersey, after his death, but some of them remained for a long time in Somerset and adjoining counties.

The descent of the Rev. John Hart of Neshantic, N. J. is from another John Hart, who was born at Witney, Oxfordshire, England, Nov. 16, 1651 (son of Christopher and Mary Hart) and who came to America with William Penn in 1682, landing at New Castle, Del. He settled near Phila.

Maria Hart, wife of Benedict Rune, descended from John Hart, to Mass. in 1631, and later to Long Island and thence to Somerset County, N. J.

Slot

Jan Janszen Sloth came from Amsterdam, Holland, shortly before April 28, 1672, on which date he was married to Judith Elswaerts, a young maiden born in New Amsterdam, and their children were as follows: all baptised in the Dutch Ch. in New York City, Johannis, Sept. 18-1674, Stoffel July 31-1677 (died young), Abeltie(Theodosia) Aug. 27-1679, Annatie Dec. 13-1681, Stoffel (2) July 13-1684, and Judith Feb. 20-1687.

His eldest son, Johannis Slot, married in 1698, in the Dutch Ch. New York, Jannetje Anderiesse, of New York, and they were the parents of two children baptised in Dutch Ch. N. Y., Maria Dec. 1-1700 and Johannis Sept. 23-1702, who married and settled in Hackensack, N. J.

His daughter, Abeltie (Theodosia) Slot, married July 27-1700, in the Hackensack Dutch Church, Adam Janse (Van Norden) and settled in Hackensack, Bergen County, New Jersey.

His daughter, Annatie Slot, married first David Demarest and (2), Jonathan Hart, of Southould, Long Island, and settled at Hackensack.

His youngest daughter, Judith Slot, married in the Dutch Church, New York City, Sept. 16-1706, Jan Pieterse Van Voorn, from Ghent, France (now Belgium) and settled first in New York City and later in Hackensack. It is from Johannis Slot that the New Jersey families of Slot descend

Conewago Baptisms

1. Benjamin Slot and Sarah Demeree, his wife

May	27	1770	Petrus
May	31	1772	Johannis

Purcell

The name Parcell has passed through many changes. Its original spelling was Pearsall, and the founder of the family, Henry Pearsall, was one of the early emigrants to Hempstead, Long Island, where he died in 1667, leaving five children, Nathaniel, Thomas, Daniel, William and Nicholas.

William Parcell as he spelled his name in his will, son of Henry Pearsall, of Hempstead, died in Newtown, L. I. in 1728, leaving seven children, Nicholas, his eldest son, Walter, Thomas, Abraham, Jacob, Abigail and Catherine. To Nicholas, he left his plantation at Newtown and to his sons, Walter and Abraham, his plantation located in Bergen County, New Jersey, where they both moved and left numerous descendents who affiliated themselves with the Dutch settlers there and as a result their name became changed in its spelling to Parcel, Percel, Passel, and Purcell.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Brigon Purcell and Maria Amermann, his wife

Aug. 14	1774	Marya
May 18	1777	Sara

2. Derrick Purcell and Cornelia Hoff (Huff), his wife

May 27	1770	Isaac
May 31	1772	Jan
Mar. 13	1774	Annatie
May 12	1776	Abram
Mar. 15	1778	Rebecca
Feb. 18	1780	Boyen
May 1	1784	Lydia

3. Isaac Purcell and Maria Smock, his wife

Oct. 17	1773	Isaac
Dec. 11	1774	Hillette
Apr. 6	1776	Maria
Apr. 25	1779	Derrick(Richard)
Mar. 2	1783	Jan
Mar. 25	1787	Annatie
Aug. 6	1790	John
Nov----	1791	Elizabeth

4. John Purcell and Antie Powell, his wife

May 27	1770	Isaac
May 31	1772	Jan

5. Peter Purcell and Margaret Voorhees, his wife

Mar. 21	1773	Dirck
May 10	1778	Jemime
May 6	1780	Rachel
May 6	1780	Jan, twin brother
Aug. 10	1783	Abraham

Purcell, continued

6. Roeloff Purcell and Mary Petersen, his wife

Mch. 26 1775 Marya

Petersen or Peterson

Jan Pieterszen and Grietie Jans, his wife, came from Holland prior to 1657 and settled at Brooklyn, Long Island, in 1660, where they became charter members for the First Dutch Church, at Brooklyn, along with several others who were members of the Dutch Church at New Amsterdam, but living on Long Island. They were the parents of a large family of children, some of whom settled in Somerset County, New Jersey.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Gerbrant Peterson and Sara Houten, his wife

Aug. 21	1774	Jannetie
Mar. 10	1782	Gerrett
Apr. 4	1784	Willem

2. Peter Peterson and Catrina Myer, his wife

Apr. 16 1775 Catrina

Van Nuys Family

Auke Jansen, carpenter, came from Nuis, in Groningen, Holland, arrived from Amsterdam in 1651 and settled first in New Amsterdam and finally at Flatbush, L. I. where he was a builder of Reformed Dutch Church at that place. He afterwards became a Schepen. He married (1) Magdalena Pieterse; (2) Elizabeth Janse, widow, of (first) Christopher Schaets and (second) Jan Claessen; (3) Geertje Gysbrechts, widow, of Jan Jacobse. He died in 1698. Sons Jan, Pieter, and Jacobus. Jacobus settled near New Brunswick about 1699, and his son, Isaac, at Millstone about 1737. Jan also had children who settled in Somerset County, New Jersey.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Cornelius Van Nuys and Maria Ammerman, his wife

Dec. 6 1789 Vrouwtie

Stryker

Jan Stryker, from Ruinen, Holland, born 1614, came to New Amsterdam in 1652, with his wife and four children; was one of the founders of Flatbush, in 1654, and was chief magistrate there; died about 1697; He married (1) in Holland, Lambertje Seubering (Sebring); (2) Swantje Jans, widow of Cornelis de Potter; (3) Teuntje Tunis, widow of Jacob Hellakers. Sons were Gerret, Hendrick and Pieter. Gerret settled in Somerset County, New Jersey as did children of Pieter, the latter being the ancestor of the late Adjutant-General, William S. Stryker. Jacobus Gerretse Stryker, brother to Jan, arrived in New Amsterdam in 1651, and in 1660 went to Flatlands, Long Island. He married in 1660 Ida Huybrecht, and died in 1687. Had sons Gerret. There were Somerset Strykers also descended from Jacobus, through his son Gerret.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Hendrick Stryker and Catrina Ammerman, his wife

July	20	1783	Petrus
Aug.	28	1790	Anne

Snedeker or De Snedeker

Jan Snedich with his wife and two children, Carste or Christian and Grietie, and his brother Claes Snedich, emigrated from Holland to New Amsterdam in 1657. They located at Flatbush on Long Island, and he and his brother, Claes were the founders of large families, some of whom took the name of De Snedeker and later in Somerset County, New Jersey, Snedeker.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Christian Snedeker and _____ Van Arsdale, his wife

May	27	1770	Jan
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Griggs

Thomas Griggs, Quaker, came from England to Mass. prior to 1639 settling at Roxbury. His son, John Griggs, had sons Benjamin, Daniel, Samuel and James, all of whom settled near Griggstown, Somerset County, New Jersey, in 1733 or earlier.

Conewago Baptisms

1. William Griggs and Jannetie Wycoff, his wife

Mat	12	1793	Jacobus (James)
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Claes (Nicholas) Wycoff, born in 1597, came with his son, Pieter, in 1637, and settled first in New Amsterdam and later at Flatlands, L. I. He died in 1674. Pieter, his only son to come to America, was born about 1625, in Holland, and settled finally at New Amersfoort, L. I. where he died in 1700. He married in 1649, Greta, a dau. of Cornelius Van Ness. His sons were Nicholas, Cornelius, Hendrick, John, Garret, Pieter, and Martin. His eldest dau. was Marretje Pieters Wycoff, the wife of Matthys Brouwer, son of Adam Brouwer, whom she married Jan. 26-1673, in D. Ch. New York.

Oblines

Joost Van Oblines, Sr. and his wife, Marten Westin, together with his married son, Joost Van Oblines, Jr., wife Mayken Samuels (or Simons) and infant son, Pieter born in Mannheim, Palatinate, Germany, were French Huguenot refugees to Mannheim who came to New Amsterdam prior to Oct. 12, 1664, when they all four became members of the Dutch Church at New Amsterdam. Joost Van Oblines, Jr. and Mayken Samuels after their arrival in this country had the following children baptised in the Dutch Church, New York City; Hendrick- Feb. 18-1672, Maria- July 14, 1675, Josina- Aug. 21, 1678, and Josyn- tie- -eb. 19, 1685. Pieter Oblines, eldest son of Joost Jr., born in Mannheim, in 1662, married Dec. 21, 1685, Cornelia Waldron, both then living at New Haerlam. Hendrick Oblines, his second son and first child born in New York, married Dec. 29, 1694, Jannetje Tibouts. Maria Oblines, dau. of Joost Jr. married Apr. 5, 1692, in the Dutch Ch., New York City, Thomas Tourneur, son of Daniel Tourneur and Jacqueline Parisis, and settled at New Castle, on the Delaware River. Pieter and Hendrick Oblines had numerous descendants who later settled in Bergen and Somerset Counties, New Jersey.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Jan Oblines and Maria Slegel, his wife

Oct.	23	1769	Sarah
June	20	1773	Elizabeth
Nov.	2	1777	Jan
Oct.	31	1779	Barbara

Maste

Jan Mastigh emigrated from Holland as a young man to New Amsterdam, sometime prior to Nov. 11, 1684, and settled at Brooklyn, Long Island, where he was married on this date to Geertie France, from Amsterdam, Holland. Later they removed to New Jersey and it is from them that the New Jersey family of Maste descend.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Peter Maste and Margaret Freer, his wife

May	31	1772	Ezekial
Mar.	26	1775	Petrus

Middagh

Aert Anthonisse Middagh came from Heykoop, Holland, in May 1661, settling at Brooklyn, married in 1670, Breckje Bergen, dau. of Hans Hansen Bergen (the first Bergen immigrant). Sons Theunis, Jan, Garret, Derck and Joris. Dirck married Catalina Van Neste, dau. of Pieter Van Nest, of Somerville, and settled at Somerville, New Jersey. Pieter Pietersen Van Nest came from Amsterdam to L. I., in 1647, settling at Brooklyn. His wife was Judith, dau. of Joris Jansen Rapalje and Catalina Trico. Sons were Pieter, Jeronemus and Joris. Pieter, Jr., and Jeronimus both settled near Somerville, N. J. about 1683, and then a little later, Pieter son of Joris, settled near Readington, N. J.

Middagh, cont.

Joris Jansen de Rapalie, Huguenot, from Rochelle, France (whose ancestors are traceable to the 11th Century) came to America in the ship "New Netherlands" in May, 1624, with Jesse De Forrest's band of first immigrants to Manhattan, settling first at Albany (Fort Orange) but finally at Brooklyn, where he became prominent. His wife was Catalyntie Trico, dau. of Joris Trico, born in Paris, France, about 1605 and died in 1689. She also was an immigrant on the ship "New Netherlands". Their sons were Jan, Jacob, Jeronimus, and Daniel. The family became very large on Long Island and in New Jersey.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Ephraim Middagh and _____ Hatray, his wife.

May 1 1791 Dirck

Vanderveer

Cornelis Janse Vande Veer came from Alkmaar, Holland, in Feb. 1659, and settled at Flatbush, L. I. He married Trintje de Mandeville. His sons were Cornelis, Jan, Dominious, Jacob and Michael.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Hendrick Vanderveer and Magdalena _____, his wife

Nov. 8 1789 Seyntie

Lott

Pieter Lot of Holland came to America in 1652 and settled at Flatbush, L. I. where he was a magistrate. His wife was Gertrude _____. Sons were Engelbert who married Cornelia De La Noy (Delano), in 1678; Pieter, Abraham, Hendrick, and Johannis. His descendents became both Lot and Lott. Hendrick Lott went to Somerset County, New Jersey, in 1701.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Cornelius Lott and Magdalena Brokaw, his wife

Dec. 6 1789 Cornelius
June---- 1792 George

Schomp

Originally Schamp, of Huguenot origin, the family, in 1573 escaped from France to the Netherlands, from which country, Pieter Schamp, a soldier, came to New Amsterdam, in 1672. His son, George Schamp, about 1712, settled between South Branch and Neshantic, in Somerset County, N. J. and in 1729 removed to Pleasant Run, Hunterdon County, between White House and Flemington. From him descended the Schomp families. Part of the original house built at Pleasant Run by George Schomp's son, Hendrick, and used as a tavern, still stands

Schomp, cont.

Conewago Baptisms

1. George Schomp and Maria Smock, his wife

Sept. 5	1779	Jodoces
Apr. 13	1781	Antie
Aug. 10	1783	Johannis

2. Hendrick Schomp and Ida Hoogelant, widow, of Martin Nefius, married at Conewago, Nov. 24, 1791, his wife.

Dec. 30	1792	George
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Christoffel Hooglant was born in Holland, in 1634, and came when a young man to New Amsterdam, from Haarlem, and died in 1684. He married in 1661, Catrina Creigier, dau. of Capt. Marten Kreigier. His sons were Dirck, Martin, Christopher, Francis, Jacob and Harman. Many of Somerset Hoagland's descend from his son Christopher.

Dirck Jansen Hoogland born in Maersveen, Holland, about 1637, came to America in 1657 and settled soon thereafter at Flatbush, L. I. He married in 1662, Annetje Hansen Bergen who died in 1745 or earlier. His sons were Jan, Willem, Cornelius, and Hendrick. Various Somerset Hoaglands descend from Dirck Jansen Hoogland.

There was a Cornelis Dirckszen Hoochlandt born in Amsterdam, Hollan, in 1599, who was in New Amsterdam in 1638. He married Aeltie Ariaens, dau. of Jacob Dircksen Vogel and died about 1668, in Brooklyn, leaving a son Dirck Corneliszen. He also had Somerset descendants.

Van Zandt

Bernardus Van Zandt born in Holland, Oct. 3, 1700, settled in Somerset County, N. J. and died there in 1788. His second son was Nicholas from whom descend many of the Van Zandt's in this region.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Peter Van Zandt and Elizabeth Covert, his wife

Sept. 11	1785	Maria
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2. Magdalena Van Zandt, unmarried dau. of Bernardus

Mar. 12	1786	Johannis
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Wit: Bernardus Van Zandt and Neeltie Beekman, his wife, the maternal grand-parents of the child.

Van Cleef

Jan Van Cleef, farmer, came from Cleef, Holland, in 1653 and settled at New Utrecht, Long Island. His wife was Engeltje Louwerens. Sons were Benjamin, Joseph, and Cornelis. Both Benjamin and Cornelis had descendants to settle in Somerset County, New Jersey.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Isaac Van Cleef and Femmetie Quick, his wife

Apr. 16	1780	Teunis (Anthony)
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Van Dyke

Thomas Janse Van Dyke came to America in 1652, with his wife Sytie Dircks and a large family, and settled in Brooklyn. One of his sons, Jan, and his wife, Tryntje Achias Haegin, settled at New Utrecht, L. I. where he became a magistrate. He died in 1673. The sons of Jan Van Dyke were Thomas, Carl, Achias, Jan and Hendrick, all born in Holland except Hendrick. The Somerset families descend from the last named Jan and Hendrick.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Johannis Van Dyke and Annatie Couwenhoven, his wife

Mar.	15	1778	Antie
Oct.	22	1780	Gerret
Mar.	2	1783	Petrus
Oct.	25	1784	Gertrude

2. Peter Van Dyke and Maria Williamson, his wife

Mar.	1	1790	George
May-----		1792	Hezekiah

3. Henry J. Van Dyke and Polly Biggar, his wife, married at Conewago, Nov. 14, 1789

May	22	1790	Peggy
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Williamson

Willem Williamsen emigrated in 1657 from Holland and settled at Gravesend, Long Island, New York. He married Mayke Pieterse Wycoff, dau. of Pieter Wycoff and Greta Van Ness. She was a sister of Marretje Pieterse Wycoff who married Matthys Brouwer, son of Adam Brouwer and Magdalena Verdon, Jany. 26-1673. Willem Williamsen died in 1722. His sons were Nicholas, Peter, Willem, Jr., Jacobus, and Cornelis. All the Somerset County, New Jersey Williamsons belong to this family.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Theodore Williamson and Rachel Banta, his wife

Jany.	14	1776	Marya
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2. David Willemse (Williamson) and Maria Van Dyke, his wife

May	30	1790	Johannis (John)
(In 1812, this John Williamson would be 22 years old, and must be the one who was the Lieut. of (the 4th Company, of the First Kentucky Rifle Reg.)			

Honts or Houts

Johannis and Willem Hondt (Honts) and now Houts, came to New Amsterdam from Holland, prior to 1651. Willem Hondt married Sara Schepmoe, of New Amsterdam. His brother, Johannis Hondt, married in Holland, Sophia Jong, by whom he had a daughter, Beltje Hondt, born in Holland, and a son, Jan Hondt, likewise born in Holland, both of whom he brought with his wife, to New Amsterdam. There is no record of any further children of Johannis Hondt and Sophia Jong.

His brother, Willem Hondts and Sara Schepmoe, had a son bapt. in the Dutch Ch. New Amsterdam, Apr. 14, 1658 as follows: "Thomas Hondts, bapt. Apr. 14, 1658, son of Willem Hondt and Sara Schepmoe, wit; Jacob Hay, Hendrick Tamboer. Anna Schepmoe". There is no record of any other children bapt. of Willem and Sara Hondts.

Jan Hondt, son of Johannis Hondt and Sophia Jong, married Elsie Jans. They were the parents of twin daughters bapt. in New Am. Nov. 29, 1674.

Jan Hondt, son of Johannis and Thomas Hondt, son of Willem, both removed later to New Jersey, and it is from them that the New Jersey families of Hont's, later Houts in Kentucky, descend.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Johannis Honts and Ida Van Arsdale, his wife

Nov. 8	1778	Johannis
Feb. 25	1781	Lammetie

2. Christopher Honts and Maria Jansen, his wife

Feb. 21	1779	Johannis
Apr. 13	1781	Thomas
Aug. 11	1783	Sophia
Jany. 15	1786	Annatie

3. Jores (George) Lashells and Margaret Honts, his wife

July 14	1782	Rulif
Nov. 12	1786	Johannis
Nov. 7	1789	Antie
Nov. 1	1792	Jacob

4. Jeremiah Breen and Sara Honts, his wife

June 27	1784	William
Nov. 12	1786	Jores (George)

(Note: The Christopher Honts above must have been the Christopher G. Honts who was later the Quarter-master, of Mitchusson's Nelson County Regiment of Kentucky Militia, in the New Orleans Campaign, in 1815, under Gen. Andrew Jackson, at which time he would be about 58 or possibly 60 years of age. A quarter-master was usually an older man with past experience in business matters, especially in buying army supplies.

Smock

Hendrick Matthyse Smak came from Holland in 1654 and settled at New Utrecht, Long Island, where he became a magistrate. His wife was Geertje Harmens. He died about 1708. Sons were Matthys, Johannis, and Leendert. Johannis settled in Monmouth County, New Jersey, in 1712, and Leendert and Matthys, in Middlesex County, N. J. The name was originally "Smack" pronounced Smock.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Barent Smock and Antie Cozine, his wife

May.	27	1770	Marie
Oct.	11	1772	Cornelius
Feb.	28	1775	Hendrick
May	18	1777	Peter
July	11	1779	Antie
June	10	1781	Neeltie. She married

Jan Brouwer, son of Abraham Brouwer and Sara Van Norden, in Mercer County, Ky., Nov. 18-1800. Jan Brouwer, bapt. at Conewago, May 6-1781.

2. John Smock and Lena Van Duyn, his wife

May	27	1770	Jacob
Mch.	3	1776	Hendrick
Feb.	14	1779	Abraham
Sept.	28	1783	Jacobus
June	4	1786	Isaac

3. Jacob Smock and Tryntje Demeree, his wife

May	15	1774	Lea
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The wife of Hendrick Matthys Smack, Guertje Harmens Coerten.

Guert Corten came from Voorthuysen, in Gelderland, Holland, and settled first at New Amsterdam and then at Bergen, N. J. He is first mentioned on Dec. 18-1646, when he rented with Wouter Aertsen, the bouwery or farm of Wouter Van Twiller, on Manhattan Island. He married Oct. 13, 1647, Guertje Jacobs. He joined the Bergen D. Ch. in 1672 and died Aug. 17-1701. His wife died first and he left no living children. He made his brother Harmen Corten, his universal heir.

Harmen Corten, his brother, also from Voorthuysen, Gelderland, was born about 1610, as he was 54 years old in 1664, when he made a declaration regarding Capt. John Scott's raid on New Utrecht, L. I. He sailed on Feb. 12, 1659, for this country, in the ship De Trouw, with his wife Aertje Gerrits, and five children, aged 5-6-8-9 and 17 years, and settled in New Utrecht. Later he removed to Bergen, N. J. and took the oath of allegiance there to the English in 1665 and where his wife died Dec. 2, 1684. He died Nov. 26, 1689. His children were:

Smock, cont.

1. Gysbertje Coerten-2, the 17 year old child of 1659, born about 1642: married Jany. 30-1660, Arent Leonartszen of Amsterdam, Holland, and died before 1679, when her husband married again. Then his name is given as Arent Leendertszen de Grauw.
2. Reyekje Coerten-2, married May 25-1667, Jurriaen Thomaszen van Ripen, who had emigrated in 1663 on the ship De Bonte Koe (The Spotted Cow). She joined the Bergen Dutch Ch. Nov. 3-1667 and he followed on Mch. 24-1673. He died Sept. 12-1695
3. Neeltje Coerten-2, married July 23-1670, Johannis Magielse. Had Michael-3 bapt. Nov. 23-1684.
4. * Guertje Coerten-2, married Hendrick Matthyse Smack (See children below)
5. Jan Coerten-2, only son, "from Gerder in Gelderland", married June 23-1684, Neeltje Jans Buys (Boice), and died before 1697 when his widow married again.

* Guertje Harmens Coerten-2

Guertje Harmens Coerten-2 and Hendrick Matthys Smack (Smock) had 8 children, 3 sons and 5 daughters.

1. Matthyse Smock-3, married Sept. 12-1691, in New York Elizabeth Stevens of New York City, widow, and removed to Piscataway, N. J. His will was proved May 30-1727. Names his wife Elizabeth. Sons Hendrick, John, Lucas, Matthys, Jacobus. Dauts. Elizabeth, Guertje and Mary.
2. * Johannis Smock-3, married Femmetje or Catherine Barents, and died Dec. 14-1756. Parents of Barent Smock of Conewago, Pa.
3. Leendert Smock-3 married Sara Van Zandt. Settled in Piscataway, N. J. Will proved Apr. 12-1739
4. Maria Smock-3, married Oct. 4-1685, Jacques Cortelyou, Jr.
5. Sarah Smock-3, married Oct. 4-1687, Adriaen Boreum
6. Martyntie Smock-3, married Adriaen Van Pelt
7. Aertje Smock-3, died young
8. Rebecca Smock-3, bapt. Feb. 27-1681, married Johannis Swart

Luyster (Lister)

Pieter Cornelis Luyster and Thys Pieterse Luyster came over from Holland in 1656, and settled on Long Island, where they were living at Flatbush in 1681. Pieter Cornelis Luyster married Jannetje Snedeker (or De Snedeker), and was the father of a large family of children, who first settled on Long Island, and later in many parts of New Jersey. Their descendents married into the Monfort, Couwenhoven, Gulick (or Hulick), Stryker, Rapelje, Berkelo, Nostrant and Brinkerhoff families.

Peter Luyster, the elder, one of their descendents, married Antie Gulick, dau. of Peter Gulick, of Somerset County, New Jersey, about 1768. Their children baptised at the Neshantic Dutch Church, Somerset County, were as follows, all of whom they took with them when they removed to Conewago, Pa. sometime prior to 1783: Neeltie- Jany. 29, 1769, Jacob-June 24, 1770, Abraham and Isaac (twins)- Apr. 19, 1772, Jacob-(2)- Mar. 24, 1774, Jacob Pieter- Aug. 25, 1776, Eva- Apr. 29, 1781.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Pieter Luyster, the elder, and Antie Gulick

Jany.	26	1783	Lens
July	17	1785	Antie
Oct.	14	1787	David

2. Pieter Luyster, the younger, of the two Peter Luyster's at Conewago, and probably a nephew or cousin of Peter Luyster, the elder, who also migrated to Conewago, married at Conewago, Pa. about 1784, Rachel Van Orden, dau. of Stephen Van Orden and Marya Koning, who was either a niece or cousin of Maria Koning, who married Daniel Brouwer, of the Schenectady line of Brouwer's. Rachel Van Orden, bapt. May 13, 1761, at Schraalensburg, N. J. was no relation to Sarah Van Orden or Van Norden, the wife of Abraham Brouwer, of the Adam Brouwer line of New York City.

Conewago Baptisms

Jany.	1	1785	Jan
Oct.	14	1787	Stephen
Dec.	6	1789	Cornelius
Apr.	17	1790	Nelly

Hendrick Gulick and wife Geertruy Willekms, came from Holland, in 1653, with two children, Jan and Jochen. He died the same year. Jochen settled first at Gravesend, Long Island, and then at Six Mile Run, Somerset County, N. J. His sons were Benjamin, Henry, John and Willem. John Gulick, son of Jochen, of Somerset Co., had sons Abram, William, John, Jochem, Jacobus and Peter Gulick whose will is here-with given. "Aug. 31-1774. Names children Jochim, Ferdnand, Isaac, Peter, Maria, Jacomyntie, Geertje, Catherine (deceased), margaret, Antie, wife of Peter Luyster, Jannetje, Eve and Elizabeth.

Voorhees

Stephen Coerte Van Voorhees, born 1600 at Hees, Province of Drenthe, Holland, came from Holland in 1660 in the ship "Spotted Cow", with his wife and seven children, and settled at Flatlands, L. I. His wife was Willempje Roelofse Seubering (Sebring). He died Feb. 16, 1684. Sons were Coert, Lucus, Jan, Albert and Abraham. Most of the Somerset County, N. J. families of Voorhees descend from Lucus. This is the family from which U. S. Senator Daniel Woolsey Voorhees, of Indiana, descended, and many other prominent men throughout the Nation.

Conewago Baptisms.

1. Abraham Voorhees and Brehie Speeder, his wife.
 Sept. 18 1785 Maria
2. Cornelius Voorhees and Johanna Langstrate (Longstreet).
 May 31 1772 Jacobus
3. Garret Voorhees and Lena Holenset, his wife.
 Oct. 14 1787 Baratie
4. Jacob Voorhees and Sara Sickels, his wife.
 April 9 1786 Abraham Wilson
5. Peter Voorhees and Sophia de Bogart, his wife, of Tunis.
 Sept. 8 1771 Helena
 Oct. 11 1772 Abraham
6. Roeloff (Ruliff) Voorhees and Elizabeth Neefis, his wife
 Nov. 26 1773 Aaltie
 Aug. 6 1775 Roeloff (Ruliff).

Members of the Voorhees family also married into the Demeree, De Graff, Brinkerhoff, Purcell, Kitchen, Johnston and Brouwer families, as shown elsewhere in this manuscript.

Derick Stoffelse Langestraat (Longstreet) came from Holland in 1657, to Flatlands, Long Island. He married (1) Catherine Van Liewen; (2) before 1690, Johanna Havens, widow of Johannis Holsaert (Holenset). His sons were Stoffel, Adrain, Richard, Johannis and Samuel. Adrain and Stoffel removed to Monmouth County, N. J. and left descendents, some of whom reached Somerset County.

Teunis Gisbertse Bogaerdt came from Heiskop, Holland, in 1662, settling in Brooklyn, where he married the widow of Hans Hansen Bergen, the ancestor of the Bergen family. His sons were Gisbert, Adrain and Cornelius. Gisbert heads the Somerset County line, which spelled the name Bogart. The Bogert families of Bergen County, descend from a Cornelius Jansen Bogert, not connected with Teunis Gisbert Bogart.

Kyln (Kline)

Johan Jacob Klein born in Germany, in 1714, came to America in 1740 and settled near Readington, Hunterdon County, New Jersey. He married Veronica Gerdtutta, dau. of Johannis Moelich. He died in 1740. His sons were John, William, Jacob, Aaron, and Peter. The Somerset line in general is descended from him, but there are some descendants of Goffried Klein, who also was in Readington before 1758 and had sons Christian and Jacob.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Hendrick Klein and Elizabeth De Graff, his wife

Aug.	10	1783	Annatie
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Vanderbilt

Adrian Teunise van der Bilt came from Holland in 1640, as a farm laborer, probably from Luyten Anbacht, in N. Brabant. Jan Aertse Vanderbilt, great-great-grandfather of Commodore Vanderbilt came from Holland, from Bilt, near Utrecht, in 1650 or earlier, and finally settled near Jersey City, N. J. A grand-son, Cornelis, settled near Somerville, Somerset County, N. J., before 1738, and his brother, Hendrick, in Franklyn Twpt. Somerset Co. before 1735

Conewago Baptisms

1. Jacobus Vanderbilt and Elizabeth Janse, his wife

Oct.	23	1769	Catherine
Oct.	10	1775	Elizabeth

2. Cornelius Vanderbilt and _____, his wife

Sept.	16	1792	Cornelius
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Van Duyne

Name from Duyn, in Burgandy, France. Gerrit Cornelis, of Nieu-kirken, Holland, carpenter and wheelwright, came over in 1649. In 1663 he married in New Amsterdam, Jacomina Jacobse Swarts. In 1670, he returned to Zwolle, Holland, but came back to this country in 1679, and settled finally at Flatbush, L. I. where he died in 1706. His sons were Cornelis, Denys, Abraham and William. Denys settled in Franklyn Twpt. Somerset County, N. J. for a time, while two of his sons, William and Denys remained there and were the ancestors of the Somerset Van Duyns.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Serrell Van Duyne and Elizabeth Smock, his wife (1)

May	31	1772	Annatie
Apr.	17	1774	Sara

Serrell Van Duyne and Adrianna Van Nuys, his wife (2)

Van Duyne, cont.

Apr.	28	1776	Antie
May	2	1779	Maria
Mar.	9	1783	Catlina

2. Charles Van Duyne and Maria Ammerman, his wife

July	4	1779	Elizabeth
Dec.	21	1781	Antie
Feb.	15	1784	Syttie
July	16	1786	Thomas
May	15	1790	Genny

3. Thomas Van Duyne and Annatie Hogtelling, his wife

Mch.	2	1783	Neeltie
Apr.	10	1785	Hezekiah
Oct.	14	1787	Maria
Nov.	15	1788	Wilhelmus Hoogtelling (1)
May	15	1790	Wilhelmus Hogtelling (2)

4. Denys Van Duyne and Maria Roberson, his wife

Oct.	14	1787	William
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Dorland

Jan Gerritse Dorlandt, born about 1625, came from Holland to New Amsterdam in 1652, and died after 1711. He settled in Brooklyn, and in 1699 was collector of Brooklyn. The name of his first wife is unknown. His second wife was Anna Remsen, dau. of Rev. Jan Vanderbeeck. Sons were Gerrit, Elias and Samuel by his first wife, and Rem and Jan by his second wife.

Lambert Gerritse Dorlandt, brother of Jan Gerritse Dorlandt, came in the ship "Spotted Cow" in 1663, and also settled in Brooklyn, but later (about 1681) on Staten Island. He was a member of the Colonial General Assembly, in New York. In 1715 he removed to Somerset County, New Jersey, near Readington and Harlengen, and died there about 1720. His wife was Harmina Peters. His sons were Gerrit and John. The Somerset families of Durling and Dorland generally descend from Gerret, son of Lambert Dorland. The Dutch meaning of Dorlandt is "arid or thin land".

Conewago Baptisms.

1. Gerret Dorland and Jannetje Hall, his wife

Feb.	6	1774	Lammetie
June	23	1776	Dooretie (Dosia)
June	6	1779	Stientie
Apr.	17	1785	Jannetie

Westervelt

Willem Lubbertsen Van Westervelt and his wife Dirkje Roeloffse with their daughter, Femmetje Jans Willems, came from Mepple, Province of Drenthe, Holland, to New Amsterdam, subsequent to 1658, and settled at New Ammersfort, Long Island. He died there prior to Sept. 1- 1697, as on that date, his wife, Dirkje Roeloffse describes herself as "widow and relict of Willem Van Westervelt, late of Kings County, Long Island, deceased". Dirkje Roeloffse, his wife, died between 1697 and 1707. Her will was dated Sept. 1-1697 and proved Aug. 22-1704. Their daughter, Femmetie Jans Willems, was baptised in Mepple, Province of Drenthe, Holland, Apr. 29-1658, and came with her parents to this country. She married Mch. 17-1676, Jacob Verdon-3 son of Thomas Verdon-2, only brother of Magdalena Verdon, the wife of Adam Brouwer-Berckhoven (Brewer). Jacob Verdon-3 and Femmetje Willems (Van Westervelt) were the parents of 10 children (5 sons and 5 daus.).

The son of Willem Lubbertse Van Westervelt and Dirckje Roeloffse was Jan Lubbertse Van Westervelt. He married Dirckie Huyberse Blauvelt, born at Tappan, but living at Hackensack, on May 28-1709. Their son was Gerret Westervelt, born at Schrallensburg, N. J. May 3-1724. He married, at Schrallensburg, Sept. 11-1743, Maria Brouwer, dau. of Adolphus Brouwer-3 and Jannetje Verdon (Adolphus Brouwer-3, William-2 and Adam Brouwer-Berckhoven-1). They were the parents of 12 children (8 sons and 4 daughters); Jan Sept. 25-1744, married Annetje Dye or Dey; Abraham July 13-1746, married Maria Eshly or Ashly; Jacobus Dec. 6-1747, died young; Lea Apr. 2-1749; Dirckie Oct. 28-1750; Petrus Aug. 16-1752, married his sister-in-law, Elizabeth Brouwer; David May 19-1754, married VROUTIE Cammagaar; Daniel Sept. 5-1755, married Catrina Denise; Jacobus Apr. 8-1759; Mary May 9-1762; Gerret Aug. 26-1764, married Elizabeth Davis; Rachel Sept. 7-1766.

Conewago Baptisms

1. Abraham Westervelt and Maria Ashley, his wife
Nov. --- 1778 Lea
2. Jacob Westervelt and Maria Demeree, his wife
----- 1769 Debora
May 27 1770 Catrina
3. Jan Westervelt and Antie Dey, his wife
Apr. 17 1778 Antie
4. Jacobus Westervelt and Femmetie Cozine, his wife
Feb. 6 1780 Maria

Jury

The emigrant ancestor of the Jury family came prior to 1680 from Holland, and settled on Long Island. Later descendents removed to N. J.

Oct.	11	1772	Christiens
June	5	1773	Elizabeth
July	27	1777	David
Oct.	3	1779	Margaret

Additional Conewago Records.

Kraay

Teunis Kraay emigrated in 1657 from Vanlo, Holland, to New Amsterdam, with his wife and four children, two of whom were under ten years of age. He later located at Albany, New York, and it is from him that numerous Kraay or Kray families in New York and New Jersey descend. Many of his descendents later settled at Tappan, New York and in and near Hackensack, Bergen County, New Jersey. Two of his descendents, Maria Kraay and Margaret Kraay, married Johannis Conradt and Michael De Graff, respectively.

Cornell

Guilliams (William) Corneille, of French Huguenot descent, but son of a merchant in Rotterdam, Holland, came to Long Island, in 1650 and settled at Flatbush and died there in 1666. The name of his wife is unknown. His sons were Peter, Jacob, Wilhelmus, Johannis, Simon and Abraham. Several of these sons later settled in Somerset and Bergen Counties, N. J. whose descendents married into various New Jersey families. Jannetie Cornell became the wife of Cornelius Van Arsdale, and went to Conewago, Pa.

Van Pelt

Teunis Jansen Laenen van Peelt (meaning from the Peel) arrived in the ship "Rose Tree" from Liege, Netherlands (now Belgium) in 1663 and his descendents took the name of Van Pelt. His brother, Matthias came with him and his descendents retained the name of Lane. Teunis had sons Aert, Anthony, Hendrick, Jan and Wouter. Aert Van Pelt settled at Millstone, Somerset County, in 1702 and Wouter Van Pelt purchased land there at the same time but did not come to Somerset County, N. J. Maria Van Pelt married Daniel Covert and removed to Conewago.

Van Ryphen

Juriaen Tomassen, a young man of the city of Ripen, North Jutland, Denmark, sailed in 1663, in the "Bonte Koe" for New Netherlands and settled in Bergen County, New Jersey, where he became the founder of a numerous family of descendents, some of whom took the name of Jurianse changed later to Yereanse and Auryansen, and others the name of Van Ripen or Ryphen, from the city of their founder's nativity. Jurian Tomassen died Sept. 12-1696. May 12-1667, he married Pryntie Hermans. His children were Thomas-1668, married June 3-1691, Jannetie, dau. of Jan Straatmaker; Gerrett-1670, married June 27-1693, Beelitie, dau. of Dierck Janse Osten and Elizabeth Cornelius of Hoboken; Aeltie-1672; Chrystina-1677, married Aug. 1-1698, Pieter Gerbrantse; Martje-1680, married in 1704 Claas Gerbrantse; Harmen-1686; and Gertrude. One of his descendents, Leenah Van Ryphen, married Abraham Hoff (Huff) and moved to Conewago.

Powelson (Powels)

Nicholas Powelson came to New Amsterdam from Ditmarsen, Holland, in 1657. He had a son Hendrick, whose son Jacob Hendrickse came to Somerset County, New Jersey. His son Johannis of Harlingen, born in 1719, married Harmptje Messler and settled in Somerset County, in 1767. He left a large number of descendents, some of whom spell their name Poulison, Poulson, Powlison and Pouwel. Antie Powell, one of his descendents married Jan Pessel (Purcell) and another _____ Powell married Abraham Hoff (Huff), both of whom moved to Conewago, Pa.

Ackerman

David Ackerman born in Holland in 1615 came from the Mayory of Bosch, Holland, to New Amsterdam, in August, 1662, in the ship "Fox", with his wife Lysbeth de Villiers and six children aged 20-18-16-12-8 and 6 years. He settled at New Amsterdam and later several of his children located in Bergen County, N. J., at Hackensack. He left numerous descendents scattered over New Jersey, Long Island, and Rockland County, N. Y., at Tappan. One of his descendents, Elizabeth Ackerman, married Gilbert Brinkerhoff and removed to Conewago, Pa.

Sutton

William Sutton, an English Quaker, came to Eastham, on Cape Cod, Mass. in 1666 and married July 1666, Danis Bishop. Later before 1682, he removed to New Jersey and died there in 1713. His sons were Thomas, John, Richard, Benjamin, Daniel and Joseph. John settled on the Passaic River. Daniel near Basking Ridge, Somerset County. One of his descendents, Gertrude Sutton, married Adrian Hageman, and removed to Conewago, Pa.

Schenck

Martin Schenck born in 1584, in Doesburgh, Holland, married there Maria Margaretta de Bockhurst, and was the father of Roeloff and Jan Schenck who came to New Amsterdam, in 1650. Roeloff Martense born about 1630, at Ammersfort, Holland, was the ancestor of the principal Schenck families of Monmouth and Somerset Counties, N. J.

Van Dorn

Pieter Van Dorn, of Gravesends, Holland, came to America prior to 1657 and settled at Gowanus, Long Island. He married (1) in Holland, Catherine Stelling, (2) 1657, Jannetje Rancken, widow, of Thomas Colyn. He died in 1668. The only son, Jacob, born in Holland, settled near Marlborough, Monmouth County, New Jersey, in 1697. The Van Dorn's and most of the Van Dorens's descend from Jacob, but some Van Dorn's from Cornelis Lambertszen Van Doorn, of Utrecht, Holland, who settled at Albany, N. Y. in 1642 and whose grandson, Cornelis, settled in Monmouth County, N. J. in 1709.

Van Horne

This family had at least three early representatives in the country, Cornelis, who came to New Amsterdam from Holland before June 1645; Christian Barentszen, who also came to the same place before 1653 but died in 1658; and Joris Jansen who came over in 1688.

Vredenburgh

Willem Isaacsen Vredenburgh came from The Hague, Holland, in the ship "Gilded Beaver" in May, 1658. He married in New Amsterdam, Oct. 19-1664, Appolonia Barentse, dau. of Barent Jacobsen Cool. He was a soldier. He settled at Kingston, N. Y. where his children Abraham and Jannetje were baptised. Sons were Abraham, Isaac, Johannis and Willem. The Somerset County, N. J. line descend from Isaac.

Vreeland

Michael Jansen Vreeland came from Holland in the ship "Renns.", Oct. 1-1636, from South Beveland, Province of Zeeland, Holland, and settled opposite Albany (then Fort Orange). He later engaged in the fur trade and removed to New Amsterdam in 1647, and in 1648, to Communipaw, N. J. In 1655 the Indians massacred every family about Communipaw except his, when he returned to New Amsterdam

Zabriskie

Albrecht Saborowsky (Soboriske) was born in Poland, in 1638, came from Engstburg, East Prussia, Germany, in August, 1663, settling in New Amsterdam. About 1676, he settled in New Jersey. He married Dec. 16-1676, Machtell Van der Linde, and died Sept. 1-1711. His sons were Jacob, Jan, Joost, Christian, Hendrick and Albert.

Barcalow

Willem Janse Van Barckelloo, emigrated from Borculoo, Holland, in Gelderland Province, in 1657. His sons were Jan, Willem, Dirck, Daniel and Cenrad, who settled in Somerset County, N. J.

Blauvelt

Gerret Hendrickse (Blauvelt) came from Deventer, Holland, prior to 1646, married in New Amsterdam, May 7-1646, Marie Lambert, and settled at Tappan, Rockland County, N. Y. Died in 1684. His sons were Hendrick, Huybert, Johannis, Abram and Isaac.

Bloom

Claes Barentse Blom came from Holland in the ship "Fox", in Sept 1662, married Apr. 26-1685, Elizabeth Poulis, widow of Michael Vander voort, and resided at Flatbush, L. I. His sons were Barent and Simon.

Conklin-Conkling

Ananias Conkline came from Nottingham, England, in 1638, settling at Salem, Mass., then on Long Island, where he died at East Hampton, in 1656. His sons were Jeremiah, Cornelius, Benjamin, Lewis, and Jacob. Cornelius Conklin settled in Somerset County, N. J. (This is Senator Roscoe Conkling's family).

De Camp

Laurens Jans De Camp came from Holland to New Amsterdam, in 1664 and Hendrick, his son, settled at Woodbridge and another son, Laurence, settled in Franklin Twpt. Somerset County, N. J.

De Groot

Pieter De Groot, a French Huguenot, came from Rochelle, France, in the 17th century, settling in New York City. His son, Jacob, came to Bound Brook, Somerset County, N. J., erecting a house there as early as 1700, and it was owned by him and his descendants, until 1843, and burned in 1853. The name is now extinct in Somerset County.

De Hart

Balthazar, Daniel, Matthias and Jacobus De Hart were early emigrants from Holland (about 1658) to New Amsterdam. The family was originally from France. Jacobus settled in Elizabethtown, N. J. in 1671, and Daniel, a physician, came there later. Balthazar became a wealthy New York merchant. Simon Aesen De Hart came over in 1664 and resided in Brooklyn. Various of his descendants were early in Monmouth and Somerset Counties, N. J.

De Mott

Michael De Mott or De La Motte, of French Huguenot descent, came to America about or before 1665, when he appears in the records of Esopus (now Kingston) N. Y. His wife was Annetie Westbrook, dau. of Anthony Janse Westbrook, of Albany. His sons were Anthony, Johannis, and Dirck. Dirck was baptised Sept. 21-1684 and died July 14-1753. He married Styntie _____ and settled in the neighborhood of Neshantic, Somerset County, N. J. The Somerset County De Mott's descend from Dierck. Some of his descendants went to Conewago, Pa., and later to Mercer County, Ky.

Denise (Van Middleswart)

Teunis Nyssen(Nyce) came from near Utrecht, Holland, about 1638, and resided at New Amsterdam, Gowanus and Flatbush, L. I. The surname became De Nyse and then Denise. He married Phebe Felix, of England, widow of Hendrick "the Boor". His sons were Denys, Jan, Cornelis, Joris and others. Joris took the name of Van Middleswart and so did Jan, and both settled near Somerville, Cornelis and Denys also settled in Somerset County, and their descendants retained the De Nyse (Nyce) or Denise family surname.

De Witt

This family can be traced back to 1295 in Holland, when John De Witt, the "Grand Pensionary" was one of the most distinguished men in the Netherlands. Tjerck Claessen De Witt, of Grootholdt, Zunderland, in Holland, came to America about 1648 with his brother Andries. Tjerck married in New Amsterdam, Barbara Andraesan, from Amsterdam, Holland. In 1657 he went to Albany, in 1660 to Kingston, N. Y. He died Feb. 17-1700. His sons were Andries, Klaes, Jan, Jacob, Lucas, and Peek. Tjerck was the ancestor of the late Peter De Witt, of Somerville, Somerset County, N. J.

Ditmars

Jan Jansen came from Ditmarsen, Province of Holstein, about 1638 and resided at Dutch Kills, N. Y. His sons were Jan, Dowe and Rynier. The family name was added in this country as "Van Ditmarsen". The Somerset Ditmars descend from Dowe.

Doty

Edward Doty came over in the "Mayflower" in 1620 and settled at Plymouth, Mass. His wife was Faith Clark whom he married as his second wife, Jany. 6-1635. He died Aug. 23-1655. His sons were Edward, John, Thomas, Samuel, Isaac, and Joseph. The Somerset Co., N. J. Doty's descend from the above line. The name is said to have been pronounced "Dowty" and in this way, it may be the line has sometimes been mixed with the real Doughty line.

Doughty

Francis Doughty, came from Hempstead, Glouchstershire, England, was in Trenton, Mass. in 1639 and in 1641 removed to Long Island. His sons were Francis, Charles, Elias, Jacob. The Doughtys' of N. J. are descended from Elias who had sons, Francis, Charles, Elias, Jacob, Benjamin and William, and not from the Edward Doty, of the Mayflower, as above shown.

Dumont

Wallerand Dumont, a French Huguenot, came to New Amsterdam, from Amsterdam, Holland, in 1657, settling at Kingston, N. Y. He married in 1664, Margaret Hendricke, widow, of Jan Arentszen and died in 1713. His sons were Walran, Jan Baptist, Peter, The latter settled in Somerset County, N. J., about 1699.

Lowe

Pieter Cornellisen Louw came from Holstein, then in Denmark, in 1659, and settled at Kingston, N. Y. He married Oct. 27-1668, Elizabeth Blanchan. His sons were Cornelis, Matthys, Pieter, Abraham, Johannis and Jacob. The Lows and Lowes of N. J. all descend from some of these sons, the larger number from Cornelis who in 1728 settled in Somerset County, and one or more of whose sons were later near Neshantic.

Jurryen-Probasco

Jurryen Probasko, with his wife Catelyntie, a son Christoffel, and a daughter, Anne, came from Holland in 1654, settling in Brooklyn. Christoffel married Ida Stryker, of Flatbush, L. I. and had sons Jan, Jacob, Abraham and Christoffel, all of whom except Abraham, settled near Millstone, Somerset County, N. J.

Baricks

Hans Conrad Barick born in 1722, came from Erback, Germany, in 1749 and settled in Morris County, N. J. He died in 1790. His wife was Anna Maria Weber. His sons were Henry, Conrad, John and William.

Rynearson

Arent Theunissen (known as Van Hengel) came from Hengel, in the Province of Gelderland, Holland, in 1653, settling on Staten Island, with his wife, Tryntie Reynders, and three children, Reynier, Mary and Hendrick. It is probable that he was killed during the Indian War on Staten Island, in Sept. 1655. His widow married May 25-1656, Severyn Laurenszen, from Denmark. She died prior to 1671.

Terhune

Albert Albertse came to America before 1654, from Huyen, Holland, as his descendents took the name of Ter Hunen, later becoming Terhune. He resided at New Amsterdam, New Utrecht and Flatlands, L. I. in 1685. His wife was Geertje _____. Sons were Jan and Albert, the latter settling at Hackensack, Bergen County, and Jan to Somerset County, New Jersey.

Allen.

Joseph Allen born in England came to America in 1680, and later settled in Washington Valley, Somerset County, N. J. He had a son, Joseph and several others. About the same date a John Allen, Quaker, resided at Woodbridge, Somerset County, N. J.

Craig

Moses Craig born in 1702 and died in 1777, settled in Somerset County, N. J., in 1736. His sons were Robert, John and Aaron.

Rachel Van Norden

Seigneur Pierre Mabilie de Neve, having estates in Neivy, south of Angers, in the old province of Anjou, which is now in the Departments of Maine and Loire, France. He held high rank in Admiral Coligny's Army. He made his escape from France after the Massacre of St. Bartholomew's Day, August 24-1572, and found refuge in the city of Naarden, Holland. He was a Huguenot. He had a son, Casper Mabilie, known as the Serjeant, who was born in Naarden, Holland, whose name appears on the petition made in July, 1621, by Frenchmen located in Leyden, Holland, requesting that they be sent to America. On this petition he signs himself under the name of Pierre Caspard. It is very certain that he was one of the emigrants who came over to New Amsterdam, under the leadership of Jesse De Forest, in the ship "New Netherlands" in May, 1624. He was in New Amsterdam as late as 1650 when his name appears, on Nov. 6, of that year as a witness to the baptism of Joris, son of Joris (George) Holmes, and on which record he signs himself Casper de Serjiant.

Casper Mabilie de Serjeant, the emigrant, had a son, Pieter Mabilie. The first trace we have of him in New Amsterdam is in 1647, when on Feb. 17-of that year, he signs himself as a witness to the baptism of Hendrick, son of Abraham Ryckun and in this record he signs himself Pieter Van Aerden (Pieter from Naarden). Again in 1650, Apr. 19, he signs himself Pieter Casparszen, as a witness to the baptism of Abraham, son of Abraham Willemszen by his wife, Aechtje Jans; his signature in this instance following another of the Dutch customs to convey the information that he was Pieter, son of Caspar. This Pieter Mabilie (known variously as Pieter Van Aerden or Naarden and Pieter Casparszen) married in New Amsterdam, about 1651, Aechtje (Agatha) Jans Van Norden, who was the widow at the time of this marriage of Abraham Willemszen. He lived on the west side of Broad Street, New Amsterdam, where he owned a homestead. He was made excise (tax) commissioner by the burgomasters and scheppens, on May 5, 1654, and his name is found on the list of small burghers, of New Amsterdam. The death of Pieter Casparszen Mabilie took place about 1665. His widow continued to live many years in the old home place on Broad Street where she died about 1689.

The name Mabilie (contracted to the Anglicised form Mabilie on account of its pronunciation) was abandoned during three generations, probably in the first instance on account of the desire of the original refugee to avoid identification as a Huguenot, a not unusual proceeding amongst refugees at that period and probably in the second instance due to his Dutch environment and compliance with their customs as a family name.

Children of Pieter Mabilie (also known as Van Naarden or Casparszen) by his wife Aechtje Jans Van Norden, all baptised in the Dutch Church, New Amsterdam.

1. Marritien (Martha) Mabilie, Sep. 12-1652. She married Apr. 8, 1671, Jan Pieter Banta (Epke)
2. Jan (John) Mabilie, Oct. 4-1654. He married in 1673 or 1675, Elizabeth Rees Van de Lipstadt. He continued to use the name Van Naarden which the Dutch had given to his father. After 1709 the name was spelled in the English fashion Van Norden. The Hackensack, N. J. family of Van Nordens are descended from this individual. This branch of the family furnishes a good example (when compared with other branches) of a state of affairs often found

Rachel Van Norden, cont.

amongst Dutch settlers, that is of having two branches of the same family making use of different and distinct family surnames.

3. Engeltje(Angelica) Mabilie, Sept. 6-1656. She married Jan Jansen Mol (Moll), a shipbuilder.
4. Metje(Mary) Mabilie, Apr. 4-1658. She married Jan Pierrot, a shipbuilder. She is called Meta (Mary) Meby on the records of the French Church, in New Amsterdam
5. Caspar Mabilie, Feb. 15-1660. See below. *
6. Tryntje (Catherine) Mabilie, Dec. 17-1662. She married Hans Hendrickszen Spier, of Bergen, New Jersey, and was the founder of a numerous family at that place.

* Caspar Mable, bapt. Feb. 15-1660. He resumed the use of his ancient family surname of Mabilie, in its English form Mable. He married Dec. 14-1687, Elizabeth Schureman (Sherman), in the Dutch Church, New Amsterdam. The Schureman family later became identified with New Rochelle, New York and New Brunswick, New Jersey, and is a noted stock.

Caspar Mable removed first to Harlem, New York and thence to Closter, New Jersey. Children of Caspar and Elizabeth (Schureman) Mable (7 sons)

1. Peter Mable, bapt. D. Ch. N. Y. Dec. 26-1689. See below*
2. Frederick Mable, bapt. D. Ch. N. Y. June 25-1696. He lived in New York and had a large family.
3. Jeremias Mable, bapt. D. Ch. N. Y. Sept. 1-1699. He settled in Upper Rochelle, 3 miles north of New Rochelle
4. Abraham Mable, bapt. D. Ch. N. Y. Nov. 18-1705. He settled in New Rochelle, New York, where he married Sylvia Caquillet, a French Huguenot. His sons Abraham and Petter settled at Lake Mahopac, N. Y. The Putnam County, New York, Mables are descended from Abraham. Mr. Hamilton Mable, one time editor of the Outlook Magazine was descended from Peter Mable of Lake Mahopac.
5. Johannis Mable, bapt. Hackensack, N. J. May 9-1708. Hon. William Mable, of Peekskill, N. Y. is descended from Johannis (John) Mable.
6. Simon Mable
7. Casparus Mable

The records of the baptisms of these last two sons, Simon and Casparus, have not been preserved. Simon Mable was at New Rochelle and probably settled in Dutchess County, New York. Caspar Mable settled in New York, at Old Bridge.

* Peter Mabie, bapt. in D. Ch. N. Y. Dec. 26, 1689, eldest son of Caspar and Elizabeth (Schureman) Mabie. He removed with his father to Closter, New Jersey and later to Tappan, New York. He married June 19-1715, Catherine Bogart, of Bergen County, New Jersey, who like her father was a native of New York (Hack. 37). Peter Mabie was the founder of the numerous family of Mabies, in Rockland County, New York. Children of Peter and Catherine (Bogart) Mabie, from the Tappan Dutch Church Records and the Hackensack D. Ch. Records.

1. Casparus Mabie, at Tappan, Apr. 10-1716
2. Peter Mabie, at Tappan, Oct. 13-1717
3. Elizabeth Mabie, at Tappan, Apr. 13-1719
4. Johannis Mabie, at Hackensack, Jany. 30-1724
5. Johannis (2), Mabie, at Hackensack, Dec. 19-1725
6. Jeremias Mabie, at Tappan, Dec. 13-1727
7. Sophia Mabie, at Tappan, Oct. 10-1729
8. Abraham Mabie, at Tappan, Dec. 28-1731. * See Below

* Abraham Mabie, born Dec. 28-1731. He lived in Orangetown, which is the township in which Tappan is situated. He was twice married. The record of his first marriage is found in the Schrl. Ch. Records. "Feb. 2-1756, Abraham Mabie, y. m. to Polly Van Orland, j. d." By this first marriage Abraham Mabie had two children, Cornelius and Catalyntie. The second wife of Abraham Mabie was Wyntie Quackkenbos. She was born in Tappan, Nov. 22-1742, dau. of Jacob Quackkenbos and Annetje Elizabeth Brouwer (Brewer), dau. of Pieter Brouwer-4, Jacob-3, Jacobus-2, Adam Brouwer-Berckhoven-1 and Magdalena Verdon, his wife. (New York City line of Brewers). Wyntie Quackkenbos (Brouwer) was the celebrated Spy Heroine of the Revolution who operated out of Gen. Washington's Headquarters. Children of Abraham Mabie and Wyntie Quackkenbos. All baptised at Tappan, New York.

1. Abraham Mabie, Oct. 6-1776, * See Below
2. Elizabeth Mabie, Apr. 14-1779
3. Annetje Mabie, June 13-1781
4. Rachel Mabie, Sept. 30-1783
5. Wyntie Mabie, Feb. 24-1786.

* Abraham Mabie, bapt. Tappan, New York, Oct. 6-1776, eldest child and only son of Abraham Mabie and Wyntie Quackkenbos, married Jany. 15, 1798, Sarah Demarest, of Clarkstown, in the Tappan Church "Jany. 15-1798, Abraham Mabie, Jr. of Tappan, to Sara Demarest, of Clarkstown". Abraham Mabie, Jr. was killed in a passenger train wreck on the Erie Railroad, Dec. 3-1841, at the age of 65. He left issue.

Rachel Van Norden, cont.

The family of Jan Van Norden, brother of Caspar Mabilie- Mable.

Jan (John) Mabilie, eldest son of Pieter Mabilie (also known as Van Naarden or Casparszen) and Aechtie Jans Van Norden, was bapt. in the Dutch Ch. New Amsterdam, Oct. 4-1654. He married in 1673 or 1675, in New York, Elizabeth Rees Van de Lipstadt. He was the father of several children all born in New York City. His two sons, Andries Janse and Adam Janse (Van Norden) both settled in Hackensack, N. J.

Andries Janse (Van Norden) y. m. born in New York City to Rachel Demeree, dau. of David Demeree, born in Hackensack, Aug. 31-1700 (Hack. Marr. 27).

Adam Janse (Van Norden) y. m. born in New York City, to Abeltie Sloth (Theodosia Slot), y. d. born Esopus, July 27-1700. (Hack. Marr. 27).

Andries Van Norden, widower of Rachel Demeree, to Antie Laroe, y. d. born Hackensack, both living here. Aug. 12-1710. Hack. 33.

Abeltie Slot (Theodosia Slot) widow of Adam Van Norden, to Cornelis Epke Banta, last widower of Magdalena Demeree, both living at Hackensack. Mch. 1-1719. Hack. Marr. 41.

Will of Cornelis Epke Banta.

Apr. 13, 1719- Cornelis Epke Banta, of Hackensack, Bergen, Co., New Jersey, yeoman. Wife Abeltie (3rd wife), sons Egbert, Jacob, and Abraham. daus. Rachel, Lea and Elizabeth. Eldest son, Egbert, to have sword. Half of cattle and movable household goods to children of first wife, and half to children of second wife, excepting the two spinning wheels and churn and milk tubs shall remain unto my three daughters, Rachel, Lea and Elizabeth, to be divided equally between them. Exrs. brothers-in-law, David Demarest, Jr. and Samuel Demarest, Jr. Wit: Roloff Bogart, Elizabeth Bogart and Richard Edsall. Proved May 20, 1719.

Children of Andries Janse Van Norden and his wife, Rachel Demeree, dau. of David Demeree, married Aug. 31, 1700; and Antie Laroe, whom he married as his second wife, Aug. 12-1710.

1. Jan Janse (Van Norden), bapt. Hackensack, Sept. 16-1701. He married Rachel Van Schieve.
2. Rachel Janse (Van Norden), bapt. Hackensack, Apr. 2-1704. She married Paulus Loots.
3. David Janse (Van Norden), bapt. Hackensack, July 13-1707. He married Jacomyntie Christi.

Rachel Van Norden, cont.

Children of Andries Janse (Van Norden) by his 2nd wife, Antie Laroe.

4. Jacobus and Elizabeth Van Norden (twins), bapt. Hackensack, Nov. 4-1711, witnesses; Jacobus Laroe and Wybrecht his wife. Jacobus Demeree. Elizabeth Rees Van de Lipstad the grand-mother of the children. Jacobus Van Orden married Lea Christy. No record of marriage of his twin sister, Elizabeth.
5. Jannetje Van Norden, bapt. Hackensack, Nov. 14, 1714. She married Cornelius Van Hoorn.
6. Elizabeth (2), bapt. Hackensack, Sept. 15, 1717, wit: Willem Van Norden. Elizabeth Rees Van de Lipstadt, the child's grand-mother. She married David Akkerman
7. Petrus Van Norden, bapt. Hack. July 3-1720. He married Geertruy Snyder.
8. Wybrecht Van Norden, bapt. Hack. Jan. 20-1723. She married David Christi.

* Jan Van Norden, y. m. to Rachel Van Scheve, j. d. both living at Schraalensburg, married in Hackensack D. Ch. Sept. 17, 1726. Children of:

1. Andries Van Norden, bapt. Hackensack, June 18, 1727, wit Andries Van Orden and Antie Laroe, his wife.
2. David Van Orden, bapt. Schraalensburg, Dec. 12, 1731, wit. Paulus Loots and Rachel Van Orden, his wife.
3. David Van Orden (2) bapt. Schraalensburg, May 30, 1733, wit. David Van Orden and Jacomyntie Christi, his wife.
4. Stephen Van Orden, bapt. Schral. June 22, 1735, wit: Stephen Ter Huen and Lydia, his wife.
- 5 & 6. Lea and Rachel Van Orden (twins), bapt. Schral. May 7, 1738, witnesses: Samuel Davids Demarest and Lea, his wife. Paulus Loots and Rachel, his wife.
7. Jacobus Van Norden, bapt. Schral. June 13, 1742, wit. Jacobus Van Orden and Lea, his wife.

Rachel Van Norden, cont.

Stephen Van Orden, son of Jan Van Norden and Rachel Van Scheve, born June 22, 1735, at Schraalensburg, N. J. married on May 31, 1760, Marya Koning (King), at Schraal. She was either a niece or cousin of Maria Koning, who married Daniel Brouwer, of the Schenectady line of Brouwers, in 1743. The children of Stephen Van Norden and Marya Koning, all bapt. at Schraalensburg, N. J. were as follows:

1. Rachel Van Orden, bapt. May 13, 1761, wit: Jan Van Orden and Rachel Van Scheve, his wife. The child's paternal grandparent She married Peter Luyster, the younger, (Lister), at Conewago Pa. about 1784. * See below.
2. Petrus Van Orden, bapt. July 8, 1763, wit: Albert Duryea and wife.
3. Jan Van Orden, bapt. Aug. 14, 1766, wit: Jan Westervelt and Jannetje Hering, his wife.
4. Elizabeth Van Orden, bapt. Jany. 6, 1769, wit: Johannis Westervelt and Magdalena Christi, his wife.
5. Maryte Van Orden, Bapt. July 26, 1771, child of Marytje Van Orden, widow of Stephen Van Orden. No witnesses.

Peter Luyster (Lister), the younger, of the two Peter Luyster's at Conewago, and probably a nephew or first cousin, of Peter Luyster, the elder, who also migrated to Conewago, married at Conewago, Pa. Rachel Van Orden, about 1784. Their children born there were as follows:

- | | | | |
|----------|----|------|---------------------------------|
| 1. Jany. | 1 | 1785 | Jan Luister or Luyster (Lister) |
| 2. Oct. | 14 | 1787 | Stephen Luyster |
| 3. Dec. | 6 | 1789 | Cornelius Luyster |
| 4. Apr. | 17 | 1790 | Nelly Luyster |

After this date, Peter Luyster and Rachel Van Orden had moved with their family of four children, to Mercer County, Kentucky, and the name then became Lister. Stephen Luyster (Lister) born in 1787 at Conewago, married in Mercer County, Kentucky, March 17, 1814, Mary Vandiveer.

Sara Van Orden or Van Norden,
the wife of Abraham Brouwer.

The Van Norden, Orden or Orde family, of France, were Huguenot refugees to the town of Naardon, in East Friesland, Holland, and were called there under the various names of Wessels, Wesselszen, Pieterszen, Peterse, Pieterse and Van Naarden, and under which names they emigrated to New Amsterdam. Pieter Wesselszen (Pieter Van Orden) a young man, from Naardon, East Friesland, Holland, came to New Amsterdam, some time prior to May 19, 1669, on which date he was married in the Dutch Church, New Amsterdam, to Josyntie Tomaszen (Thomas), a young Huguenot maiden, just graduated from the Conservatory of Music, at Utrecht, Holland. Her sister Annetje Thomaszen, also a graduate, of the Utrecht Conservatory of Music, had emigrated to New Amsterdam, with her and on account of their musical talent, they were soon placed in charge of all the music at the Dutch Ch. Her sister Annetje Thomaszen (Thomas) later married Cornelis De Peyster.

The children of Pieter Wesselszen and Josyntie Thomaszen (Thomas), all baptised in the Dutch Church, New York City, were:

- * 1. Wessel Wesselszen, baptised Oct. 21, 1671, witnesses:
Jan Van Gelder and Maryken Van Hoboken, his wife. He married Jacomyntie Couwenhoven. See below
- 2. Marritie Wesselszen, baptised Feb. 25, 1674, witnesses:
Kaarslen Luvrssen and Geertie Theunis, his wife.
- 3. Johannis Wesselszen, baptised Nov. 22, 1676, witnesses:
Jan Pieterszen. Annetje(Thomas) De Peyster.
- 4. Pieter Wesselszen, baptised Jany. 15, 1679, witnesses:
Jan and Isaac Stephenson (Van Cortlandt). Maria Mathys.

Wessel Pieterszen, son of Pieter Wesselszen and Josyntie Thomaszen (Thomas) was born in New York City, Oct. 21, 1671, and was married in the Dutch Church, N. Y. April 20, 1693, to Jacomyntie Couwenhoven, daughter of Jacob Couwenhoven. His children were: All baptised in the Dutch Church, New York.

- 1. Josyntie Pieterszen, bapt. May 17, 1694, wit: Jacob Couwenhoven. Josyntie Thomas.
- * 2. Johannis Pieterszen, baptised Oct. 11, 1696, wit: Francois Van Couwenhoven and Elizabeth Van Couwenhoven, his wife.
See below
- 3. Sara Pieterszen, baptised Aug. 17, 1701, wit: Abraham Mesier and Anna Pieters, his wife.
- 4. Elizabeth Pieterszen, baptised Oct. 10, 1703, wit: Daniel Berkelo and Elizabeth Gerretse, his wife.
- 5. Jacobus Pieterszen, baptised Jany. 30, 1706, wit: Johannis Van Couwenhoven and Henrika Ten Eyck, his wife.

Sara Van Orden, wife of Abraham
Brouwer, cont.

After 1709, the name was the same as originally in France,
Van Orden and Van Norden.

Johannis Van Orden, son of Wessel Pieterszen (Van Norden) and
Jacomyntie Couwenhoven, born in New York City, Oct. 11, 1696. He
married Adrianna Webber, daughter of Wolfert Webber, Apr. 6, 1721,
in the Dutch Church, New York City. Their children all baptised in
the Dutch Church, New York City, were as follows:

1. Johannis Van Orden, bapt. Feb. 12, 1724, wit: Wolfert Webber.
Margaret Webber.
2. Wessel Van Orden, bapt. Apr. 10, 1726, wit: Aarnout Webber.
Sara Van Norden. He married Anna Van Wert, of New York City.
3. Margarietje Van Orden, bapt. Jany. 10, 1731, wit: William
Hopper. Elizabeth Van Norden. She married Nicholas Van Dyke,
of New York City.
4. Josyntie Van Orden, bapt. Oct. 7, 1733, wit: Pieter Van
Orden. Aaltje Webber, a young maiden. She married Evert Kip,
of New York City.
5. Wolfert Van Orden, bapt. Aug. 29, 1736, No wit. of record.
He married Lena Delano, of New York City. She was a daughter
of Jan De La Noy (Delano), and a first cousin of Abraham
Brouwer, whose mother, Marie De La Noy (Delano), was a sis-
ter of Jan Delano.
6. Jacob Van Orden, bapt. July 29, 1739, wit: Jacob Van Orden.
Christina Sabrieska.
7. Lea Van Orden, bapt. Sept. 5, 1742, wit: Frederick Webber.
Jacomyntie Van Norden, a young maiden. She married Johannis
Dyckman, of New York City.
- * 8. Sara Van Orden, bapt. May 26, 1745, wit: Jacob Van Norden.
Styntje Sabroiski. She married Abraham Brouwer, of New York
City, son of Jacob Brouwer, Jr. and Marie Delano. (Adam
Brouwer and Magdalena Verdon line of Brewer. See below.
9. Ariaentje (Adrianna) Van Norden, bapt. Nov. 20, 1751, wit:
Cornelis Webber. Margaret de Riemer, wife of Jacob Webber.

Johannis Van Orden, Sr. died in New York City, Sept. 25-1758,
and was buried there in the Dutch Churchyard. His widow, Adrianna
Webber, married for her second husband Hon. Hendrick Van Jeralleman,
of New York City, whom she survived. By this second marriage she had
no issue. She died in New York City, Aug. 9, 1766, and was buried
there in the Dutch Churchyard, as the widow of Johannis Van Norden.

Sara Van Norden, the wife of
Abraham Brouwer, cont.

Johannis Van Orden, Jr. born Feb. 12, 1724, was married about 1750 but there is no record that he had any children, bapt. in the Dutch Church, New York City. His wife was buried in the Dutch Churchyard, Feb. 5. 1753.

Jacob Van Orden born July 29, 1739, was married but no record of any children being baptised in the Dutch Church. He died in New York City, Apr. 15, 1784. His widow died Sept. 1, 1795. Both buried in the Dutch Churchyard, New York City.

Wessel Van Orden, born Apr. 10, 1726, married Anna Van Wert, of New York City. Their children baptised in the Dutch Church there:

1. Anna Van Orden, bapt. Nov. 24, 1762, wit: Pieter Van Norden and Anna Willems, his wife.
2. Pieter Van Orden, bapt. Dec. 28, 1760, wit: Evert Kipp and Jacometje Van Orden, his wife.

Wessel Van Orden, died May 29, 1764, in New York City, and was buried there in the Dutch Churchyard.

Margarietje or Maria Van Orden, born Jany. 10, 1731, married Nicholas Van Dyke, of New York City. Their children were:

1. Josyntie Van Dyke, bapt. Mch. 24, 1749, wit: Gerret Hassing. Josyntje Van Orden, a young maiden.
2. Johannis Van Dyke, bapt. Feb. 6, 1754, wit: Jacobus Van Zandt and Johanna Van Zandt, his wife.

Josyntie Van Orden born Oct. 7, 1733, married Evert Kip, of New York City. Their children were:

1. Anna Kip, bapt. Oct. 10, 1766, wit: Jan Van Orden (Johannis), the child's maternal uncle. Anna Van Norden, wife of Jan Pero.

Wolfert Van Orden born Aug. 29, 1736, married Lena Delano, daught. of Jan Delano, and first cousin of Abraham Brouwer. Their children were:

1. Johannis Van Orden, bapt. Sept. 26, 1762, wit: Jan Delano. Adrianna Van Orden, widow of Hon. Van Hendrick Jeralleman.
2. Lena Van Orden, bapt. Augt. 26, 1768, wit: Abraham Stymets. Sara Van Nodden, a young maiden.
3. Maria Van Orden, bapt. Sept. 10, 1770, wit: Abraham Delano and Maria Crankheit, his wife.
4. Magdalena Van Orden, bapt. Dec. 31, 1773: No witnesses.

Lena Delano, wife of Wolfert Van Norden, died Nov. 26, 1774 and Wolfert Van Norden, Feb. 19, 1775. Both buried in D. Churchyard. N. Y

Sara Van Norden, wife of Abraham Brouwer, cont.

Lea Van Orden born Sept. 5, 1742, married Johannis Dyckman of New York City. Their children were:

1. Anna Dyckman, bapt. June 11, 1755, wit: Pieter Van Norden and Anna Willemse (Williamson), his wife.
2. Dirck Dyckman, bapt. July 6, 1757, wit: Cornelis Dyckman. Geertruy Vonk, a young maiden.
3. Pieter Dyckman, bapt. Apr. 30, 1760, wit: Jan Tyro and Annetje Van Norden, his wife.
4. Annetje Dyckman, bapt. Nov. 4, 1767, wit: Dirck Brokaa (Richard Brokaw) and Annetje Dyckman, widow, of Isaac Brokaa (Isaac Brokaw).

* Sara Van Orden, or Norden, born May 26, 1745, married Abraham Brouwer (Brewer), of New York City, son of Jacob Brouwer, Jr., and Marie Delano. They removed to Schraalensburg, Bergen County, N. J., and thence in about 1775 to Conewago, York County, Pa., and later in 1790, to Mercer County, Kentucky, and from there to Butler Co., Ohio, near Mason, about 1806 or 1807. (Adam Brouwer and Magdalena Verdon line). Their children were:

* 1. Daniel Brouwer (Brewer) bapt. Aug. 24, 1770, at Schraalensburg, N. J. He married in Mercer County, Kentucky, Mary Voorhees, dau. of Stephen Voorhees and Margaret Van Dyke. They later removed to Butler County, Ohio, about 1806 or 1807. One of their sons, John Brewer, settled in Sullivan County, Indiana, in 1816, (They are the writer's ancestors).

2. Jan Brouwer, bapt. Dec. 29, 1772, at Schraalensburg, N. J. He died at Conewago, Pa., in 1780, when about 8 years old.
3. David Brouwer, bapt. Apr. 16, 1775, at Conewago, Pa.
4. Marie Brouwer, bapt. Nov. 8, 1778, at Conewago. She married a Voorhees, in Mercer County, Ky.
5. Jan (2) Brouwer, bapt. May 6, 1781, at Conewago, Pa., He married Neeltie Smock, dau. of Barent Smock and Antie Cozine, in Mercer County, Ky., on Nov. 18, 1800. She was born at Conewago, Pa., June 10, 1781. One of their sons, Daniel Brewer, settled in Johnson County, Indiana, and became the founder of a large family by that name in that county.

While there is no record of any relationship between the two Van Norden families on this side of the water, yet it is not unreasonable to conclude that they both descend from the same ancestor, Seigneur Pierre Mabilie de Neve, of Naarden, East Friesland, Holland. Caspar Mabilie de Serjeant being his son, and Pieter Wesselszen, his grand-son, and a nephew of Caspar Mabilie de Serjeant. This would make Pieter Wesselszen and Pieter Mabilie, son of the Serjeant, first cousins.

Brouwer (now Brewer).

* Adam Brouwer-Berckhoven came to New Amsterdam in 1642. He married there in the Dutch Church, March 19, 1645, Magdalena Verdon, They were the parents of 14 children (7 sons and 7 daughters) as follows: Pieter, Aaltie, Matthys, Willem, Jacobus(*), Adam, Abraham, Nicholas, Mary, Fytie, Helena, Annetje, Sarah and Rachel. All of whom grew to maturity, married, and established families of their own. He died at Brooklyn in 1692, at the age of 72. She died in 1717 at Brooklyn, at the age of 92. He was a flour-miller by trade. Both he and his wife are buried in the Dutch Churchyard, at Brooklyn, Long Island. (The Adam Brouwer line of New York City will be subject of a special article that the writer is now preparing).

Abraham Brouwer-5 (Jacob, Jr.-4, Jacob-3, Jacobus-2, Adam-1), was baptised in the Dutch Church, New York City, March 19, 1746, wit: Abraham Brouwer and Aafie Van Gelder, his wife. He was the son of Jacob Brouwer, Jr., and Marie Delano, both of whom were born in New York City. He married Sara Van Norden, dau. of Johannis Van Norden and Adrianna Webber, of New York City. Abraham Brouwer-5 and Sara Van Norden settled first at Schraalensburg, N. J., where their two first children were baptised: Daniel in 1770 and Jan in 1772, both of whom they took with them when they removed to Conewago, Pa.

Conewago Baptisms.

* Abraham Brouwer-5 and Sara Van Norden, his wife.

Apr.	16	1775	David
Nov.	8	1778	Marie
May	6	1781	Jan (2)

Of the above named 5 children, Daniel(*), the eldest child married Mary Voorhees, dau. of Stephen Voorhees and Margaret Van Dyke, in Mercer County, Kentucky. They later removed to Butler County, Ohio, about 1806 or 1807. (They are the writer's ancestors). One of their sons, the writer's great-grandfather, settled in Sullivan County, Ind in 1816; Jan Brouwer, the secons child of Abraham Brouwer and Sara Van Norden, died at Conewago, Pa. when about 8 years old; Their dau. Marie Brouwer married a son of Ruliff Voorhees, in Mercer County, Ky. At present there is no record showing the marriage of David Brouwer; Jan Brouwer(2), married Neeltie Smock, dau. of Barent Smock and Antie Cozine, in Mercer County, Ky., Nov. 18, 1800. One of their sons, Daniel Brewer, settled in Johnson County, Indiana, and became the founder of a large family in that county. (This will be covered in the special article which the writer is now preparing on the Adam Brouwer line of New York City). *This Daniel Brewer of Johnson County, Indiana, was a first cousin of John Brewer, of Sullivan County, Ind.*

Note: Mary Voorhees, the wife of Daniel Brewer, of Butler Co., Ohio, was a sister of Peter Voorhees, the grand-father of Senator Daniel Woolsey Voorhees and was therefore, his great aunt. John Brewer, of Sullivan County, Indiana, her son, was a first cousin of Stephen Voorhees, the father of Daniel Woolsey Voorhees, and Samuel Scott Brewer, the son of John Brewer, of Sullivan County, Ind. was a second cousin of the Senator. Samuel Scott Brewer was the grand-father of the writer who bears his name.

Ancestry of Mary Voorhees, the wife of
Daniel Brewer, of Butler County, Ohio.

Steveuse Coerte Van Voorhees born in 1600, at Hees, Province of Drenthe, Holland, and died at Flatlands, Long Island, Feb. 16, 1684, at the age of 84 years. He married first in Holland, a wife, who bore him all his children. He was married three times. He emigrated from the village of Hees, in the Province of Drenthe, Holland, in April, 1660, in the ship "Spotted Cow".

Steven Van Voorhees with his wife and all his children except his daughters, Hendrickjen and Merghim, came over to New Netherlands in this ship. He purchased Nov. 29, 1660, from Cornelia Dircksen Hoogland, 9 morgens of corn meal land, 7 morgens of woodland, 10 morgens of plain land and 5 morgens of salt meadow land, in Flatlands Long Island, for 3000 guilders. He married second, Willempie Roeloffse Seubering (Sebring) in Long Island. She was born in 1619 and died in 1690. Stephen Van Voorhees' name appears on assessment rolls of Flatlands for 1675 and 1683; as a magistrate in 1664 and on a patent in 1667 for land; also for the house and house plot lying in the village of Ammersfoort, with the brewery and all the brewing apparatus, kettles, house and casks with the other equipment. He and his second wife were members of the Dutch Church, at Flatlands, in 1677. His will is dated Aug. 25, 1677. He died at Flatlands, Feb. 16, 1684. His children were as follows:

1. Hendrickjen Van Voorhees. She remained in Holland.
2. Merghin Van Voorhees. She remained in Holland and died in 1702.
3. Coerte Van Voorhees, of Flatlands. Born in 1637, in Holland. He married prior to 1666.
- * 4. Lucus Stevenuse Van Voorhees, born in 1650, in Holland. He married Cathrine Hausen Noorstrandt, of a Huguenot family. They are my ancestors.
5. Jan Stevenuse Van Voorhees, of Flatlands, born in Holland, in 1652. He married in 1678 and died in 1680.
6. Albert Stevenuse Van Voorhees, of Flatlands, born in Holland, in 1654. He afterwards settled at Hackensack, New Jersey. He married three times.
7. Altje Van Voorhees born in Holland, in 1656.
8. Jannetje Van Voorhees born at Flatlands, Long Island.
9. Hendrickje Van Voorhees born at Flatlands.
10. Abraham Van Voorhees born at Flatlands, Long Island.

Ancestrey of Mary Voorhees(Brewer), cont.

Lucus Stevenuse Van Voorhees and Catherine Van Noorstrandt, his wife.

Lucus Stevenuse Van Voorhees, son of Stevenuse Van Voorhees, was born in Holland, in 1650, and emigrated with his father in the "Spotted Cow" at the age of 10 years, in 1660 to New Netherlands. He married Catherine Hausen Van Noorstrandt for his first wife. He married for his second wife, Jannetje Minnes. He married for his third wife, Catherine Van Dyke. He was the father of 15 children. His 2nd ~~son~~ child was Jan Lucasse Van Voorhees by his wife Catherine Van Noorstrandt, born at Flatlands, Long Island, and baptised in the Flatlands Dutch Church, Feb. 19, 1675.

* Jan Lucasse Van Voorhees and May Be R. Schenck, his wife

Jan Lucasse Van Voorhees, son of Lucus Stevenuse Van Voorhees and Catherine Van Noorstrandt, was born at Flatlands, Long Island, Feb. 19, 1675. He married March 5, 1704, May Be R. Schenck, by whom he had the following children:

1. Lucus, bapt. Sept. 15, 1705, at Flatlands, Long Island.

2. Roeloff, bapt. Aug. 19, 1707, at Flatlands, Long Island.

3. Stephen, bapt. Mar. 24, 1709, at Flatlands, Long Island.

4. Antie, bapt. Nov. 28, 1710, at Flatlands, Long Island.

* 5. Petrus, bapt. Jany. 6, 1712, at New Brunswick, New Jersey.

6. Martin, bapt. Mar. 26, 1714, at New Brunswick, New Jersey.

7. Isaac, bapt. Mar. 16, 1716, at New Brunswick, New Jersey.

8. Catherine, bapt. June 8, 1718, at New Brunswick, New Jersey.

9. Garret, bapt. Sept. 6, 1720, at New Brunswick, New Jersey.

10. Anna, bapt. July 15, 1723, at New Brunswick, New Jersey.

11. Abraham, bapt. June 8, 1725, at Flatlands, Long Island.

12. Sarah, bapt. Oct. 18, 1728, at Flatlands, Long Island.

13. Maria, bapt. Apr. 5, 1731, at Flatlands, Long Island.

* Petrus Van Voorhees and Mary Bercau(Brokaw), his wife.

Petrus Van Voorhees, son of Jan Lucasse Voorhees and May Be R. Schenck, was born at New Brunswick, New Jersey, Jany. 6, 1712. He married Maria(Mary) Bercau(Brokaw), in 1733. He died at New Brunswick New Jersey. in 1751, at the age of 39 years. The children of Petrus Voorhees and Mary Brokaw, all baptised at the Dutch Church, New Brunswick, New Jersey, were as follows:

Ancestry of Mary Voorhees(Brewer), cont.

The children of Petrus Voorhees and Mary Brokaw, his wife.

1. Marya, bapt. July 14, 1734.
2. Johannis, bapt. June 30, 1735.
- * 3. Stephen, bapt Jany. 31, 1738. He is my ancestor.
4. Sarah, bapt. Dec. 5, 1742.
5. Jannetje, bapt. May 12, 1745.

Stephen Voorhees and Margaret Van Dyke, his wife.

Stephen Voorhees, son of Petrus Voorhees and Mary Brokaw, was born at New Brunswick, New Jersey, Jany. 31, 1738. He married on Mch. 25, 1762, Margaret Van Dyke. He died June 12, 1815, at the age of 74 years, 4 mos. and 17 days. Margaret Van Dyke died Aug. 27, 1800. The children of Stephen Voorhees and Margaret Van Dyke, were as follows: All baptised at the Dutch Church, New Brunswick, N. J.

1. Margaret Voorhees, bapt. Aug. 28, 1763. She married Richard Kitchen and removed to Conewago, Pa. They were the parents of 8 children (Kitchen).
- * 2. Maria, or Mary Voorhees, bapt. Feb. 24, 1765. She married Daniel Brewer, son of Abraham Brouwer and Sara Van Norden. They were the parents of 9 children (Brewer). She married in Mercer County, Kentucky, and later removed in 1806 or 1807, to Butler County, Ohio. Daniel Brewer died in 1819. She died in 1842. Both buried in Butler County, Ohio, near Mason.
3. Peter Voorhees, bapt. March 22, 1767. He died in 1852. He married Lemma Van Arsdale, in Mercer County, Kentucky, in 1796. Peter Voorhees was the grand-father of Senator Daniel Woolsey Voorhees. Peter Voorhees, brother-in-law, of Daniel Brewer, was one of the executors of his will, with his widow, Mary Voorhees. Lemma Van Arsdale, wife of Peter Voorhees, was born, in Mercer County, Ky. March 3, 1775 and died July 16, 1862. Peter Voorhees settled about the year 1790, near Harrodsburg, Kentucky, and removed from there in 1805, to Bethany township, Butler County, Ohio. Peter Voorhees and Lemma Van Arsdale, had children as follows:

1. Stephen Voorhees born in Mercer County, Kentucky, Apr. 16, 1798. He died March 26, 1880, at the age of 81 years, 11 mos and 4 days. He married Rachel Elliott, born in Jany. 1802. He removed to Fountain County, Indiana, in the Wabash Valley, north of Vigo Co., in 1827. Stephen Voorhees and Rachel Elliott had children as follows

Ancestry of Mary Voorhees (Brewer), cont.

The children of Stephen Voorhees and Rachel Elliott, his wife.

1. Julia Voorhees born in 1823, Butler County, Ohio.
2. Peter Voorhees, born in 1825, Butler County, Ohio.
3. Eliza Voorhees born in 1826, Butler County, Ohio.
4. Hon. Daniel Woolsey Voorhees, born Sept. 26, 1827, in Butler County, Ohio.

Hon. Daniel Woolsey Voorhees, son of Stephen Voorhees and Rachel Elliott, was a Member of the U. S. Congress, for 24 years, from the Terre Haute, Indiana, Congressional District, and later for 16 years, a United States Senator, from the State of Indiana. He married July 18, 1850, Anna Hardesty, who was born July 12, 1832, and died Jany. 21, 1887. He died about 1898, and was buried at Terre Haute, Indiana. He was Chairman of the Senate Finance Committee for many years and at one time was Majority Leader of the United States Senate. He was the founder of the Congressional Library, at Washington, D. C. He was the father of one son, Paxton Voorhees, now deceased, and two daughters.

Brouwer families, cont.

The Albany and Schenectady New York Line.

Philip Hendrickse Brouwer and Willem Hendrickse Brouwer, brothers, emigrated from the Province of Zeeland, Holland, to New Amsterdam, between the years 1650 and 1655. The elder of the two brothers, Philip Hendrickse Brouwer, located at Albany about 1655 where he married Elsje Tjerk (Turk). He operated a brewery at Albany, and in 1662 became one of the original incorporators of the Town of Schenectady, N. Y., where also built a brewery. He died in 1664. After his death, his widow, disposed of all his property and returned to Holland. He left no issue.

Willem Hendrickse Brouwer, brother of Philip Hendrickse Brouwer, was married in Zeeland, Holland, prior to emigrating to New Amsterdam. He brought with him, his wife, 2 daughters, Elizabeth and Sara and 2 small sons, Willem Willemse and Hendrick Willemse. His daughter Elizabeth married Claes Andries De Graff and his other daughter, Sara married Phillip Du Trieux (Truex). Willem Hendrickse Brouwer removed from New Amsterdam to Albany about 1657. He died there in 1668. His two sons soon after their fathers death settled at Schenectady where they established large families. Some of their children going to New Jersey and others settling in the Hudson and Mohawk valleys, in New York State. Two sons of Hendrick Willemse Brouwer-2, Abram and Huldric Brouwer-3, both born at Schenectady, removed to Hackensack, Bergen County, New Jersey, shortly before 1700.

Abram or Abraham Brouwer-3 (Hendrick Willemse-2, Willem Hendrickse-1), married in the Dutch Church, Hackensack, N. J. March 29, 1700, Lea De Mareest, of Hackensack. Their children were as follows: All baptised in the Hackensack Dutch Church.

1. Petrus Brouwer, bapt. May 24, 1701, wit: David, son of Jan Demarest. Elena Brouwer.
2. Johannis Brouwer, bapt. May 1, 1703, wit: Huldric Brouwer and Mary De Mareest, his wife.
3. Samuel Brouwer, bapt. Feb. 10, 1705, wit: Samuel, son of David Demarest and Rachel Demarest.
4. David Brouwer, bapt. Jany. 16, 1707, wit: Pieter Demarest and Lydia Demarset, his wife.
5. Jacobus Brouwer, bapt. May 1, 1709, wit: Jeems Christy and Magdalena Brouwer, his wife.
6. Lea Brouwer, bapt. Apr. 6, 1711, wit: Andries Van Orden. Magdalena, wife of Jan Demarest.
7. Lea Brouwer (2) bapt. Aug. 27, 1714, wit: Willem Stegge (Steg) and Magdalena Demarest.
8. Rachel Brouwer, bapt. Dec. 9, 1716, wit: Benjamin Demarest and Elizabeth De Groot, his wife.
9. Daniel Brouwer, bapt. July 5, 1719, wit: Petrus Slot. Marritie Keet, wife of Pieter Demarest. He married Maria Koning, Oct. 10, 1743, and died in Mercer County, Ky. in 1791, at the age of 72 years. See his will.
10. Maria Brouwer, bapt. Nov. 19, 1721, wit: Abram Uldrick Brouwe

Albany and Schenectady Brouwer Line, cont.

Daniel Brouwer, youngest son, of Abram or Abraham Brouwer and Lea De Mareest, bapt. in the Hackensack Dutch Church, on July 5th, 1719, married in the same church, Oct. 10, 1743, Maria Koning(King), a young maiden, living at Second Rivers, New Jersey, now Belleville. He moved to the Conewago Dutch Settlement, in York County, Pa., about 1775, and later to Mercer County, Kentucky, where he died in 1791, at the age of 72 years. The children of Daniel Brouwer and Maria Koning (King) were as follows: All baptised in the Schraalensburg Dutch Church.

1. Lea Brouwer, baptised July 15, 1744, wit: Hendrick Banta and Rachel Banta, his wife. She married James Steg, the elder.
2. Susanna Brouwer, baptised Mch. 22, 1747, wit: Jonas Reyer-son and Susanna, his wife. She married Samuel Demarest.
3. Daniel Brouwer, baptised Aug. 22, 1751, wit: David Christy and Wybrugge Van Orden, his wife. He died young.
4. Rachel Brouwer, baptised Aug. 30, 1752, wit: David Edward and Rachel, his wife. She married Hendrick Kammegaar.
5. Abraham Brouwer, bapt. Sept. 4, 1756. No witnesses.
6. Johannis Brouwer, bapt. Apr. 30, 1761. No witnesses. He married Jannetje Van Arsdale at Conewago, Pa.
7. Sara Brouwer, bapt. Oct. 23, 1763, No witnesses.
8. Daniel Brouwer, bapt. Feb. 28, 1767. No witnesses.

Will of Daniel Brouwer.

See Page 77 of Ky. Pioneers and Court Records, for Mercer County, Ky. Harrodsburg Court House.

"Will of Daniel Brower (Brouwer), Page 64. Names eldest son, Abraham Brouwer; son Daniel Brouwer; dau. Leah Stagg, wife of James Stagg; dau. Susanna Demeree, wife of Samuel Demeree; dau. Rachel Kammagaar, wife of Henry Kammagaar; dau. Mary Demeree, wife of Cornelius Demeree, Jr.; son Johannis; dau. Phebe Demeree, wife of Cornelius Demeree.

Executors, sons: Abraham and Johannis Brouwer, and Samuel Demeree, Sr.

Written Jany. 15, 1791, wit: Peter Demeree, Francis Monfort and John Demeree. Proved Feb. 22, 1791."

See page 62 of same vol. Ky. Pioneers.

"John Brewer, appointed guardian, to Daniel, Cornelius, Anne and Sarah Cozine, orphans of Cornelius Cozine, deceased. Mch. 25, 1788. Abraham Banta and Samuel Demaree, their secureties. Order Book 1, page 190". Here see list of Conewago bapt. for Cornelius Cozine and Maria Brouwer.

Brouwer families, cont.

The Albany and Schenectady Line of New York State.

Conewago Brouwer Baptisms.

1. Johannis Brouwer and Jannetje Van Arsdale, his wife.

Nov.	17	1782	Gerrett
Apr.	9	1786	David

Note: Here see baptisms for Hendrick Kamagaar and Rachel Brouwer; Cornelius Cozine and Marya Brouwer; David Banta and Femmetie Brouwer; Samuel Demeree and Susanna Brouwer; James Steg and Lea Brouwer; Cornelius Demaree and Femmetie Brouwer.

The Adam Brouwer Line of New York City and the Willem Hendrickse Brouwer Line of Albany and Schenectady are two different families and as far as the records show have no connection or relationship to each other on this side of the water. It is possible, however, that they might be related to each other in Holland. Philip Hendrickse Brouwer and Willem Hendrickse Brouwer, the two brothers, could be first cousins to Adam Brouwer-Berckhoven, but this is a matter for proof, to be obtained in Holland;

Annex to Some Additional Conewago Families.

Du Bois

Louis Du Bois, Huguenot, born at Wicres (or Wierer), France, Oct. 27, 1626, went first to Mannheim, Germany, and there married Oct. 10, 1655, Catherine Blanchan. He came to America about 1661, settling at Kingston, New York, as a merchant; then at Husley, New Paltz and again at Kingston. Of his 10 children, the sons were: Abraham, Isaac, Jacob, David, Solomon, Louis and Matthew. Some of these later settled in New Jersey whose descendents went to Mercer County, Ky., and other western points.

Berry

John Berry, of England, settled near the James River, in Va., about 1626, and is the same who settled near Hackensack River, in 1669. He is the ancestor of the New Jersey Berry's.

Lyon

Henry Lyon, of Glen Lyon, Perthshire, Scotland, with brothers, Thomas and Richard, all of whom were in Cromwell's Army, came to America in 1648. Henry settled at Milford, Conn. He married in 1652, Elizabeth Batenent. In 1666 he was one of the colony which founded Newark, New Jersey. He died in 1703. Lyon's Farms was named from his 100 acres there. His sons were: Thomas, Samuel, Joseph, Nathaniel, John, Benjamin and Ebenezer.

New Lebanon, Indiana,
October 8th, 1937.

Emeline Fairbanks Library,
Terre Haute,
Indiana.

Attention of Miss Crawford, Librarian.

Dear Madam:

Herewith, you will find pages 5-41-60 and 61 of the Origin of Some Conewago Blood Streams, as corrected. The corresponding numbered sheets in the manuscript which I gave you, may now be removed and these inserted. Also, I have added several new sheets, all numbered 61-1/2, on the Voorhees Family. These are all taken from the personal files of the Brewer Family that have been kept for generations, and are correct.

Some other historical papers enclosed.

1. The Illinois Regiment (Clarke's Army), French Soldiers.
2. The Huguenot Settlement at Manakin Towne, Va.
3. List of Surnames Manakintowne Huguenot Settlers.
4. List of the Refugees (French) on ship "Mary and Ann".

I will send you later, a complete roster of the soldiers who volunteered for Clarke's Army, in the Vincennes Campaign, and the diary of the expedition kept by Colonel Bowman, if you do not already have them in the library.

Yours very sincerely

Samuel Scott Brewer

Samuel Scott Brewer,
New Lebanon, Indiana.

The Huguenot Settlement at

Manakin Towne

By Dr. H. R. McIlwaine, Virginia State

Librarian, Richmond.

Resisting the temptation to spend much time on the general history of the Huguenots, I think it best to plunge almost at once into an account of the settlement at Manakintowne. Unfortunately, the records that have been preserved, or at any rate such as I have been able to find, are not complete enough to permit one to answer every question that might be put in reference to this settlement; still a fairly full account may be given and one that may be looked on as least approximately correct.

In 1886 the Virginia Historical Society published as Vol. 5 of its collections, "Documents, Chiefly Unpublished, Relating to the Huguenot Emigration to Virginia and to the Settlement at Manakintowne, with an Appendix of Genealogies, Presenting Data of the Fontaine, Maury, Dupuy, Trabue, Marye, Chastain, Cocke, and Other Families, &c.", by R. A. Brock, which gives the documents being added to by valuable footnotes, a fairly satisfactory, though disconnected and sometimes confusing, account of the settlement at Manakintowne; the next year was published Vol. 6 of the Collections, containing as one of its items a letter from Governor Francis Nicholson, of Virginia, dated James City (that is), Jamestown, August 12, 1700, to the British Lords of Trade concerning the first company of Huguenots that went to Manakintowne, and a list of these refugees; ~~in Huguenots that went to Manakintowne~~ in 1902 was published "The Huguenots in Virginia" by Richard L. Maury, a book of 116 pages, giving an interesting connected account of the Huguenots in Virginia, and especially those at Manakintowne, but with not a few errors of detail; in 1927, 1928 and 1930 were published volumes 2, 3 and 4 of the "Executive Journals of the Council of Colonial Virginia", embracing the years 1699-1739, and containing minutes of all the deliberations and all the resolutions of the Council on the subject of the Manakintowne Huguenots in that period. These are the principal sources of information to which I have gone in the preparation of this paper, though several other works have also been consulted.

It may be of interest to note that not once in the official Virginia records is the term "Huguenots" used. They are always referred to as the "French Refugees" or "The French Protestant Refugees". The term "Huguenots" was not used at first by the French Protestants themselves. It was a term of reproach applied to them by their enemies, first about the year 1560, and afterwards accepted by them on account of its convenience, probably, and also, no doubt, because of the heroism shown in persecution by many thus called by their persecutors. The very origin of the term is obscure. One of the most plausible theories is that the word comes from the German word "Eidgenossen" meaning "confederates" or "conspirators", and was applied because the party was supposed by the Catholics to conspire to overthrow the government. Others say that the word comes from "Hugo", meaning "ghost of the night", the popular superstition being that the spirit of Hugh Capet wandered about alone at night just as these Protestants did in getting to their out-of-the-way meeting places.

The Huguenots began leaving France on account of persecution long before the name "Huguenots" was applied to them, certainly as early as 1522. In the reign of Queen Elizabeth as many as 4,000 French Protestants settled in England in a few years after the Massacre of St. Bartholomew's Day (1572), and they kept coming up to the date of the Edict of Nantes (1598), but many more had gone to Holland and parts of Germany and Switzerland. At the Revocation of the Edict of Nantes (1683) the wholesale escape of the Huguenots from France began again. It has been estimated that then about 100,000 of them found refuge in Holland, about 25,000 in Switzerland, 75,000 in Germany, and 100,000 in England, Ireland and Scotland, and eventually in America. France losing thus a large part of her intellect and her manufacturing skill, which, transferred to other countries, became engaged in ruinous competition with the French who remained at home. So far as France is concerned, this Revocation of the Edict of Nantes was one of the most tragic events in her history. The countries of the world that received these refugees with hospitality, though for a time no little drain on their resources, were all in the long run enriched spiritually and financially and in blood.

In England, James II, then on the throne, being a Catholic, was not well-disposed toward the Huguenots, but the majority of his subjects were. A public collection was taken up for their benefit amounting to 40,000 lbs.

When the Revolution of 1688 brought William and Mary to the throne, the Huguenots in England came into their own. William of Orange, in whose army were 736 officers of Huguenot birth, not to speak of numbers of privates in the ranks, granted the Huguenots in England 17,200 lbs sterling annually. And help continued to be extended them till as far down as 1812. When we stop to think that the great majority of the Huguenots came over almost without a penny, it is not surprising, though most of them became self-supporting and some even wealthy in the course of a short time, and all were gradually absorbed by the English people, just as the Huguenots who came to Virginia were gradually absorbed by the people of Virginia, that still in 1812 the poorer among them needed the special assistance of the British government.

It was but natural that these Huguenots refugees should have looked beyond the countries which first received them to the hospitable inhabitants and the vacant lands of America, and it was but natural that their first entertainers should be willing and indeed anxious to put them in the way of bettering their condition in a new land. Hence it was not long before thousands of them had found their way across the Atlantic and had settled in Massachusetts, New York, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina and South Carolina. It is said that a larger number of them went first and last to South Carolina than to any other colony. It is certain that in South Carolina they have come more nearly to preserving their identity than elsewhere in America, there being in Charleston today a French church with a pure Calvinistic liturgy.

From the earliest days of the settlement of Virginia, French Protestants began to come to the colony. One of them, Nicholas Martiau, coming over before 1620, became one of the leading men of the colony, and was the earliest known Virginia ancestor of George Washington. Col. R. L. Maury states that in a single year, 1687, the Huguenot Relief Committee in London aided six hundred of these refugees to come to Virginia. The Huguenots went to all parts of the colony, but the settlement made by them at Manakintowne in 1700 was by far the largest settlement ever made by them in Virginia and indeed the largest ever made by them in America. It is to this

settlement that we now wish to confine attention.

At the same time that there were many among the Huguenots in England and elsewhere desirous of coming to America, Virginia, included, and at the same time that the governing authorities, wherever the Huguenots (many of them penniless objects of charity) were numerous, were disposed to relieve their own communities of an unusual drain upon their finances, there were men in Virginia owning large areas of land who saw in the situation a chance to dispose of some land profitably, at the same time that they were doing an act of kindness to an oppressed people. Notably Colonel William Byrd the First, one of the best business men that have ever been in Virginia, the direct ancestor of our former Governor, Harry Flood Byrd, saw the opportunity. In 1698 he caused to be presented to the Council of Trade and Plantations several proposals for sending a body of French Protestants to America. It had already been proposed that this party of Huguenots be sent to a tract of land lying, as Colonel Byrd expresses it, "betwixt Virginia and Carolina," meaning that it was claimed by both, and this proposal had already been referred to the Council of Trade and Plantations; so that the Council had the two papers before them at the same time. The paper submitted by Colonel Byrd is most skillfully drawn, and is probably the work of Colonel Byrd's son, who afterwards became Colonel William Byrd the Second, who was a more highly educated man than his father, had a special gift for expression, and was almost his father's equal as a business man. He was in England at the time, holding the office of agent for the Council of Virginia, while his father was in Virginia, and no doubt he used all the arts of persuasion and all other legitimate means of influencing the members of the Council ordinarily used in what was called in those days "soliciting" a cause before a governmental body. It was skillfully brought out in the paper that not only was the land advocated by the other party in dispute between the governments of Virginia and North Carolina, but that it was for the most part low and swampy land and the air moist and unhealthful, so that it would be sending the Frenchmen to their graves to send them thither, whereas the land proposed for them in upper Virginia was as good as any in America and the climate as healthful. Moreover, there was ample room for them to live comfortably all together, under an easy government, "tho' perhaps", using the language of the proposal "it were better that they were to be disperst in small numbers all over ye Country, for then they would be less Capable of raising any disturbance and wou'd be much more easily Supply'd w'th necessaries toward their first Settlement".

There are, in all, six arguments used in favor of the settlement of the Huguenots in upper Virginia, the fourth and probably the most effective being that it would be much more to the interest of the King of England and the kingdom to send these Huguenots to an already established colony than to permit them to attempt to establish a new colony, in which it would be long before they would be able to supply their own wants and much longer before they could possibly be of any advantage to England.

Here we see that it was proposed by the other plan that a new colony should be established. The leaders of the Huguenots were indoctrinated with this view when they came to Virginia, for, as we shall see, they supposed that they were going to the land "betwixt Virginia and Carolina" and not to Manakintowne. Even when finally established at Manakintowne they had a lingering idea that they were founding a new colony, an idea of which they were soon disabused by the governor and Council of Virginia. The following is a minute of a

meeting of the Council held July 15, 1702. "And in regard the said French Refugees in their Petitions to his Excell'cy do frequently call themselves the French Colony; and it appearing that the many differences that have arisen among the said Refugees do chiefly proceed from an opinion that their said Settlement is to be under a distinct Government from the rest of the Colony which has occasioned great dissensions amongst some Persons pretending to rule over the others to the manifest Prejudice of that Settlement: His Excellency was pleased to order that ye said Refugees shall not hereafter use the Title of a Colony; And that for the future all Petitions they shall present to his Excell'cy be in the English tongue."

The principal promoter of the plan against which Colonel William Byrd argued was Dr. Daniel Coxe, one of the court physicians, who had claims to many acres of land in America- among them this tract on which he sought to settle the Huguenots, purchased by him from the heirs of the Right Honorable Henry, Lord Maltravers, to whom Sir John Harvey, Governor of Virginia, had in 1639 granted a patent in the King's name for a large tract of land in southern part of the colony to be called the "County of Norfolk".

It is to Dr. Coxe that is owed the preservation of the records relating to the Huguenot immigration to Virginia in 1700 as printed by Dr. Brock in his book. Dr. Brock's note in reference to this is so important as to warrant reproduction here. It is: "These records, relating to the emigration to Virginia in 1700 of the Huguenots refugees, have been kindly furnished by G. D. Scull, Esq. Oxford, England, who writes that they were copied from a vellum-bound volume of manuscripts endorsed "original Papers relating to the French Plantation in the West Indies", and found in the Bodleian Library. They are undoubtedly the original documents emanating from the Provincial Government of Virginia under Francis Nicholson, as they have the official signature of Dionisius Wright, who, it would appear, was the Secretary to the Council. When the emigration of the French was completed and the necessary papers connected with it collected, they were no doubt sent over to England for the inspection of Dr. Daniel Coxe, who had been the principal promoter of the enterprise. He was one of the Court Physicians to Queen Anne, and also in the preceeding reign, and had some influence with royalty in directing the exodus of the French towards Virginia, where he had large grants of territory. He was a zealous churchman and a supporter of Christian missions, and sought to promote the spiritual and temporal welfare of the Huguenot refugees at the same time that he colonized his own lands. At his death his manuscripts were dispersed, and some of them fell into the hands of Rawlinson, the ardent and indefatigable collector, and were by him bequeathed to the Bodleian Library".

Dr. Coxe's interest in land grants in America and in the colonization of the French refugees may be judged by the great number of references to him and his activities in the "Calendar of State Papers, Colonial Series, American and West Indies," beginning with the volume for 1689-1692 and ending with that for 1704-1705, ten volumes in all. There are sixty-five references, some of them being in petitions, letters and other documents written by him. The name is frequently spelled "Cox". Besides being proprietor of the land "betwixt Virginia and Carolina" on which he sought to plant the Huguenots and laying claim to the proprietorship of the whole of Florida, he was one of the proprietors of East Jersey and also of West Jersey. His son, Daniel Cox, Jr. became a leading citizen of the Province of New Jersey dying in 1733 as one of the justices of the Supreme Court of the Province.

Dr Coxe's first intention in reference to the Huguenots was to

plant a colony of them in Carolina (Florida) of which he claimed to be the proprietor, but when he found that this could not be effected he bent his energies toward planting them in territory between North Carolina and Virginia in which he claimed proprietary rights. It was these Huguenots that petitioned the King for leave to make a settlement there. Dr. Coxe aiding them with all his great influence with the Lords Commissioners of Trade and Plantations, to whom, as a matter of routine, the petition was referred. The only two names mentioned in the report of the Board of Trade on this petition to the King in Council, by whom it was acted on March 7, 1700 (new style), were the Marquis de la Muce and M. De Saily, the leaders of the enterprise. The report of the Board of Trade is as follows:

"May it please your Majesty

In obedience to your Majesty's commands signified to us by the Right Honorable Mr. Secretary Vernon, upon the petition of the Marquis de la Muce, Mon'r De Saily, and other Protestant refugees desiring leave to settle in Norfolk County, in Virginia, we do humbly represent unto your Majesty that the said County being a place more secure than other remoter parts formerly proposed for the Petitioners, your Majesty may be pleased in their favor to send orders to the Gov'r of Virginia (under whose Gov't that County lies) to give them all possible encouragement upon their arrival there- settling their families and promoting their endeavors in planting, etc., by granting them such tracts of land as usual to New Comers:- the said Pet'rs referring themselves to your Majesty in your great wisdom and bounty shall seem meet. It being further requisite that before their departure they be made denizens of England for their greater encouragement in the enjoyment of the privileges accruing thereby."

The "other remoter parts formerly proposed for the petitioners" refers undoubtedly, to Carolina, that is, Florida- not to upper parts of Virginia. Dr. Coxe had won a victory over Colonel Byrd, but he had not succeeded in carrying out his original design.

The King in Council at once issued the necessary orders that the company of Huguenots should be allowed to go to the place designated, that financial assistance should be given them, and that letters of denization should be issued. At the same time a letter was written to Governor Nicholson, of Virginia, requiring him to give all possible assistance in seeing that they were settled in the territory specified.

Nothing could be more definite and preemptory. Nicholson, however, did not hesitate to disobey orders, being convinced that it was practically impossible to carry out the King's instructions because not a sufficient amount of uninhabited land could be found for the purpose in the section designated except some in dispute between Virginia and North Carolina, and because the section was unhealthy- just what Colonel Byrd had said in his proposals two years before. No doubt, Governor Nicholson and Colonel Byrd had talked the matter over often. Notwithstanding the fact that the matter had been threshed out by the Board of Trade and he had received positive orders, he blandly wrote on August 12, 1700, to the Board of Trade that he had sent the first party of Huguenots to Manakintowne. He said: "I wrote to Colonel Byrd and Colonel Harrison to meet them here (Jamestown), which they did, and we concluded that there was no settling them in Norfolk nor thereabouts, because esteemed an unhealthy place, and no vacant land except some that is in dispute now betwixt us and North Carolina: So we thought it best for them to go to a place about twenty miles above the Falls of the James River commonly called the Manakin Town". This decision was unanimously endorsed by the Council itself at a meeting held the 8th of August, 1700.

The first ship-load of refugees arrived at the mouth of the James River on the 23rd of July, 1700, on board the "Mary and Ann", of London, George Haws, commander. The passage over took thirteen weeks. The governor went down to Hampton to meet them and they were received with kindness by all, many of the wealthier men of the colony contributing liberally to help them. Colonel Byrd went to the Falls of the River, where he owned much land and a few houses, to make arrangements for their entertainment there for a time, since there they had to disembark from the boats that brought them up the river from Jamestown, and secure transportation for the rest of the journey. There were in this first company 207 men, women, and children, including Marquis de la Muce and M. De Saily.

The governor closed his letter to the Board of Trade with the advice that if more were sent over they should be sent in ships destined for the upper James River and be sent in small numbers in any one ship, in order that they might be better accommodated in every respect and preserved from the sickness that frequently accompanied crowding.

No doubt the decision to settle these Huguenots at Manakintowne was a wise one. Little labor would have to be expended in clearing land. The Indian tribe, the fierce Monocans whom Nathaniel Bacon had severely defeated twenty-five years before and the remnants of whom had left the country, had left a sufficient amount of good cleared land. The Huguenots were better served than if they had been sent to some entirely unsettled place on the borders of North Carolina, hard to reach and very unhealthful to newcomers. But the settlement at Manakintowne was so evidently more advantageous to Virginia (because these Huguenots could serve as a protection to the frontiers against the Indians) and to certain members of the Council, especially Colonel Byrd, who owned large tracts of land, not only at the Falls of the James but as far west as Falling Creek, that the Huguenots were inclined to think that their interests were being sacrificed. They came over thinking that they were going to establish a colony of their own in a land of plenty somewhere on the borders of North Carolina, but found that their destination had been changed, for reasons that they did not quite understand but which they suspected. They were, moreover, much reduced in health by the long voyage on a crowded ship. Hence the company that went up to the Falls of the James was not a happy one. There was much discontentment, and the leaders of the company, the Marquis de la Muce and Monsieur De Saily, who probably had before the voyage over ever started pictured the prospects of the enterprise in colors that were over-roseate, fell in for more than their share of criticism.

De la Muce was a nobleman who had proved his stamina and his inflexible devotion to Protestantism by resisting every effort during an imprisonment of two years soon after the Revocation of the Edict of Nantes to induce him to recant. Then the French government, since he was highly connected and influential, instead of putting him to death or allowing him to continue in prison indefinitely, banished him from the country. In England he had been endeavoring to recoup his fortunes in a measure by interesting himself in the various plans for colonizing in America the large number of Huguenots that could not be well absorbed at once by Great Britain and Ireland. He had had no business training, however, nor so far as is recorded, any training in leadership nor much aptitude. He was unfitted to cope with the difficulties into which he found himself plunged in Virginia. He retired from the scene at the end of a few months, during most of which time he was at the Falls of the James rather than at Manakintowne.

It was left to De Saily to superintend the actual work done at Manakintowne. From the Falls of the James, De Saily led the dispirited company- such as were able to proceed, a large number having been left at the Falls too sick or enfeebled to go further- to Manakintowne and there proceeded to clear up the old Indian village, to lay off some streets, and to open a road to the mill on Falling Creek where the settlers were to get supplies of meal. This mill, it is unnecessary to say, was owned by Colonel Byrd. He also organized, or he and the Marquis de la Muce, who was down at the Falls but who probably came occasionally to Manakintowne, a form of government for the settlement, to which he sought to subordinate the second company of Huguenots coming to Manakintowne about two months later.

This second company was under the leadership of their pastor, Monsieur De Joux, who had been ordained by the Bishop of London to take charge as minister of the spiritual interests of all the settlers both those that had come in the first ship and those who were to come later. The newcomers refused to be governed according to the form set up, in the framing of which they had no part, and, complaining also that De Saily would not share with them the supplies that had been contributed for the benefit of all, went away from the village itself and settled a few miles further down the river between Manakin Creek and Powhite Creek. They shortly sent the Governor and Council a well-written account of their differences with their fellow and made several requests, among them being that the Marquiss de la Muce be required to render an accounting of the money and supplies received by him in England and Virginia for the benefit of the whole company of Huguenots and that he be required to hand over at once to Monsieur De Joux 30 lbs. of the 230 pounds that had been contributed for the building of a church. The Council very shortly ordered the Marquis to render an account as suggested, which he seems to have done, but the whole amount contributed for the building of the church seems to have been kept together until the church could be built at Manakintowne itself, and the heats of these first misunderstandings having died away, all the settlers in Manakintowne and the neighboring country could worship under one roof. The Huguenot pastor who came over with the first company was Claude Phillipe de Richebourg, who after the death of De Joux, which occurred in 1703, became the regular minister of the parish, though it is a question whether he ever received Episcopal ordination. He continued to officiate till the middle of 1711, when, owing to disagreements with his vestry, he moved to South Carolina.

The second shipload of Huguenots arrived in Virginia about the 20th of September. Their ship was the "Peter and Anthony", of London, Daniel Perreau, commander. Their number was 169, but not all of them went up to Manakintowne.

A third shipload came in about the 20th of October, nearly all of whom were dispersed in the various parts of the Colony. Neither the name of the ship nor the number of passengers is recorded. Only a few of them went up to Manakintowne. The reason for this was that on the 25th of October the Council had met and passed the following resolution: "Whereas several French Refugees have lately, viz: on or about the 20th instant, arrived at James City, in this Colony, with designe to go up to Manakintowne in the upper parts of James River, whither several French are already gone to make Settlement; his Excellency and the Honorable Council taking the same into their serious consideration, are of opinion, that (considering the poverty and disability of the said Refugees, their ignorance in the customs and affairs of this Colony; their wants and necessities, being destitute of all

means of support and sustenance at present), it will be most for their advantage and interest to disperse themselves, and do accordingly Order, License and permit the aforesaid French Refugees to disperse themselves into several parts of the country, that they may thereby the better provide for the future support of themselves and families until the next fall, at which time further care may be taken therein.

As for a fourth ship, the "Massau", Captain Tragian, sailing from Blackwell, Dec. 8th, 1700, and arriving in New York March 5th, 1701, bringing 181 refugees, the very fact that she did not come into the James River shows that her passengers were not primarily intended for Manakintowne. Only a few went up.

Ten thousand acres of land were given the Huguenots by the Virginia government, which were surveyed and distributed to them. 133 (133) acres to each family, by the surveyor of Henrico County, that being the county then embracing the site of Manakintowne.

It was not till the later part of 1704, however, that the matter of laying off the lands was actually completed, though the town site was laid off promptly enough. In the proceedings of the Council for October 20, 1704, is the following:

"Mr. Auditor Byrd Reported his Proceedings in laying out the land appropriated by the General Assembly for the use of the French Refugees settled at Manakintowne, and produced two Plats of the Tracts of land now laid out."

Goochland was formed from Henrico county in 1728, and, lying at first on both sides of the James River, embraced the site of the town. Then Cumberland was formed in 1729 from Goochland, and then Powhatan in 1777, in which county the site of Manakin is now located.

The General Assembly of Virginia at the December, 1700, session passed an act for the encouragement of the Huguenots by which the "said refugees, inhabiting at the said Manakintowne and the parts adjacent, shall be taken and accounted for inhabitants of a distinct parish by themselves". This was to be called King William's Parish, and the parishioners were to be exempt from the payment of all tax for a period of seven years.

It was the original intention that the settlers should live near together in a group of houses forming a village or town each with its garden, and the village containing a church, a parsonage, a school-house, and a hospital. A Plat of the village is reproduced by Dr. Brock in his "Huguenot Emigration". The source of the Plat is not given, but the original, now lost, was probably made by the surveyor before he began his work. It certainly does not represent the village as it actually was, for that, in its most flourishing condition, did not contain more than a few houses and a church. Most of the 133 acre assigned each family was outside the village, and the survey was so made that each parcel of land contained some of the rich bottom land.

For the first winter the refugees had to be provided with food by the charitably inclined among the Virginia people. The governor issued a brief, that is, an appeal for contributions, in their behalf which was generously responded to by the people. The number of people provided for at Manakintowne was 218-nearly, it is thought, the total population. In this number were 65 children. The original passengers of the first two vessels, with those of the other two vessels that actually went to Manakintowne, numbered nearly twice as many. This shows the losses in a few months. The loss by death had not been great, though the refugees had suffered much from sickness. But evidently there were a great number who had left the settlement in order to better their condition. In the passenger list, for instance,

there were the names of many unmarried women, but only two on the list of those to whom supplies of meal were to be issued. Speaking generally, in this list were largely the names of married men and women and their children, who could not improve their condition for this one winter at least by going elsewhere.

Conditions improved, of course, very much after the first winter, but the little village never became populous. Manufacturing, for which the French (and especially the Huguenots) were in that day famous, could not be developed. From the start and always agriculture in a broad sense was almost the only occupation. They did manufacture good wine from the wild grapes that could be gathered in the woods, and probably sold some of it to their English neighbors, but the manufacture seems never to have been extensive. The product was, no doubt, mainly consumed by the makers and their families and friends. A Huguenot hunter by accident discovered bituminous coal in the neighborhood, not on land at that time expressly set aside for the settlers, but the area of the coal deposit was very promptly patented by Colonel Byrd.

It was not long before the people began gradually to desert the village in order to build their houses in the country. They moved not only to adjacent parishes but to adjacent counties, and gradually became intermingled in blood with the rest of the people of the colony. It is unnecessary for me to make any remarks as to the value to the people of Virginia of the infusion of blood furnished by these settlers and the other Huguenots that came to Virginia.

On 1714 there were in King William Parish, that is, the parish of the established church made up of these Huguenots at Manakintowne itself and on the 10,000 acres given the refugees, only 291 in all—men, women, and children. In 1728 there were 130 tithables, but the exact number of people is not stated. In 1744 there were in the parish only 239 inhabitants. At that time only a few people were actually living in the village itself. This may be inferred from the fact that in 1750 or thereabouts the whole of the site of the village was purchased by members of the Scott family, whose descendants own the land at the present time (1932), including the Glebe land furnished the church at the start. The Glebe land was, of course, close to the church and the residence of the minister.

De Richebourg was followed by Jean Cairon as minister, who died early in 1716. M. Cairon brought with him from England one of the parochial libraries at that time being distributed in the colonies by the devoted Dr. Bray and his associates. A photostat copy of the original list of this library has recently been located in the Library of Congress. This shows that there were 40 volumes, three of the volumes, however, made up in each case of two items bound together. The whole was valued at 9 pounds, 17 shillings. Nearly all the works were in English, there being only three in Latin. None was in French. Evidently the ecclesiastical authorities, following the example of the Governor and Council in Virginia, wished to discourage the use of the French language. It is an inference that M. Cairon brought the library with him, for he gave a receipt for it in October, 1710, when he had not yet arrived in Virginia. The date of the first meeting of the vestry at Manakintowne at which he actually presided appears to be November 21, 1711. No trace is at present to be found of any one of those books. M. Cairon was the last regular minister devoting his whole time to the parish that the Huguenots at Manakintowne had. After his time they were supplied only from time to time by the ministers of neighboring parishes, so many sermons a year being contracted for as the number of tithables seemed to justify payment for.

There have been four church buildings at Manakintowne or adjacent thereto. The first church was in the town itself, not far from the river. The next, a larger building, was on a site close to that of the first church. Both these sites, I am told by the Reverend John Garlick Scott, who was rector of the present church (called the Manakintowne Church or sometimes simply the Manakin Church), are known. The second church building became in course of time in need of repair and because of changes in location of the majority of the parishioners and the condition of the roads, was torn down and its material used in building the third church, which was near the junction of the old Manakintowne Ferry Road, a road now abandoned, and the River Road, South Side, the church facing the Manakintowne Ferry Road. But this building because it was too large for the diminished congregation was also after a time pulled down and portions of its timbers used in the construction of the present church, built about 1894. It faces the River Road and is still in use (1932).

In Brock's "Huguenot Emigration to Virginia" is a translation of the register of baptisms at Manakintowne from March 1, 1722 to July 21, 1754. There is also a fragment of a register of deaths for a few years. In the "Virginia Magazine of History and Biography", Vols. 11, 12, 13, is printed, in English translation, the vestry book of King William Parish for the period 1707-1750. It would be a magnificent piece of work for the Huguenot Society of the Founders of Manakin in the Colony of Virginia to publish in a handsome volume these three items in the original French and an English translation, side by side with copious historical and genealogical notes. There are thousands of persons in Virginia and in other sections of the United States bearing Huguenot names and greater numbers still of those who though they do not bear the names of Huguenots directly, have the blood in their veins. The Huguenots of Manakintowne deserve the best.

(This address was delivered at the First National Meeting of the Huguenots Society of the Founders of Manakin in the Colony of Virginia, at Farnville, Virginia, on the evening of April 16, 1932). Pages 66 to 77 inclusive, of Vol. 6 (1933) The Huguenot Miss Lucy Mary Ball, Jacksonville, Illinois, Editor.

Copied by S. S. Erewer, New Lebanon, Indiana, from the Original Vol. 6, now in his private library. Oct. 7, 1937.

The Illinois Regiment (Clarke's Army).

By Louis A. Burgess, of the Land Office, Richmond, Virginia.

The following warrents were issued to the following soldiers of the Illinois Regiment, April 8th, 1856. Each warrant was for 100 acres, the proportion of land allowed a Private. Warrants, 9714-9717 in order, to Michael Petters, Joseph Papin, Alphonse Patters, Andrew Marleau. These warrents to the heirs of these soldiers. These men all served for three years as volunteers in the Illinois Regiment. Recorded Book 3, Page 581, Va. L. Off.

State of Illinois, St. Claire County. Personally appeared before Narcisse Carnoyer, Justice of the Peace, the following: Peter Godin, who deposed that he, together with Lewis Leana, Michael Pilette, Jacques La Marche, Thomas Brady, Joseph Delige, Joseph Allery, John B. Saucier, Pierre Buteau, Charles Buteau, Nicholas Lackhouse, John B., Julien, and Herbert Mercier, Lewis and Joseph Clermont, Joseph Cecile, Peter and Louis Laperche, Francois Chevallier, Pierre Chetier, Gabriel and Andrew Marleau, Pierre Lafleur, Louis Laconte, John B. Dechais, and Alexis Bresson, and others who served in the Revolution as Volunteers in what was called the Illinois Regiment under the command of Col. George Rogers Clarke.

Peter Godin remembers well that Joseph and Louis Clermont, Nicholas Lackhouse and Lewis Leana were at the capture of Fort St. Vincennes, how many of the others named above were there he does not distinctly recollect, but he confidently deposed that himself together ~~g***~~ with all the above named were at intervals in service for several years, and that during a part of 1778 and 1779 their services was active, perilous and laborious.

The towns of Kaskaskia, Cahokia and the country generally required to hold themselves ready at any moment for attack or defense. He deposed for himself that he never received from the general government or from the State of Virginia, either pay or land bounty or that any one of the above named men received such. June 9th, 1838. Signed Nicholas Connoyer. Certified by James M. Charles, Clerk.

General Land Office, April 4, 1856, I, Thomas A. Hendricks, Commissioner General Land Office. April 4, 1856. Thomas A. Hendricks, Commissioner, certified that the annexed paper is a true and literal copy of the original papers on file in this office. Signed, City of Washington, D. C.

Warrents, Nos. 9723-9733 inclusive for 100 acres each to as many of these volunteers.

(From page 26, of Publication No. 3, "The Huguenot", published by the Huguenot Society Founders of Manakin in the Colony of Va.) 1927. Publication No. 3 now in the private library of Samuel Scott Brewer, New Lebanon, Indiana, as well as other publications issued by the above named Society.

Communication from Governor Francis Nicholson
of Virginia regarding Huguenot Refugees on
board ship "Mary and Ann", Aug. 12, 1700.

List of ye Refugees (French)

Pierre Delome, et sa femme
Marguerite Sene, et sa fille
Magdalaine Mertle, Jean Vidau
Tertulien Sehult, et sa femme et deux enfants
Pierre Lauret, Jean Roger
Pierre Chastain, a femme et cinq enfants
Philippe Duvivier
Pierre Nace, sa femme et Leur deux filles
Francois Clere, Symon Sardin
Soubragon, et Jacques Nicolay
Pierre du Loy, Abraham Nicod
Pierre Mallet, Francoise Coupet
Jean Oger, sa femme et trois enfants
Jean Saye, Elizabet Angeliere
Jean et Claude Mallefant, avec leur mere
Isaac Chabanas, sou fils, et Catharine Bomard
Estienne Chastain, Adam Vignes
Jean Menager et Jean Lesnard
Estienne Badouet, Pierre Morriset
Jedron Chamboux, et sa femme
Jean Farry et Jerome Dumas
Joseph Bourgoian, David Bernard
Jean Chevas, et sa femme
Jean Tardieu, Jean Moreau
Jacques Roy, et sa femme
Abraham Sablet, et des deux enfants
Quintin Chastetain et Michael Roux
Jean Quictet, sa femme et trois enfants
Henry Cabanis, sa femme et un enfant
Jacques Sayte, Jean Boisson
Francois Dorse, Jean Fouchie
Francoise Garsin, Andre Cochet
Jean Gaury, sa femme et un enfant
Pierre Gaury, sa femme et un enfant (Senator Gore)
Jaques Hulyre, sa femme et quatre enfants
Pierre Ferrut, et sa femme
Isaac Panetier, Jean Parransos sa seur
Elie Trensou, sa femme, Elizabet Tignac
Antoine Trouillard, Jean Bourru et Jean Bouchet
Jacques Voyes, Elizabet Kingot
Catherine Godwal, Pierre la Courru
Jean et Michell Cautepie, sa femme et deux enfants
Jacques Broret, sa femme et deux enfants (Senator Borah)
Abraham Moulin et sa femme
Francois Billot, Pierre Comte
Etienne Guevin, Rene Massoneau
Francois du Tartre, Isaac Verry(Merre)

Jean Parmentier, David Thonitier et sa femme
 Moyse Lefreux, Pierre Tillou
 Marie Levesque, Jean Constantin
 Claud Bardon, sa femme
 Jean Imbert, et sa femme
 Elizebet Fleury, Loys du Pyn
 Jaques Richard, et sa femme
 Adam et Marie Prevost
 Jaques Viras, et sa femme
 Jaques Brousse, son enfant
 Pierre Cornu, Louiss Bon
 Isaac Fordet, Jean Depre
 Jean Gaillard, et son fils
 Anthoine Matton, et sa femme
 Jean Lucadou, et sa femme
 Louiss Orange, sa femme et un enfant
 Daniel Taure, et deux enfants
 Pierre Cuyper, Daniel Roy, Magdelain Gigou
 Pierre Crelet, Jean Jovany, sa femme, deux enfants
 Pierre Ferrier, sa femme, un enfant
 La vefve faure et quatre enfants
 Isaac Arnaud, et sa femme
 Pierre Chatanier, sa femme et son pere
 Jean Fonasse, Jaques Bibbeau, Jean March
 Catharine Billot, Marie et Symon Jourdon
 Abraham Menot, Timothy Moul, sa femme, un enfant
 Jean Savin, sa femme, un enfant
 Jean Sargeaton, sa femme, un enfant
 Claud Philips, et sa femme
 Gabriel Sturter, Pierre de Corne
 Helen Trukyer

50 femmes ou filles
 33 enfants
 122 hommes

205 personnes

Messrs De la Muce et de Sailly font en

tout 207 personnes

Virginia: James Town, July 31, 1700

Olivier de la Muce
 Ch. de Sailly

Received of ye hon'ble Marquis de la Muce and Chas. de la Sailly,
 ye sume of nine hundred, forty-five pounds in full for ye passage
 of 205 people aboard ye ship Mary and Ann, bound for Virginia. I
 say received this 11th April, 1700 --Geo. Hawes

The Cause which brought about the founding
of the Conewago Dutch Settlement, in York
County, Pa.

Copied from Page 23 of Introduction to Hackensack Dutch Church
Record, Hackensack, Bergen County, New Jersey.

"In 1748, Rev. John Henry Goetscius was called as a colleague with Domine Curtenius in the two churches (Hackensack and Schraalensburg) and was installed Oct. 16, 1748. The call specifies that the two pastors were to preach on alternate Sundays in the two congregations. During this joint pastorate serious dissensions arose in the churches which were not healed for a century. The original disagreements were augmented by the disputes concerning "Coetus" and "Conferentie". Dr. Theodore Brouwer Romeyn, in his "Historical Discourse" on the re-opening of the Dutch Church at Hackensack, May 2, 1869, to which we are mainly indebted for the facts of this sketch, says: "The Coetus" party desired separation from the Classis in Amsterdam, in Holland, and organization with a Classis in this country with power of ordination and judicial authority. The opposing party wished the classical authority to remain invested in the Classis of Holland. In that case it would be necessary that every minister settled here should come from Holland, already ordained, or go to Holland for ordination. The "Coetus" party formed the progressive party of the times. In 1733 a plan of a "Coetus" or Assembly which should be subordinate to the Classis of Amsterdam was adopted by the churches of this country, which was sent to the Classis of Amsterdam, in Holland, for approbation. It took that Classis (or Assembly), about nine years to make up its mind and returned an answer in 1747, which was of concurrence. Upon this favorable turn to their requests, the first meeting of the "Coetus" was held in the September following in the City of New York. Subsequently (1754) this "Coetus" proposed a separate organization, a Classis with classical powers. Against this opposition arose on the part of about one-half of the ministry, who styled themselves "Conferentie". The "Conferentie" met first in 1755. The members constituting it were composed of the most learned men, while those of the "Coetus" were men of practical preaching, zeal and industry. Between these parties, the most intensely bitter feelings seemed to have prevailed throughout the Dutch Church denomination. In these divisions, we find the colleagues of the churches of Hackensack and Schraalensburg taking opposite ground. Rev. Mr. Curtenius was of the "Conferentie" party and Rev. Mr. Goetschues of the "Coetus". Although about this time, 1755, Mr. Curtenius left for Flatbush, Long Island, yet the fire was kindled and the fuel was ready and burning vigorously. Peace had fled the borders of their congregations. Families were divided among themselves, and indignities were heaped upon one another. One result of this Dissension was the division of these two churches (located about three miles apart) into two distinct organizations where there was but one and two congregations at Hackensack and two at Schraalensburg, worshipping on alternate Sabbaths in the same building each acknowledging the right of the other to one-half the property at each location. In 1766, the Rev. John Schuyler was called as pastor by the party that adhered to the "Conferentie". The adherents of Domine Goetschius attended his services at the Hackensack or Schraalensburg churches, as he preached

in either village, journeying from one to the other and the friends of Domine Schuyler pursued the same course, often passing each other while enroute and going in different directions. (Not long after this time, many of the members of both churches who belonged to the "Coetus" party, disposed of their property and other holdings, and migrated to Conewago, Pa., where they could have peace, and at that settlement founded a Dutch Church, later known as the Conewago Dutch Church). In 1768, Rev. Cornelius Blauw became pastor of the party opposed to Domine Goetschius, and immediately following for several years thereafter, the bulk of the most substantial members of both churches, removed to Conewago, where peace prevailed. Most of these had made their removal to Conewago, before the outbreak of the Revolution, and for that reason were not in New Jersey, at that time. Both the Hackensack and Schraalensburg churches were severely delt with by the British during that conflict.

Names of Conewago Families shown in the Baptiimal
Record for whom the writer does not have any
record of origin.

List of

Breen, Jeremiah, Philip
Byer, George
Carmichael, Peter
Chamberlain, Cleton
Ditch, William
*Dunn, Samuel (husband of Antie Stag) of Adam Brouwer line.
Erwin, Samuel
Freer, Jacobus
Hammer, Baltes
Herres, Daniel
Hols, John
Jewel, Cornelius, William
* Kitchen, Derrick(whose wife Margaret Voorhees was a sister
Lashell, George of Mary (Voorhees) Brewer
Littell, Henry
Owens, William
Pharis, Joseph
Weeford, Eben
Williams, Daniel, David M. George

A total of 12 family names, comprising 23 individual families,
with a total of 37 baptisms, out of the 541 made at Conewago.
(541)

List of Authorities.

Somerset Quarterly, Vols. 1 to 8 inc. Somerville, N. J.
Record of Baptisms and Marriages, Dutch Church, New York.
Holland Society Year Books.
Hackensack, N. J. Dutch Church Records of Bapt. and Marr.
Schraalensburg, N. J. Dutch Church Records.
Tappan, New York, Dutch Church Records.
New York Biographical and Gen. Quarterly. Vols. 1 to 65 inc.
Brooklyn First Dutch Church Records.
Flatbush, Long Island, Dutch Church Records.
Pearson's Albany Records.
Pearson's Schenectady, N. Y. Records.
Holland Documents. Vols. 1 and 2
Conewago Dutch Church Baptismal Records. Conewago, Pa.
Conewago Dutch Church Marriage records, 1789 to 1794, inc.
Dutch Manuscripts, Albany, New York. (The Calendar)
Bergen, New Jersey, Dutch Church Records.
Pierson's Early Settlers of Schenectady.
Archives at The Hague, The Hague, Holland.
British State Papers, London, England.
Kentucky Pioneers and Court Records, by McAdams.
Neshantic, N. J. Dutch Ch. Records.
New York Wills.
New Jersey Wills.
Jellison's Kentucky Land Grants.

Authorities, continued.

Collin's History of Kentucky

Records of Baptisms and Marriages, Christ's Church
Parish, Barbados Island, West Indies.

Land Grants in New York and New Jersey, by Winfield.

Early Land Grants, Mercer County, Ky. Jellson

Early Mercer County Marriages, Ky. Court Reports.

Butler County, Ohio, Wills.

York County, Pa., Wills.

Brewer Family Bibles .

Brewer Family Ledgers, Journals, Deeds, and Personal
Documents.

Records of the Amsterdam, Holland, Chamber of Commerce.

Records of the Dutch West Indie Company.

Records of the Dutch Trading Company-1611 to 1623.

Baptisinal and Marr. Record, Albany, N. Y. Dutch Ch.

Baptismal and Marr. Record, of Kingston, N. Y. Dutch Ch.

Record of Baptisms and Marr. First Presbyterian Church,
New York City.

Record of Baptisms and Marr. of French Huguenot Church,
New York City.

Baptisms and Marr. Dutch Ch. Leyden, Holland.

The Walloon and French Petitioners.

The signatures of such Walloons and French as offer themselves to go to Virginia, is preserved in the British Public Record Office, London. (State Papers, Colonial, Vol. 1, No. 54). The original measures eighteen by thirteen and one-half inches. The signatures, accompanied with a statement of the calling of each person, are arranged in the form of a "round robin", encircling the "promise" made by the signers to fulfill, the conditions set forth in their communication to the English ambassador.

From the Walloon Library in Leyden, a report shows that the greater number of these petitioners were members of the Walloon Church in that city.

"Signatures".

Jesse de Forest, tincturer	Dye & Color maker
Nycolas de la Marlier, tincturer	" " "
Jan Dumont, laboureur	Laborer
Jan Gille, laboureur	"
Jan de Trou, paigneur en laine	Woolen cloth maker
Philippe Maton, teinturier et deux serviteur,	Dyer's Assistant
Anthoyne de Violate, vigeron de vingne	Maker & blender of wines.
Ernon Cateir, paignier,	Cloth weaver
Anthoin Desendre, laboureur	Laborer
Abel de Croy, ouvrier de la navette	Shuttle maker
Adrien Barbe, teinurier	Dyer
Michelle Censier, tischeron de drape,	Sail cloth maker
Jerome de Le Roy, tischeron de drape,	" " "
Claude Ghiselin, tailleur d'abits,	Cloth cutter
Jan de Crenne, facteur,	Musical instrument maker
Louis Broque, laboureur	Laborer
Mousnier de la Montagne, estudiant en medicine,	Medical student
Jac uo Conne, laboureur de terre	Soil & Land expert
Henry Lambert, drapier de drap	Cloth maker (fabrics)
Jorge le Ca, charger,	Shipper
Michel du Ppn(Pon), chapillier	Hat maker
Jan Billet, laboureur	Laborer
Polle de Pasar, tiseran	Weaver
Antoine Gremier, gardener	Gardener
Jean Courdenan, laboureur	Laborer
Jean Campion, painnier	Bread maker
Jan de la Mot, laboureur	Laborer
Franchois Fourdrin, passeur de peau	Furrier & tanner
Jan le Ca, laboureur	Laborer
Theodor du Four, drapier	Cloth weaver
Gilliam Broque, laboureur	Laborer
Gourge Woutre,	"
Jan Sage, sairger	Blood Doctor(Bleeding
Mari Flip, au nom de son mari munier	Maker of munitions
P. Gantois, estudiant en theologie	Studen of theology
Jacques de Lechielles, brasseur	Brew master
Jan le Roy, imprimeur	Printer & book maker
Marque de Jan de Croy, scieur de boy	Lawyer & law clerk

Marc de Challe Channy, laboureur	Laborer
Marc de Francoi Clitden, laboureur	Laborer
Elise Campion, drapier	Cloth weaver
Robert Broque, laboureur	Laborer
Philippe de Le, ouvrier charpentier	Wood carver & carpenter
Jenne Martin, laboureur	Laborer
Piere Cornille, vingeron	Wine maker
Jan du Carpentier, laboureur	Laborer
Martin du Carpentier, fondeur de cuivre	Worker in metals
Thomas Farnarogue, serrurier	Lock-smith
Pierre Gasper de Sargeant	Soldier
Gregoire le Jeune, cordonnier	Rope maker
Martin Framerie, musicien	Musician
Pierre Quesnier, brasseur	Brew-master
Pontue le Geay, fasseur destamin	Maker of Arrows
Bartholomy Digaud, seyeur de bois	Cabinet maker

Records of Walloon Library, of Leyden, Holland.

De La Marlier, Jean de la Marlier was witness to the baptism of Philippe, son of Jesse de Forest and Marie du Cloux, in the Walloon Church of Leyden, September 13, 1620

Dumont, Francoise Dumont, a native of Liege, was married, Dec. 15, 1635.

Gille, Jean Gille, a native of Lisle, was married to Cataline Face, of Leyden, October 17, 1615.

Haton, Phillipe Haton, a native of Fourcain, was married to Philipotte Caron, January 10, 1599.

Catoir, a child of Arnoul Catoire, was baptised September 23, 1618.

Desendre, Anthone Decendre witnessed the baptism of a child of Jean de Croi, March 28, 1621.

Crep, Abel Crep and Jacquemine de Lannoy (Delano), presented their daughter Susanne for baptism, Feb. 6, 1627.

Barbe, Adrien Barbe was witness to the baptism of Adrien, son of Jean Barbe, Sept. 14, 1623.

Le Roy, Jerosme le Roy, a native of Armentiereres, was married to Susanne le Per, of Norwich, England, Nov. 1, 1620.

Ghiselin, Claude Gyselin, was witness to the baptism of a child of Gregoire le Jeune, March 28, 1621.

Censier, Michelle, daughter of Michel Censier, was baptised September 29, 1624.

De Cranne, Jean de Cranne was a witness to the baptism of a child of Gregoire le Jeune, Mch. 28, 1621.

Walloon Library, cont.

Broque, Louis Broque and Ghertruy Quinze presented their son, Pierre, for baptism January 30, 1622.

Coinne, Jacques Coinne, a native of Ron, near Lille, was married to Christienne Baseu, or le Baseur, of Fourcoin, July 27, 1614, Their son was baptised, Noe, on June 28, 1620.

Lambert, Henri Lambert was received to the Holy Communion, at Pentecost, 1620, upon confession of his faith. Henri Lambert, born near Limbourg, and Anne Digan, of Noyelles, in Hainault, were married Nov. 1, 1620. (Another Henri Lambert, a native of Liege, was married November 10, 1621, to Marguerite Simon).

Du Pon, Michiel du Pon, a native of Valenciennes, was married to Nicole Billet, of Herdeyn, July 8, 1597.

Campion, Jean Campion, a native of Artois, was married to Isabeau Ca, August 25, 1607.

De La Mot, Jean de la Mote and Marie Fache, his wife, presented their son, Jean, for baptism, Nov. 10, 1622.

Martin, Antoine Martin, born near St. Amand, was married to Prudence Husse, of St. Amand, December 8, 1619.

Le Ca, Jean le Ca, a native of Halewyn, was married to Marie des Pre, of Monvau, January 7, 1617.

Du Four, Theodore du Four and Sara Nicaise, his wife, presented their daughter, Madelaine, for baptism, July 24, 1616.

Broque, Gilliam Broque was a witness to the baptism of Pierre, son of Louis and Ghertruy Broque, Jany. 30, 1622.

Sage, Marie, fille de Jean le Sage, was baptised in March, 1605.

De Lechielles, Jaques de Lespielle witnessed with Jesse and Rachel de Forest, to the baptism of Henri, son of Henri Lambert, August 1, 1621.

De Croy, Two children of Jean de Croi were baptised in the Walloon Church, A. r. 12, 1615 and Mch. 28, 1621.

Du Carpentry, Jean des Carpentry, a native of Landa (Landas in Flanders) was married to Anna Chotein, from the neighborhood of St. Amand, Mch. 10, 1619.

Farnaroue, Thomas Farvarque and Marie, his wife, presented their son, Abraham, for baptism, Mch. 28, 1624.

Le Jeune, Gregoire le Jeune and his wife, Jenne de Merre, presented their son, Isaac, for baptism, Mch. 28, 1621.

Framerie, Martin Framerie and Marie Francois, his wife, presented their son, Zacharie, for baptism, Oct. 16, 1620.

Quiesnier, Pierre Quesnee, or Quesney, a native of Fourcoin, and

Walloon Library, cont.

Marie le Per, of Wacka, near Lille, were married February 27, 1617.

Digand, Barthelemey Digand and Francoise Fregeau, his wife, presented their son, Isaac, for baptism, Mch. 1, 1620.

Presented by Samuel Scott Brewer, October 1st, 1937. From original Records in his private library, at New Lebanon, Sullivan County, Ind.

Copied from Somerset County Historical Quarterly, Vol. 4,
Page 161, July Quarter, 1915, A. Van Doren Honeyman, Editor,
Somerville, New Jersey.

Pre-Revolutionary Somerset and Bergen Migration to Conewago,
York County, Pennsylvania.

Few of our readers, probably, are aware of the migration before the Revolution of a large number of families from the neighborhood of Millstone and Neshanic, Somerset County, and from Bergen County, New Jersey, to the vicinity of Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, from which they subsequently removed to near Pleasureville, Mercer County, Kentucky; the Lake Country, New York; and to other scattering places in what was then known as the West. The late Rev. David Demarest, D. D., of New Brunswick, N. J. gathered together such newspaper articles relating to this subject as he could obtain a few years ago, perhaps with the intention of publishing them in more permanent shape, but no such publication was made in his lifetime. The writer has seen and made notes of these articles, and has also examined a number of scattered authorities giving isolated facts concerning the Pennsylvania colony. It may now prove of interest to some of the readers of the Quarterly to place the few known facts before them.

It is to the researches of the late Rev. J. K. Demarest, former pastor of the Presbyterian church of Gettysburg, Pa., and to Dr. David Demarest, that the truth about the migration, and the history of the church formed by the colony in Pennsylvania, have become known.

The former, while in Gettysburg, came into possession of a stray leaf or two of the baptismal records of the Reformed Dutch Church of Conewago, which was the name of the Pennsylvania settlement; a name taken from Conewago creek near by and an Indian name, of course, and this gave him an unexpected clue to the size and importance of a church long before extinct. He soon discovered that the church was made up wholly of New Jersey settlers, and perhaps his special interest in the matter arose from his finding families of "Demaree" on the record. In some way Dr. Demarest (not closely related to Rev. J. K.), hearing of the discovery, wrote to the Gettysburg pastor urging him to make full searches in the county records concerning this church and its membership. This was done. Old people were also interviewed and a correspondence begun with descendants of the Conewago Dutch families scattered throughout New York State and the West. The result was that Mr. Demarest published a most valuable series of articles in the Gettysburg "Star" in 1884, bringing out all the leading ascertainable facts. Other writers in other newspapers (e. g., the "Christian Intelligencer") followed with real or traditional facts. Just when or where the entire church records of Conewago including a plan of the church sittings, were found I am unable to say but Dr. Demarest secured a copy of the baptismal record, and a copy of this copy is in the writer's possession.

It is apparent from the York county and the church records that the colonization of Conewago began about the year 1765 and stopped in the main in 1771. Just how it came about has nowhere been clearly stated. As early as 1730 the Governor of Virginia, and afterwards Lord Fairfax, made strenuous efforts to secure settlers from Pennsylvania and New Jersey in the Shenandoah valley. In 1732 John Hite, a German, and John Van Meter, a Hollander, were engaged to settle 200 families on land ceded to them in that valley, and they went to Pennsylvania and New Jersey, and even to Holland and Germany for that pur

pose. (Dr. Schmucker in "Luthern Quarterly", Oct. 1883). They succeeded in part, and the route through which these settlers traveled led them by Lancaster and York. In time the "York" road became a thoroughfare from New York, New Jersey and Philadelphia to Virginia, and it is not unreasonable to suppose that reports reached their friends at home of good and cheap lands midway, or in the general vicinity of York. But the special reason for the migration to the Gettysburg district must lie, I think, in these two facts: First, the general tendency of our population in that day to go westward, as the Indians withdrew from the coast States, and, second, the bad conditions in money matters prevailing in New Jersey, and near the larger centers of population during the decade preceding the Revolution, because of a depreciated paper currency. No finer farms could be found in America than were in the Raritan valley, or the valley of the Hackensack, but the "times" were not good, and the farmers became restless.

Whatever the immediate cause, a first settlement was made at Conewago, as stated, about 1765, and we are sure families by the name of Cassat and Monfort of near Millstone, and of Van Arsdale and Sebring (both Somerset names), and some Bantas, Westerveldts and Ammermans of Bergen county, were among these earliest settlers. The earliest deed on record at York, the county seat, given in 1768, by a Van Arsdale, who must have been a previous settler, recites that the property conveyed then adjoined lands "of Henry Banta, George Sebring, William Love, David Hunter and Francis Coserte".

Except for the discovered church records we should now know almost nothing of the individuals and families composing the Conewago colony, but with these records most of the names doubtless, are brought to light. It would be most interesting to know just which families of the colony were from Somerset and which from Bergen, and if some were from adjoining counties in New Jersey, but this can never be ascertained. A large number of the family names in Somerset were duplicated in Bergen, and hence the uncertainty. But the full names known, which will be published in the next number of the Quarterly, will be surprising to Somerset readers, as indicating a far larger migration from this county to Conewago than any hint in any previous publication has even suggested. Certainly as many as 150 Dutch (including a few German) families from New Jersey, and doubtless a third of them from Somerset, are indicated on the church rolls, representing perhaps 750 souls, and among the Somerset names (if not families) were those of Aten, Ammerman, Bise (Boyce), Brokaw, Bogart, Brouwer (Brewer), Bodine, Cossart, Conover, Coshow (Kershaw), Duryea, Ditmars, Dunn, Dubois, De Mott, De Graff, Dorland, Griggs, Hulick, Hoff, Hoagland, Kline, Kipp, Lagrange, Lott, Middagh, Myers, Monfort, Nevius, Purcel, Peterson, Schamp, Stryker, Sebring, Smock, Terhune, Van Dyke, Van Cleef, Van Nuys, Vanderbilt, Van Orden, Van Nest, Van Arsdale, Van Dine, Van Sant, Van Pelt, Van Harlingen, Van Horn, Vanderveer, Van Tine, Voorhees, Wyckoff and Williamson. They were spelled in various ways, but all these names are discernable.

The place of the settlement was about three miles south of Gettysburg, in Straban township, in what was then the county of York, but became in 1801 part of the newly-erected county of Adams. York was the county seat. The county seat of Adams county is now Gettysburg.

That many of these settlers went thither from the neighborhood of Neshanic and Millstone is expressly stated by the pastor of the church of "Sourland and Millstone", Rev. J. M. Van Harlingen, in a

"Memorial" of 1783, to be referred to later. This Somerset clergyman went to Conewago to administer baptism, as the recovered church records show, and he may have had much to do with organizing the congregation. On Oct. 23, 1769, he baptised 13 children; on May 27th, 1770, the same number; on June 2nd, 1770, 2 children; and on May 31, 1772, 27 children; On Sept. 8th, 1771, Rev. John Leydt, of Six-Mile Run, was there and baptised. Not till 1772 was a pastor called, the Rev. Cornelius Cozine, a minister born on Long Island, who is said to have lived and perhaps preached later in Somerset county, and he remained there 16 years, or until 1788. From 1789 to 1793, the Rev. George G. Brinkerhoff was pastor. There was no subsequent pastor, owing to the decline of the community and church, but occasional supplies.

The farms taken up by the settlers seem to have begun at a point about two miles east of what is now Hunterstown, and extended to within a few miles of present Gettysburg. The public road used by the settlers in going to the church they built in their community came to be known as the Low Dutch Road, and is so known to-day on certain maps. It may be found on some maps of Gettysburg Battlefield, although the severe fighting was to the south of Gettysburg, and several miles from this Low Dutch Road.

This Low Dutch Road runs from the York Pike to what is known as the Two Taverns, and along this road Stewart's cavalry was moving on that third of July in 1863, when the Union cavalry under our brave General Kilpatrick and General Gregg encountered them.

The church of Conewago was built in 1768 or 1769; in the latter year its records begin. Cornelius Cosine conveyed the ground for it (one acre) to Francis Cossart, David Van Dine and David Demaree, trustees of the organization. The first church officers seem to have been David Cossart (spelled Cossaart), John Smock, Garret Van Arsdalen, John Van Dyck, Henry Commingore, Isaac Van Arsdalen, John Van Dyke, Luke Brinkerhoff, John Conover, Thomas Johnson and Ralph Brinkerhoff. The building was on a stone foundation, but was built of boards and was "barn-like in architecture", according to the accounts of those old people who, thirty years ago, remembered it as standing. From its erection until toward the year 1793 it was a flourishing Dutch Church. But as the colony began to disintegrate and go "West" after 1791, the church gradually declined, and by 1817 there was scarcely a family left in the community. Then application was made to the Pennsylvania Legislature by William Houghtalin (who had served as a Captain in the Revolution), Jacob Cossart, and Garret Brinkerhoff for permission to the trustees to sell the church building and to apply the proceeds to erect a permanent wall around the burying-ground connected with the said church and the remainder to such religious purposes as a majority of those who were formerly members of the said congregation and now reside in the said county of Adams shall recommend in writing". The application recited that the original trustees were deceased and that "the members of the said corporation have become attached to other corporations". The Legislature gave the permission by an Act, and the church building was sold for \$288.20 to one George Lashell, a tavern-keeper, who used the weatherboards for a road fence to his property, "painting it with gay colors". The foundation stones he used for a smokehouse. The tavern was in the near vicinity of the church. As to this sale Mr. Demarest quaintly observed: "In the dissolution of the Low Dutch church at Conewago, the Devil obtained as his share little more than those stones and that flimsy, old red weatherboarding".

The Cassat and Monfort families from Somerset county were among

the leading families in the colony and the church. Francis Cassat's daughter, Elizabeth, wife of John Monfort of Conewago, was grandmother to the late venerable Rev. John Monfort, D. D. of Cincinnati, long the wellknown editor of the "Herald and Presbyter", the Western organ of the Presbyterian denomination. It is still edited by his son, Francis C. Monfort. Some years ago I had correspondence with Dr. Monfort concerning his ancestry, the substance of which agrees with the following, written by him on Dec. 9th, 1883, to Rev. J. K. Demaree; "The ancestors of the Monforts, Peter and John, were among the early settlers of New Amsterdam. Peter's descendants went up the Hudson and John's to New Jersey, settling at Millstone, Harlingen and Somerville. My grandfather's grandfather, Peter, of Millstone, had four sons Peter, John, Jacob and Abraham. Except Abraham, they settled at Conewago. John, my great-grandfather, had four sons Peter, John, Francis and Lawrence. Lawrence came West before 1800. He had three sons, all Presbyterian ministers- Francis, Peter and David. Francis, my father, had four sons, all Presbyterian ministers- Joseph G., Francis C., Isaac W., and David".

The reason for the utter abandonment of Conewago by so large a Dutch population has never been satisfactorily made out. There were inducements for a migration to Kentucky and the Lake Country, New York, but only such as were always held out to Eastern farmers. Daniel Boone opened up Kentucky to colonists about 1775, but there were then too many troublesome Indian tribes in Western Pennsylvania for Pennsylvanians to seriously consider going farther West. In 1778, during the Revolution, the Six Nations (at Tory instigation as was claimed) were responsible for the Wyoming Massacre, of such bitter memory. A fearful penalty was inflicted on the Indians by General Sullivan, in the battle of Chemung, where Elmira, New York, now stands, in 1779, and in the burning of nearly 50 Indian villages in the Genesee valley. In 1794, "Mad Anthony" Wayne, at the Maumee, finally destroyed the Red Man's power in the East, and after that it was possible for peaceful settlements to be made beyond the Susquehanna river and Alleghenies. Then settlements by whites in New York State and Kentucky were safe.

But years before this, when it was not so safe, the Conewago colony began to break up, and it may be the delay in closing the Revolutionary War had something to do with it. In the spring of 1780 there moved to Kentucky a considerable number of the colony. The names, as given in a memorial signed by Rev. J. M. Van Harlingen, pastor at Sourland and Neshantic, Somerset County, New Jersey, who occasionally went to Conewago to minister, were as follows:

"Hendrick Banta, Peter Demaree, Cornelius Bogart, John Demaree, Cornelius Banta, Samuel Durie(Duryea), Albert Durie, Margaret Cozart, widow, Antje Durie, widow, Daniel Banta, Albert Vorhees, Jr., Albert Vorhis, Sr., Luke Voorhees, Samuel Demaree, Peter Demaree, Jr., Henry Shiveley, Samuel Demaree, Jr., Benedict Jury, Henry Jury, John Vorhis, Simon Vanosdol(Van Arsdale), Sophia Voris, widow, Francis Voreis, Aaron Van Hoor, John Ryker, Cornelius Voreis, Henry Banta, Jr, Abraham Banta, Jr., Peter Banta, Jr., John Banta, William Van Cleave, Catherine Darling, widow, Lambert Darling (Dorlant), John Darling, James Voreis, John Van Cleave, John Harris, Peter Banta, Samuel Westervelt, Mary Westervelt, widow, Samuel Lock, David Allen, Johanna Seburn (Sebring), widow, Albert Banta, Jacob Banta, Abraham Banta".

Certain of these names, wrongly spelled, can easily be made out, as Duryea, Voorhees, Van Arsdale, Van Horne, Dorland, Sebring. Doubtless most of these first emigrants to Kentucky were originally from Bergen county, but a few were from Somerset. Van Harlingen sent in a memorial to Congress for these people, asking Congress to grant them

a tract of land in Kentucky, in the course of which he said some of them "have lived amongst us and belong to my congregation". The preliminary memorial and accompanying petition in full were printed in the "Christian Intelligencer" of New York in its issue of March 26th, 1890, and deserves to be referred to by anyone now interested. Accompanying the petition were the names above given as "Inhabitants" of the Kentucky colony and there followed a longer list of "Intend" friends, some of whom we know followed to Kentucky, but others did not. Among these "friends" were (correcting the spelling), John, Garret, Lucus, and Simon Van Arsdale; Peter, George, David, Jacob and William Sebring; Brogun Covert; Peter Wyckoff; Tunis Van Pelt; Cornelius and John Corzine; Peter, Francis, Jacob, and Lawrence Monfort; Garret Dorland; Rulif and Cornelius Voorhees; Peter Purcel; Martin Nevius; Francis and Jacob Cossart; John and Martin Smock; William, Abraham and Hendrick Hooghtalin; Abraham, Michael and Wm. Swart De Graff; John Conover; Leter Van Dyck; Cornelius D. Lowe; Jacob Probasco; Henry Stryker; Cornelius and John Aten. From another source I know members of the Van Nuys, Bergen, Covert, De Mott, Van Neste, and Petersen families were represented in the settlement. These are all Somerset names, although some may have come from Bergen county. N. J.

Not to speak too positively, it may be said that the majority of those settling in Kentucky went first to near White Oak Springs, in Mercer County, and one mile above Boonesborough in Henry County; others-at first ten families- to the vicinity of Cayuga Lake, New York (See Collins History of Kentucky, Vol. 2, p. 523).

Those going to Kentucky seem to have formed themselves into the "Low Dutch Tract Company" in 1784, and purchased 12,000 acres of land, which they divided up. For a long time they had trouble with Indians. Peter Van Arsdale was scalped on his clearing. About 1796, or slightly later, they organized the Six-Mile Run church (whether named from the Somerset Six-Mile Run church or not has not been ascertained). The church was later known as the Pleasureville (Presbyterian) church. From this church other churches were organized in Kentucky and Indiana, and later in Iowa. (See article by Rev. B. F. Bedinger in "Christian Observer" of Louisville, Ky., July 18th, 1883).

* One of the early Conewago settlers, Rulif Voorhees, who married Elizabeth Nevius, and who was born in Bernards township, Somerset County, N. J., and afterwards became a resident of Harlingen, went from the Conewago settlement to Kentucky, and was the great-grand father of the late Senator Daniel Woolsey Voorhees, of Indiana. * (Here see pages 41, 61 and 61-1/2 of "Origin of Some Conewago Families" for correction). **S.S.B.**

It would be possible to follow out the wanderings of many of the Somerset families who went to Conewago and then to Kentucky with more detail, but it would require more investigation into records in York County, Pa., and at Pleasureville, Ky., than the writer can give to it.

It will be sufficient to add that I had the satisfaction, about ten years ago (1905), to visit the site of the Conewago Low Dutch Church, near Gettysburg. The churchyard was still enclosed but full of grass and weeds, as was to have been expected. Scarcely any grave stones were visible; it is to be doubted if many ever existed, although there must have been scores of burials there beside the church, during the life of that community. A few stones left of the wall of the edifice, grass, trees, the twittering of birds, are all that now remain to tell us of the sermons and worship on that spot for 30 yrs. of active church life.

Manakintowne Huguenot Settlers, near James City,
Virginia, 1700.

Aboasson	Boignan (Biognan)
Agee	Boisseau
Agnast	Boisson (Boissou)
Aigle	Bomard
Allaigre (Allegre)	Bon
Alocastros	Bonard
Amis	Bondurant (Bondurand)
Amonet (Ammonet)	Bonion
Angeliers	Bonsergent
Annis	Bonvillier
Apperson	Booker
Arnand	Bore
Arnaud (Arnaut-Arno-Arnett)	Bossard (Boshard)
Arrison	Bossart
Asseau	Bosse
Aubry	Bouchert (Bouchet)
Augustin	Bougovan
Aulegnes	Bourgoian (Burgoyne)
Aunant	Borrue (Borah)
Badouet (Badouit)	Bouvot
Badouil	Bowdoin
Balaros	Bower
Banton (Blanton)	Braban
Barachin	Brault
Barbie (Barbee)	Brian (Brians-Bryans-Bryant)
Bardon	Bricou (Brokaw)
Barel (Barrel)	Broc (Brock)
Barnet	Brooke
Barrand	Broret
Barriere (Barrier)	Brousse (Brouse)
Basel	Bryer
Baton	Buffe
Baudry	Buffo
Bazoil	Burrand
Beaufort	Cabanis (Cabiness-Cabarniss)
Befor	Caboine
Bellet	Caftes
Bellin (Bellini)	Cahaigne
Belloe	Cailland
Bengli	Caillau
Benin	Calvert
Bernard	Cantepie
Berrand	Cappon (Capen-Capon-Cappen)
Berrard	Carboneau
Bibbeau	Carbonnet
Bilbaud (Bilbau-Bilbun)	Caron
Billet	Castagne
Billiebo (Bilbo)	Castiche
Billot	Castige
Bingli (Bingly)	Castra
Biognan	Cautepie
Bioret	Cavalier
Blouet	Chabanas
Blooet (Blewett-Bluet)	Chabran
Bocar	Chalagenie
Boff	Chalaine

Chalanier
 Chalin
 Chambares (Chambures)
 Chambon (Chambor)
 Chambeux
 Chaperon
 Charetie
 Charier
 Charpentier
 Chastan (Chastain-Chastaine)
 Chatanier
 Chaveron
 Chenas
 Cheneau
 Chevas
 Clarke
 Clere
 Cochet
 Cocuelguie
 Coliart
 Collie
 Combel
 Comte
 Constable
 Constantine (Constantin)
 Corbell
 Corbelouse
 Corbet
 Corine
 Corne
 Corneau (Cornu)
 Corun
 Cosby
 Coullard
 Coullon
 Coupet
 Courru
 Coustillat (Constillat)
 Crouch
 Cumery
 Cuper (Cupper)
 Curien
 Cury (Curry)
 D'Allison (Allison)
 Daniel
 D'Aubigne (Dabney)
 Daulegre
 Dauphin
 David
 De Bart
 De Bettens
 De Clapie
 De Clue
 De Corne
 Deen
 De Hay
 De Hon
 De Joux
 De la Brouse

DeLalua
 De la Muce
 De Launay (Delana)
 Delhapiel
 DeLinet
 DeLome
 DeLorn
 Delpus
 DeMelez
 De Melvis
 Deneille (Deneale)
 Deppe (Depp)
 De Ramberge
 De Richebourg
 De Saily
 Dieu
 Don
 Dousseau
 Duacou
 Dubroq
 Dubruil (Dibreil)
 Duchemin
 Duclow
 Duclue
 Ducre
 Du Crow
 Dufonsau
 Du Loy
 Dumas
 Duncan
 DePree
 Dupuy
 Du Pyn
 Durand
 Duronsau
 Dutarte (DuFartre)
 DuSoi (Dutoil) (Dutoi)
 Duval
 Duviver
 Dyker
 Dykins
~~Kabuyt~~
 Edmon
 Egarne
 Elson
 Esly (Easley)
 Edins (Eddings)
 Faizant (Fasant)
 Faonton
 Farcy
 Farry
 Faucher
 Faure
 Fauve
 Felsau
 Ferran
 Ferre
 Ferrier
 Feuillet

Filhon
 Finne
 Fleminoie
 Fleury
 Flournoy (Fleurnoir)
 Foix
 Fonasse
 Fontaine
 Fonuiele
 Forde
 Fordet
 Forloines
 Forqueran (Forqurand)
 Foucher (Fouche-Foshee)
 Fouillet
 Fournet
 Foy
 Fradot (Fradat)
 Gaillard
 Gannard
 Gardner
 Gargean
 Garre
 Garren
 Gasper (Gaspert-Gaspard)
 Gassard
 Gastand
 Gaury (Gowry-Gaure-Core)
 Gautie
 Govand
 Gavin
 Gaway
 Genin
 Geoffray
 Geraux
 Gererdeau (Girardeau)
 Gerner
 Gigon
 Gigou
 Gillan
 Gillaum
 Gioudar (Gioudan)
 Giraudan
 Girault
 Giredan
 Godriet
 Godwal
 Goin
 Gomar
 Gondemay
 Gonfan
 Gorner
 Gose (Goss-Gase)
 Gosfand
 Gouiran
 Gourdonne
 Goury (Garry)
 Govin
 Grahame (Graham)

Grelet
 Greordocaso
 Guamondet
 Gurrant (Guerin-Gueran)
 Gueruer
 Guervot
 Guettle
 Guevin
 Guichet
 Gullature
 Gulte
 Gunn
 Gwinn (Guinn)
 Hagault
 Hamton
 Hanery (Haneri)
 Harri
 Henley
 Howard
 Hugault (Hugaut-Hugo)
 Hugon
 Hulyre
 Imbart (Imbert)
 Janbon
 Joacmi
 Joanes
 Jordan
 Joseph
 Jouany
 Jourdon
 Jovany
 Joyeau
 LaBadie
 LaBarr
 LaBoire
 LaCadon
 Lacaze
 LaCourru
 Lacy
 LaFew (LaForce)
 Lafuitte
 Lalorie
 LaMare
 Lamas
 Langlade
 Landson
 Lanusse
 La Prade
 La Soisee
 Lassin
 Latine
 Latinier
 Launay
 Laureau (Larue)
 Lauret
 Lavigne
 Leasco
 LeCoin
 LeFeme

LeFevre (LeFever-LeFavour-LeFebre)	Minst
LeFoy	Mocks
Legover	Molinie
LeGrande (La Grand)	Monford (Monfort)
LeHew	Monnicat
Leluelis	Montgut (Montague)
Lemarchand	Moreau (Morroe)
Leneaveau	Morel
LeRoux	Moret
LeRoy	Moriset (Morrisset-Mariset)
Lesebure	Moroll
LeSeur	Moul
Lesnard	Moulin
Leurat	Mountier
Levasseur	Muller
Leverre (Le Vere)	Mullin
Levesque (Vest)	Nace
LeVillain (Levilland)	Nicod
Levrant	Nicolay (Nicola)
Lewreau	Obrey
L'Orange	Odias
Loucadon (Loucadou)	Oger (Ogier)
Louys	Ojer
Macan	Olivier (Oliver)
Madouay	Olmier
Maizeaux (Des)	Onan
Malard (Maillard-Malarde)	Orange
Mallefant	Ormund
Mallet	Panetie (Panetier)
Mallon	Pantier
Mallott	Papham
Malver	Papin
Mar	Parcule
Marche	Parenteau
Mare	Parmantie
Marrisset (Moriset)	Parmentier
Marot	Parontes
Martin	Parransos
Marye (Merry)	Parrat (Parrott)
Maseres	Passedoit
Masset (Massey)	Pasteur
Massoneau	Patterson
Matton	Pean (Peen-Pene-Peane)
Mattory	Pemberton
Maupin	Pepre
Maurey	Perault (Pero-Perrow-Perreau)
Maxey	Perenteau
Hazel	Perrut
Hazeris (Maseres-Masere)	Perry
Mearyut	Peru
Melonie (Malone-Maloney)	Petit (Petitt)
Menager	Philipe
Menetrie (Ministres)	Pinnet
Menot	Pointevin
Mertle	Porter
Michaux	Pouissette
Michel	Powell
Micou	Prain
Mingot	Prampain

Presnall
 Prevol (Prevot)
 Prevost
 Prevoteau
 Proan
 Prot
 Prouit
 Purrut
 Quictet
 Rambaeye
 Rambrey
 Rapene (Rappine)
 Rasciene (Racine)
 Regnault (Reno)
 Remis (Remy)
 Renaud (Reno)
 Renoil
 Ribot
 Richard
 Riche (Ritche)
 Richebourg
 Richemon
 Riches
 Richet
 Rivers
 Riviole (Rivioli)
 Roball
 Robard
 Robin
 Robinson
 Rochet
 Rogers
 Roger
 Rogier
 Rondere
 Rounel
 Rousseau
 Roussell
 Rousset
 Rouviere
 Roux
 Roy
 Rugon
 Rulleau
 Rullet
 Russ
 Sabattie
 Salle (Saillee-Sailly)
 Samson
 Samuel
 Sarazin
 Sardin
 Sargeaton
 Sasain (Sassain-Susain)
 Saum
 Savin
 Saya
 Saye (Seay)

Sayte
 Scot (Scott)
 Seahult (Schult)
 Sene
 Shabron
 Shorte (Short)
 Shulu
 Smithe
 Sneadow
 Soblet (Sublet)
 Sobriche
 Sobry
 Solaigre (Soulegre-Soulaigre)
 Souan
 Soubragon
 Souille (Soulie-Souille)
 Souinne (Sweeney)
 Soule
 Sponge
 Stanford
 Stonebane
 Stot
 Streof
 Sturter
 Sublet (Sublitt-Soblet-Sobler)
 Subus
 Suce
 Sugre
 Sumter
 Surgan
 Surin
 Symond
 Taboi
 Tammass (Thomas)
 Taniere
 Tanin
 Tardieu
 Tartre (du)
 Taure
 Tauvin
 Teler (Taylor)
 Temple
 Tevis
 Thonitier
 Tignac
 Tillou
 Tonin
 Trabue
 Trauve
 Tremson
 Trent
 Trevis
 Troc (Troe)
 Trounllard
 Trubyer
 Tryon (Trion)
 Tuly
 Vaillan

Vallant
Vallons (De)
Veras
Verau
Verduiel
Vernueil
Verrueil
Verry (Verrey)
Vidau
Viet (Vias)
Vignes
Vilain (Villain)-(Le Villain)
Vique
Viras
Voye (Voyes)
Voyer
Vudurand
Watkins
Wever (Weaver)
Williamson
Witt
Young
Zossard

Some of the above family surnames which are found in Sullivan County, Indiana, at the present time.

Apperson	Gardner
Arnett	Goings (Goin)
Barbee	Graham (Grahame)
Barnet	Gunn
Blue (Belloe)	Gwinn
Booker	Henley
Bossard	Howard
Bosse	Joseph
Brokaw (Bricou)	Lacy
Brock (Broc)	Vest (Levesque)
Brooke	Mallott
Calvert	Martin
Clarke	Merry (Marye)
Clerk (Clere)	Massey (Masset)
Crouch	Mason (Massoneau)
Curry (Cury)	Oliver (Olivier)
Allison (D'Allison)	Penny (Pean)
Daniels	Perry
Duncan	Powell
Duval	Porter
Ferrell (Ferre)	Ritche (Riche)
Ford	Robinson
Short (Shorte)	Rogers
Sweeney (Souinne)	Sallee (Salle)
Thomas (Tammass)	Scott (Scot)
Taylor (Teler)	Weaver
Temple	Williamson

Dutch Baptisman Names and their equivalent in English

Dutch	English
Aaghie	Agatha
Adda	Adeline
Adriaantje	Adrianna
Aefje	Eve
Agnietje	Agness
Aaltje	Adeline
Alletta	Adela, Letitia
Andries	Andrew
Anneken	Ann
Annetje)	
Antie (	Anna
Annaatje)	
Arie)	Aaron or Adrian
Arien (	
Arnout	Arnold
Balt)	
Baltus (	Balthaser
Barber	Barbara
Barent	Bernard
Bartel	Bartholomew
Bartje	Bertha
Bastiaan	Sebastian
Boudewyn	Baldwin
Beletje)	
Bella (	Isabella
Bell	Arabella
Betje	Betty
Baltje	Elizabeth
Christoffel	Christopher
Christiaan	Christian
Christyntje	Christiana
Claasje	Claudia
Cornelis	Cornelius
Daam	Adam
Denys	Dionysius
Diederick	Theodore
Derrick)	
Dirk (	Richard
Dirck)	
Dirkje	Dorothy
Diewertje	Deborah
Doris	Theodore
Dries	Andrew
Elsje	Alice
Emmetje	Emma
Engeltje	Angelica
Eva	Eve
Epke	Egbert
Ernst	Ernest
Franz	Francis
Franscyntje	Frances: Fanny
Filips	Philip
Floris	Florence
Floortje	Flora

Dutch

Goris
 Gerrit
 Gillis
 Giel
 Govert)
 Geert (
 Geesje
 Gysbert)
 Gyslbert (
 Geertje)
 Giertje (
 Geertruyd)
 Grietje
 Hans
 Hansje
 Hendrick)
 Henrick (
 Hillegonda
 Huygen
 Hendrikje
 Heyltje
 Jacobus
 Jakomina
 Jacomyntje
 Jaap)
 Japic (
 Jannetje
 Jillis
 Johanna)
 Jannskén (
 Johannes)
 Jan
 Jochen
 Joost
 Joris)
 Jurian (
 Jurge)
 Josyntje)
 Josina (
 Karel
 Kasper
 Katryne)
 Kaatje (
 Katryntje)
 Kerstan)
 Kristiaan (
 Klaartje
 Klaas
 Klaasje)
 Klasyne (
 Krelis)
 Kees (
 Koris)
 Kobus

English

George
 Gerard : Garret
 Giles
 Michael

 Godfrey : Geoffrey
 Grace : Charity

 Gilbert

 Gertrude

 Margaret
 Jack
 Johanna

 Henry
 Huldah
 Hugh
 Henrietta: Harriet
 Hail
 James
 Jemima
 Jacoba

 Jacob
 Jane
 Giles

 Joan

 John
 Joachim
 Justice : Joseph

 George

 Justina

 Charles
 Jasper

 Catharine

 Christian
 Clara
 Nicholas

 Nichola

 Cornelius

 James

Dutch

Kyrn
 Laurens)
 Loures (
 Leendert
 Lieven)
 Lieve (
 Leentje)
 Lena (
 Leonora)
 Lenoor
 Letje
 Lodewyk
 Lotje
 Lukas)
 Luytje (
 Lysbet)
 Lysje (
 Matthys
 Mewis)
 Maas (
 Machtel
 Margritje
 Marietje
 Martyntje
 Maria)
 Mariken (
 Marritje)
 Maartje)
 Marytje)
 Maartje (
 Maalcke)
 Mietje (
 Naatje
 Neeltje
 Niesja
 Obadja
 Otto
 Paulus)
 Pael (
 Powles)
 Paulyntje
 Philip
 Roelof
 Roosje
 Rutgert
 Rykaard
 Saal
 Saartje
 Sander
 Sanneke)
 Santje (
 Staats
 Stoffel
 Styntje

English

Quirine
 Lawrence
 Leonard
 Leo
 Helena: Magdalena
 Eleanor
 Letitia
 Ludovicus
 Charlotte
 Luke
 Elizabeth
 Matthias
 Bartholomew
 Matilda
 Margaret
 Maria
 Martena
 Mary
 Anna
 Nelly: Cornelia
 Agness
 Obadiah
 Otho
 Paul
 Paulena
 Philip
 Ralph
 Rose
 Roger
 Richard
 Solomon: Samuel
 Sarah
 Alexander
 Susanna
 Eustice
 Christopher
 Christiana

Dutch

Tanneken
Teunis
Tiebout
Toontje
Truyntje
Tryntje
Tymen
Thys
Teuntje
Wyntje
Wouter
Willempje
Ydje

English

Ann
Anthony
Theobald
Antonia
Gertrude
Catharine
Timothy
Matthias
Eunice
Lavina
Walter
Wilhelmina
Ida

The Conewago Colony- Baptisms 1769 to 1793.

In the July Quarterly an account was given of the families migrating from Somerset and Bergen counties, New Jersey, in 1765 and later, to York (now Adams county, Pennsylvania. The statement was then made that "as many as 150 Dutch (including a few German) families from New Jersey, and doubtless a third of them from Somerset", were included in this westward movement. A closer inspection of the preserved baptismal record of the Reformed Dutch church established by the pioneers of these families at Conewago, Pa., indicates that at least 167 families were represented in that church. As such record would only name those in whose homes children were born, there are to be added a few childless families, if there were such. Then, to get at the real strength of the migration, there must be added the probable number of unmarried men and women, and also the number of children born into some of the families while the parents resided in New Jersey. It may be surmised, therefore, that the number of living souls forming the Conewago colony about the time it dissolved could not have been less than 1,000. The estimate stated is thus based:

Number of parents, twice 167	334
Number of unmarried Men and Women (say)	50
Number of children migrating (say)	150
Number of children baptised at Conewago	541
Total	1,075
Less supposable deaths at Conewago	75
Would make living there at one time	1,000

A mere estimate, of course, but not an improbable one. Yet in 1817 only five Dutch families remained, all others going to Kentucky and "the Lake country". (See Corwin's Manual, Fourth Ed., p. 956).

Of the 167 families represented in the baptismal record, I should judge that about one-third went from Bergen county; but as Bergen and Somerset duplicated so many Dutch surnames an exact count cannot be made. A few names indicate they were of previous settlers of a part of Essex (now Union) and Middlesex counties; so over one-third must have gone from Somerset. Those from Somerset were chiefly from Hillsborough, Montgomery and Franklin townships, and it is an interesting fact that, while far distant from this county, as distance was then counted (at least 160 miles by public road) they were visited, at times, by their old Somerset pastors, Van Harlingen, Hardenbergh and Leydt.

The names of the male heads of these families (spelled in the modern way when they are certainly known) are as follows (with some possible omissions):

Tabulated Known Conewago Families According to Male Parents.

Amerman, Hendrick
Aten, Jan
Banta, Abraham, Albert, David, Hendrick(2), Peter, Samuel
Bessel, John
Bodine, Abraham, Daniel, John
Boice, Dennis V. D.
Breen (Brien), Jeremiah, Philip
Brinkerhoff, George, Henry, Jacob, John, Lake, Roelof, William
Brokaw, Abraham, Ferdinand, George, John, Peter

Brouwer (Brewer), Abraham, John
 Burnet, George
 Byer, George
 Cammagaar, (Cammeyer) Hendrick, John
 Carmichael, Peter
 Chamberlain, Cleton
 Colenis, John
 Conover, Cornelius, John
 Cosart, David, Francis, Jacob, Peter
 Cosine, Cornelius, Garret, John, Peter
 Covenhoven, Cornelius, John
 Covert, Daniel, Isaac
 DeBaun, Abraham, Joseph
 De Graaf, Abraham(2), Michael, William Swart
 Demarest, Albert, Cornelius, David, Garret, Luke, Samuel
 Dennis, John
 Ditch, William
 Dorland, Garret
 Dorie (Duryea), Peter
 Dunn, Samuel
 Erwin, Samuel
 Fonteyn (or Van Tuyn), Charles, Serrell, Thomas
 Freer, Jacobus
 Griggs, William
 Hegeman, Abraham, Adrian
 Hammer, Baltes
 Herres, Daniel
 Hoff (Huff), Abraham
 Hols, John
 Honts (Hants or Houtes), Cristofel, John
 Hogtell (Hoogtaling), Hosea
 Jansen (Johnson), Abraham, Andrew, Thomas
 Jewell, Cornelius, William
 Jury, Benedict
 Kingsland, John
 Kiching (Kitchen), Derrick
 Kipp, Barent, John, Tobias
 Klopper (Clpooer), Cornelius
 Klyn (Kline), Hendrick
 Konrat, John
 Lashell, George
 Littell, Henry
 Lott, Cornelius
 Luyster (Lister), Peter
 Maste (Meste), Peter
 Middagh, Ephraim
 Montfort, Francis, Jacob, Jan, Peter, Lawrence
 Myers,-----
 Nevius, Martin
 Oblinis, John
 Owens, William
 Parcel (Purcel?), Brigon, Derrick, Isaac, John, Peter, Roelof
 Perseir, (Purcel?), Peter
 Pharis, Joseph
 Peterson, Gerbrant, Peter
 Rune, Benedict
 Schomp, George, Henry
 Serpeing (Sebring), Samuel

Slot, Benjamin
 Smock, Barent, Jacob, John
 Snedeker, Christian
 Stag (Steg), Daniel, James
 Stryker, Henry
 Terpenning, Samuel
 Titsworth, Isaac, Mark
 Van Arsdale, Abraham, Cornelius, Garret, Isaac, John, Luke, Simon
 Van Cleef, Isaac
 Vanderbilt, Jacobus
 Vanderveer, Hendrick
 Van Duyn (Van Duyne), Dennis
 Van Dyck (Van Dyke), John, Peter
 Van Huys (Van Nuys), Cornelius
 Van Sant, Bernardus, Peter
 Van Tuyn (see Fonteyn)
 Voorhees, Abram, Cornelius, Garret, Jacob, Peter, Rulif, (Roelof)
 Weeford, Eben
 Westervelt, Abraham, Jacob, Jan
 Williams, Daniel, David M., George
 Williamson, Theodore

There may be some uncertainties as to a few of the surnames above given, and an occasional Christian name, owing to the wretched and variable spellings by the Dutch officiating ministers at Conewago, but the list is approximately correct, and it may be compared, by anyone interested, with the full baptismal record as given below. I have allowed the Christian name "Jacobus" to stand in the foregoing list when it is uncertain whether it is for James or Jacob.

Another list of families at Conewago mentions the following names of members of that colony, none of which, if I mistake not, appear in the baptismal record: Dennis Dubois, Isaac De Baun, Richard Eichin (Kitchen?), Isaac Hulick, Ferdinand Hulick, George Sebring, Nicholas Van Horn, Aaron Voorhees, William Williamson, Frederick Williamson. Some other names also appeared in the last Quarterly.

The full church baptismal record is now published for the first time, in the hope that it will prove serviceable to living relatives or descendants of the families named. Many Jersey men seeking information in genealogical lines may also discover in this record the names of those who disappeared, as if by some mysterious happening, from Bergen and Somerset just before the Revolution, and of whose whereabouts thereafter they have never been able to secure a clue.

The omissions in the record supplied by blanks, and sometimes by names followed by interrogation marks, indicate torn parts of pages, rendering it impossible to state the names originally written. As the writer does not know where the original record is at present, and what is here printed is from a copy of the record and not from the record itself, its perfect accuracy is not guaranteed.

While the spellings in this record as printed below are unaltered, the surnames are placed first, for convenience of reference, and all words other than names rendered into English.

Conewago, Pa., Baptisms.

1769(?).

Amerman, Hendrich and Yannetie Van Artsdalen - Antje
 Williams, George and Gesyea Fonteyn - William
 Westervelt, Jacob and Maria Demaree - Debora
 (Following "bapt. by Dr. J. M. Van Harlingen" X).

1769
 Oct. 23,

Oct. 23

Oblenis, Jan and Maria Slegel - Sarah
Cossart, David and Sara Van Duin - David
Van Arsdalen, Abram and Antie Perlee - Simon
Banta, Abram and Margrietie Montfort - Rachel
Banta, Albert and Styntie Monfort - Hendrich
Montfort, Frans and Gertie Banta - Rachel
Owens, William and Maria Sanger (?) - Elizabeth
Banta, Hendrick and Antie Demorie - Antie
Cossart, Peter and Mary Duryea - Hans
Vanderbilt, Jacobus and Elizabeth Janse - Cateirana

1770

May 27

Van Arsdalen, _____ and _____ Peterse - Peter
Witnesses: Peter Peterson and Eliza Peterson.
Pessel, Derick and Cornelia Hoff - Isaac
Witness: Isaac Pessel.

Bodine, Jan and Lemetie Cosine - Cornelius
Van Arsdalen, John and Neltie Peterson - Isaac
De Snedeker, Christian and _____ Van Arsdalen - Jan
Pessel, Jan and Antie Powelse - Isaac
Rune, Bennedeke and Maria Hart - Willem
Smack, Jan and Lena Van teyn - Jacob (Smock)
Williams, Jores and Geayea Van Duyn - Peter
Herres, Daneel and Elezabet Demaree - Lena
Westervelt, Jacob and Maria Demaree - Catrina.

"Baptisms by Dom. J. R. Hardenberg" (probably includes two following).

Slot, Benjamin and Sarah Demaree - Petrus
Smack, Barrent and Antie Cosin - Maria

June 3

Willems, David M. and _____ Maheene (?) - David
Hoff, Abraham and _____ Pouweoel - Elizabeth

1771

Sept. 8

Montfoor, _____ and _____ Soson - Anna
"Bapt. by Dom. Johannes Leydt", probably includes five following:

Aersdale, Cornelius and (Yannetie Cornel ?) - Maria
Deban, Joseph and Gertie Duriee (Duryea) - Wyntie
Hogteel, Hesaken and Maria Degraf - Neltie
Van Aerdale, Simon and Aaltie Cosin - Antie
Voorhees, Peterus and Sophia de Bogart - Hilena
Serpeing, Samuel and Maria Aelsterf (?) - Samuel
Wit: Meghiel De Graaf and Elizabeth De Graaf.

Sept. 9

1772

May 31

Banta, Hendrick and Antie Demere - David

"Bapt. by J. M. Van Harlingen

Pessel, Derick and Corneia Hoff - Jan

Wit: Jan Passel

Van Arsdalen, Abraham and Antie Perle - Cornelious
(Here follow four baptisms, the names of parents completely torn off, except part of the name of one mother, which indicates that it was De Graf. Children's names:
1. Ragel (Rachel). 2 (Undecipherable). 3 Gerrit. 4 (Undecipherable).

Van Arsdalen, _____ and _____ - Lametie
Banta, Abraham and Margrieta Montfort - Hendrick
Banta, Albert and _____ Montfort - Pieter
Banta, Hendrick and Marica Striker - Maria
Montfoort, Frans and Geertie Santa - Henierie
Montfoort, Jacobus and Lea Banta - Hendrickes

May 31

Bodien, Jan and Lamma Cosyn - Johannes
 _____, _____ and _____ - Maria
 Konirate, Johannes and Maria Craig - Derrick
 Coesat, David and Sara Van Duin - Pieter
 Corsate, Pieter and Maria Dirie - Samuel
 Maste (?), Petreus and Marretta Freer - Esequel
 Demere, Davet and Lena Voorhes - Anatie
 Cosien, Pieter and Wia Imie Wickof - Martienes
 Degraf, Abraham and Maria Gricks (Griggs) - Hester
 Pessel, Jan and Antie Powelson - Jan
 Voorhees, Cornelius and Johanna Langstrate - Jacobus
 Amerman, Hendrick and Yannetie Van Arsdalen - Jacobus
 Slot, Benjamin and Sara Demaree - Johannes
 Van tien, (Serrel) and (Elizabeth) Smock - Annatie. (Also
 spelled Fonteyn)

(Baptisms by Domine Cosine who then became pastor)

Oct. 11

Jurey, Bemredokter and Maria Harten - Christiens
 Voorhees, Petrus and Safya (Sophia) Vandenbogert-Aabram
 Smock, Barent and Antie Cosyn - Cornelius

Oct. 18

Jansen, Toomas and Annaatie Fantyn - Toomas

Nov. 27

Banta, Allebert and Styntie Montfoor - Albert
 Koinrad, Maria Kray, wife of Johannes - (servant)
 Degraf, Maregrieta Kray wife of Myckiel

Dec. 13

Banta, Samuel and Dyna Dorlant - Antie

1773

Jan. 10

Aaten, Jan and Elizabeth Bodyn - Antie

Mar. 7

Freer, Jacobus and Elizabeth Peterso - Abraham

Mar. 21

Persel, Pieter -- Dierck (Mother Maregrita Voorhees)

Apr. 11

Terpennegh, Samuel and Maria Aelsderf - Sara

Apr. 24

Banta, Hendrick and Antie Demaree - Isaac

Apr. 25

Degraaf, Machil and Maregritti Kraay - Mooses

May 30

Oens, Willem and Maria Reenser - Marya

June 20

Oblinis, Jan and Maria Sleegel - Elizabeth
 Ammerman, Hendrick and Jannetie Van Arsdalen - Marya

July 4

Banta, Abraham and Margrita Montfoor - Johanna

Oct. 3

Cosart, Pieter and Marya Deri - Jacob

Oct. 17

Parsele, Isaac and Maria Smock - Isaac

Nov. 14

Myers, _____ and _____ Petersen - Isaac

Nov. 26

Voorhees, Roelof and Elizabeth Neefis - Aaltie

Dec. 12

Montfort, Frans and Geetray Banta - Geertie

1774

Jan. 2

Blinkerhoff, Jacobus and Catrintie Voorhees - Martyntie

Feb. 6

Dorlant, Gerret and Jannetie Haal - Lammetie

Mar. 13

Cosart, David and Sara Van Duyn - Maregrita
 Van Arsdalen, Abraham and Antie Peddeli (Perlee) - Antie
 Parsels, Derrick and Cornelia Hof - Annatie

Apr. 17

Bedyn, Jan and Aaltie Cosyn - Marya

May 8

Fonteyn, Sarel and Elizabeth Smock - Saartie

May 15

Van Arsdalen, Simon and Aaltie Cosyn - Lammetie

June 5

Smock, Jacob and Tryntie Demaree - Lea

June 12

Hols, Jan and Neeltie Buis (Boice) - Meile (Willem?)

De Baan, Joseph and Geertie Dori (Daryea) - Samuel

Jurry, Bennedeck and Maria Harten - Elizabeth

Bodyn, _____ and Maregrieta Smiet - Isaac

July 17	Degraaf, Abraham and Maria Gricks (Griggs)- Mooses
	Degraaf, Abraham and Catrina Voorhees -Rachel
Aug. 14	Demaree, David and Elizabeth Slegel- Geertie
Aug. 21	Parseli, Brigon and Maria Amerman - Marya
	Petersen, Gerbrant and Sara Houten - Jannetie (Possibly same parents as under Apr. 2, 1780, q. v.).
Sept. 11	Kiep, Jan and Annetie Degraf - Henderickes
Sept. 18	Degraaf, Machil and Maregrita Kraay - Dierck
	Kornrat, Johannes and Marya Kraay (a servant)-Cornelius
	Demaree, David and Lena Voorhees -Catrina
Oct. 2	Banta, Hendrick and Marya Stryker - Lea
	Montfoord, Jacobus and Lea Banta - Lea
Dec.	Ammerman, Hendrick and Jannetie Van Arsdalen - Simon
Dec. 11	Persels, Isaac and Marya Smack - Hilletie
1775	
Jan. 1	Cosyn, Pieter and Willemppe Wyckof - Elizabeth
	Debaan, Abraham and Angenitie Dorie - Sammel
Jan. 20	Freer, Jacobus and Elizabeth Pietersen - Catrinna
Feb. 5	Degraaf, Willelm Swart and Willemppe Neefis- Rachel
Feb. 29	Smack, Baarent and Antie Cosyn - Hendreck
	Monfoor, Piter and Elizabeth Vannist - Marya
Mar. 26	Parsele, Roelof and Marya Pitsersen - Marya
	Maste, Peterus and Marregrieta Freer - Peterus
Apr. 2	Banta, Albert and Styntie Monfoor - Jan
Apr. 16	Van Arsdalen, Laykes and Jannetie Cosyn- Lammetie
	Banta, Peterus and Elizabeth Cosyn- Hendrick
	* Brouwer, Abraham and Sara Van Orden - David (Brewer)
May 7	Pitsersen, Piter and Catrina Myler -Catrina
June 18	Dorie, Peterus and Antie Seever- Samuel
July 23	Banta, Hendrick and Antie Demaree- Angenitie
Aug. 6	Voorhees, Roelof and Elizabeth Neefis - Roelof
	Monfoor, Lowerens, and Elizabeth Cosaart- Jan
	Cammegaar, Hendrick and Rachel Brouwer - Daneel
Sept. 10	Banta, Abraham and Maregrita Monfoor - Maregrita
Oct. 10	Vanderbilt, Jacobus and Elizabeth(?) Janse - Elizabeth
Oct. 22	Bornet, Jores and Marya Fantyn - Johannis
Nov. 4	Monfoor, Jan and Femmetie Neefis - Johannes
Dec. 17	Bedn, Daniel and Magrit Wiels -Meeri
1776	
Jan. 14	Willemsen, Teodores and Rachel Banta - Marta
	Cossart, Piter and Maria Dori - Piter
Mch. 3	Monfoor, Frans and Getruy Banta - Marya
	Smack, Jan and Sara Fontyn -Hendreck
Mar. 10	Cosaart, David and Sara Fontyn (Vanduyn)- Denys
Mar. 17	Blienkerhof, Roelof and Beeletie Demare - David
Apr. 7	Demaree, David and Elizabeth Slegel -Daniel
Apr. 28	Errewyn, Samuel and Geertruy Aelsdorf - Marregrita
	Fonteyn, Sarel and Arreientie Vannuys - Antie
May 12	Perselee, Dierck and Corneelea Hof - Abram
	Vanaarsdalen, Abram and Antie Parli - Symen
June 23	Dorlant, Gerret and Jannetie Haal - Dooretie
June 30	Degraaf, Magil and Magrita Kray - Jacobus
	Blienkerhof, Jacobus and Elizebet Akkerman - Martyntie (Guliam)
July 7	Bodyn, Jan and Lammetie Cosyn- Johannes
Feb----	Degraaf, Abraham and Catrina Voorhees - Madelena
	(This line inserted out of place by a different hand)
July 7	Banta, Samuel and Dyna Dorlant - Styntie

July 28	Degraaf, Willem Swart and Willemp Neefis - Johannes
Sept. 8	Blienkerhof, Jacobus and Catrina Voorhees - Annatie
Dec. 28	Cosyn, Cornelius and Marya Brouwer - Antie
1777	
Jan. 26	Banta, David and Femmetie Brouwer - Johannis
Mch. 30	Ammerman, Hendreck and Jannetie Vanaarsdalen -Hendreck
Apr. 6	Parsel, Isack and Marya Smack - Marya
May 16 (18)	Smack, Barent and Antie Cosyn - Piter
	Monfoor, Jacobus and Lea Banta - Hendreck
	Persele, Bregon and Marya Ammerman - Sara
June 1	Litel, Henneri and Elizabet Degraaf - Rachel
June 22	Demaree, David and Lena Voorhees - Sara
July 6	Cosyn, Pieter and Willemp Wyckof - Pieter
July 27	Jury, Bennideck and Marya Houten - David
Aug. 3	Koinrat, Johannes (servant) and Marya Kray - Marta
Aug. 17	Debaan, Abraham and Angenitie Dori - Anatie
Aug. 31	Banta, Abraham and Marregrieta Monfoor - Marregrita
Oct. 19	Banta, Hendreck and Marya Stryker - Allebert
Nov. 16	Banta, Peterus and Elizabet Cosyn - Antie
	Demeree, Samuel and Susanna Brouwer- Marya
Nov. 23	Brekaa (Brokaw), Piter and Antie Cason (Kershaw)-Jores
	Oblines, Jan and Marya Slegel - Jan
Dec. ---	Degraaf, Machil and Maregrits Kray - Rachel
1778	
Jan. 4	Degraaf, Willem Swart and Willemp Neefis-Jannete
	Dori, Peterus and Antie Seever - Wyntie
Jan. 25	Degraaf, Abraham and Catrina Voorhees - Machil
Feb. 8	Vanaarsdalen, Simon and Aaltie Cosyn - Cornelius
	Vanaarsdalen, Luykes and Jannetie Cosyn - Antie
Mch. 1	Banta, Hendreck and Antie Demare - Hendreck
Mar. 8	Cosart, David and Sara Van Duyn - Jacob
Mar. 15	Kammeaar, Hendreck and Rachel Brouwer - Aabram
	Parsele, Dierreck and Cornelia Hof - Rebeckka
	Vandyck, Johannis and Annatie Kouwenover - Antie
Apr. 12	Cosart, Pieter and Mariea Derie- David; Hendrick (twins)
Apr. 17	Westervelt, Jan and Antie Dey - Antie
Apr. 22	Van Arsdale, Gerrit and Annatie Vanharlen - Gerrit
	Kip, Jan and Hanna Degraft - Johanes
	Bernet, Jores and Maries Vanteuin - Johanes
May 3	Demere, David and Elizabet Slegel - David
May 10	Passel, Peter and Maragrieta Voorhees - Jemime
June 14	Brinkerhof, Roelof and Beleie Demorest - Jores
July 5	Van Arsdale, Simon and Nellie Petersen - Simon
July 26	Banta, Davedt and Femmetie Brouwer - Marya
	Steg, Jemes and Lea Brouwer - Johannes
Sept. 27	Banta, Albert and Stientie Monfoort - Abraham
Nov. 3	Monfoort, Frans and Gertry Banta - Jan
	Honts, Johanes and Eida Vanarsdalen - Johannes
	* Brouwer, Abraham and Sara Van Norden - Mariea (Brewer)
Nov. ----	Westervelt, Abraham and Mariea Ashby - Lea
Dec. 20	Kingsland, Jan and Maria _____ - Johanes
	Witness: Maria Smack
1779	
Jan. 3	Vanarsdal, Abraham and Antie Perlle - Derrick
Jan. 10	Borka (Brokaw) _____ and Anna Coshaw (Kershaw)- Josowa
	Monfoort, Louwerens and Elizabet Cossert - Kniertye
Jan. 17,	Bodyn, Jan and Lammetie Cosyn -Aeltie
	Amerman, Hendreck and Jannetie Van Arsdale - Neelye

Jan. 17	Cosyn, Pieter and Styntie Sebrant - Dirrik
Feb. 7	Breen, Philip and Antye Van Arsdale - Maria
Feb. 14	Smack, Jan and Sara Vantyn - Abraham
Feb. 21	Cosien, Cornelius and Mariea Brouwer - Daniel
	Honts, Cristofel and Mariea Jansen - Johannes
Mch. 11	Smock, Barent and Antie Cosine - Antie
	Littel, Hendreck and Elizabet Degraaft - Abraham
Apr. 25	Parsel, Isack and Mariea Smack - Richard
May 2	Vantyn, Searll and Arriantje Vannuis - Mariea
May 23	Brinkerhof, Jacobus and Catrienna Voorhees - Jores
June 6	Dorlant, Gerret and Jannetie Haal - Stientie
June 13	Hamer, Baltes and Elizabet Meddagh - Maragrieta
July 4	Vantyn, Charel and Mariea Amerman - Elizabet
Aug 1	Cammengaar, Johaness and Antie Mettees - Hendreck
Aug 22	Cossart, Jacob and Mariea Monfoor - Knierie
Sept 5	Jansen, Tomes and Annatie Vantien - Liesebet
	Scamp, Joost and Mariea Smock - Jodocea (?)
Oct 3	Monfoort, Jacobus
	Vanaarsdal, Johanniss and Madelena Allen - Jannetie
	Jury, Bennedic and Maria Hant - Maregrita
	Brinkerhof, Giliaam and Elieseбет Ackerman - Lena
	Degraaft, Abraham and Catriena Voorhees - Cornelia
Oct 10	Couenover, Jan and Catriena - Lammetie
Oct 31	Oblienes, Jan and Maria Slegel - Barber (Born Sept 5)
	Witness: Jannetie Haal
Nov. 28	Degraaft, Michael and Maragreta Creet(?) - Jeremia
	Degraaft, William Swart and Willemtie Nefies - Abraham
	Banta, Petrus and Eliesabet Cosyn - Pieter
	Witness: Williemtie Wyckoff
1780	
Jan. 16	Cosart, David and Sara Vanduin - Eida
	Brinkerhof, Jacob and Annatie Demarest - Jores
Feb. 6	Westervelt, Jacobus and Femmetie Cosyn - Maria
Feb. 27	Van Aarsdale, Lucas and Jannetie Cosyn - Jannetie
Apr. 2	Pieterse, Gerbrant and Sara Hunter - Samuel
Apr. 16	Vankleef, Isac and Femmetie Quick - Teunes
June 4	Brinkerhof, Roelof and Belitie Demareest - Maragrieta
	Kipp, Jan and Hanna Degraaft - Catriena
June 11	Van Arsdale, Simon and Aaltie Cosyn, - Ida
June 16	Demareest, Samuel and Susanne Brouwer - Daniel
July 29	Bodyn, Jan and Jannetye Cosyn - Elieseбет
	Demareest, David and Eliesabeth Slegel - Johanias
	Koevert, Isac and Antie Van Arsdale - Lammetie
Aug. 27	Camegaar, Hendreck and Rachel Brouwer - Maria
	Monfoort, Jacobus and Lea Banta - Aaltie
Sept. 10	Koenraat, Johanniss and Maria Krey - Madelena
Oct. 22	Vandyk, Johanniss and Anatie Couenover - Gerret
Nov. 26	Burnet, Jores and Maria Fontyn - Neeltie
Dec. 3	Stagg, Jacobus and Lea Brouwer - Maria
Dec. 10	Janson, Andreas and Maria Hoogteeling - Anatie
	Van Aarsdale, Gerrit and Annatie Van Harling - Nellie
Dec. 31	Monfoort, Laurens and Eliesabeth Cosaart - Madelena
1781	
Jan. 14	Van Aarsdale, Simon and Neeltie Pieterse - Neeltie
Feb. 11	Monfoort, Franz and Geertruy Banta - Hendrich
Feb. 18	Persel, Derrick and Cornelea Hoff - Boyen
	Cosyn, Pieter and Christena Sebrant - Aaltie
Feb. 25	Honts, Johanniss and Ida Van Arsdalen - Lammetie
Apr. 13	Schamp, Jost and Maria Smak - Antie

Apr. 13	Honts, Cristofel and Maria Janson - Thomas
Apr. 15	Breen, Phillip and Antie Vanarsdale - Johannis
May 6	* Brouwer, Abraham and Sara Van Orden - Jan (Brewer)
	Persel, Pietwr and Maragrieta Voorhees - Rachel : Jan (twins)
	Van Arsdale, Abraham and Antie Perlle - Mabil
June 10	Smock, Barent and Antie Cosyn - Neeltie
July 1	Amerman, Hendrick and Jannetie Vanarsdale - Gerret
July 15	Cosyn, Cornelius and Maria Brouwer - Sara
Aug. 12	Brinkerhof, Jacobus and Catriena Voorhees - Albert
	Degraaft, Michael and Maragrieta Krey - Maria
	Couenover, Jan and Catriena Coevert- Johannis
Dec. 9	Cossart, Jacob and Maria Monfoort - Pieter
Dec. 21	Fontyn, Scharel and Maria Amerman - Antie
	Brinkerhof, Gileyaam and Eliesebeth Akerman- Antie
1782	
Jan 20	Cossart, David and Sara Vanduin - Maria
Mar. 10	Pieterse, Gerrebrant and Sara Hunter - Gerret
Mar. 17	Nefius, Martiennis and Ida Hogelant- Jannetie
Mar. 24	Banta, Petrus and Eliesabeth Cosyn - Cornelius
Mar. 31	Degraaft, Abraham and Catriena Voorhees - Catriena
Apr. 14	Brinkerhof, Jacob and Anatie Demareest- Maragrieta
May 12	Van Aarsdale, Johannis and Madelena Allen - Johannis
June 2	Borkaa (Brokaw), Abraham and Maria Cosyn - Maragrieta
July 14	Lasshals, Jores and Margrieta Honts - Rulef
July 21	Monfoort, Jan and Femmetie Nefeus - Jan
July 28	Borkaa(Brokaw), Pieter and Antie Cosch(Kershaw)-Maragret
	Breen, Jeremia and Sara (Howits?)- Elizabeth
	Koevert, Isak and Antie Vanarsdale - Johannis
Oct. 26	Kammejaar, Johannis and Antie Mettes-Johannis (Born Oct 1st)
	Demareest, Samuel and Susanna Brouwer - Samuel (Born Oct 7)
Nov. 10	Degraaft, Willem Swart and Willemtie Nefius- Jeremia
Nov. 17	Demareest, David and Elizabeth Slegel - Barbara
	Brinkerhoff, Rulif and Belitie Demareest - Anatie
	Brouwer, Johannis and Jannetie Van Arsdale- Gerret(Brewer)
Dec. 1	Van Arsdale, Gerrit and Annatie Harlinge-Lachreesche (Lucretia)
1783	
Jan. 19	Monfoort, Laurens and Elizabeth Cossart- Frans
Jan. 26	Bodyn, Jan and Lammetie Cosyn- Sara
	Luister (Lister), Pieter and Antie Gulick- Lena
Mar. 2	Kipp, Jan and Annatie Degraaft- Annatie
	Jonson, Andreas and Maria Hoogteling- Maria
	Fontyn, Thomas and Annatie Hoogtely- Neeltie
	Persel, Isaac and Maria Smack- Jan
	Van dyk, Johannis and Annatie Kouenover- Petrus
Mar. 9	Fontyn, Sharel and Arreantie Van huis - Catlina
Apr. 6	Van Arsdale, Isaac and Esther Hoogtely-Lacreesche (Lucretia)
Apr. 14	Stagg, Jacobus and Lea Brouwer - Sara
Apr. 27	Kammejaar, Hendrick and Rachel Brouwer- Maragrieta
May 4	Van Aarsdalen, Simon and Altie Cosyn- Simon
May 18	Burnet, Jores and Maria Fontyn - Jacques
May 25	Demareest, Cornelius and Femmetie Brouwer - David
June 15	Berkaa, Jores and Neeltie Vanderbild - Jores (Brokaw)

June 15 Hols, Jan and Neeltie Bries (Breen)- Abraham (Born 1776). Wit: Jan Persel and Rachel Grotvelt

July 13 Cosyn, Cornelius and Maria Brouwer - Cornelius

July 20 Striker, Hendrick and Catriena Amerman - Petrus

Aug. 3 Degraaft, Michael and Maragrieta Cray - Samuel

Aug. 10 Percel, Peter and Margrieta Voorhees - Abraham

Aug. 17 Klyn, Hendrick and Elizabeth Degraaft - Annatie

Aug. 31 Scamp, Jost and Maria Smack - Johannis

Sept. 7 Honts, Christofel and Maria Janson - Sofia

Sept. 28 Couenover, Cornelius and Catriena Degraaft- Gerret

1784 Smock, Jan and Sara Fontyn - Jacobus

Jan. 18 Koevert, Daniel and Jannetie Van Arsdalen - Johannis

Feb. 15 Kouenover, Jan and Catriena Koevert - William

Feb. 22 Fontyn, Sharel and Maria Ammerman- Syttie

Mar. 21 Degraft, Abraham and Catriena Voorhees - Maragrieta

Apr. 4 Cosyn, Peter and Christiena Sebrant - Catlyntie

May 1 Berkaa, Peter and Antie Coshon (Kershaw) - Maragrieta

Wit: Gerret Van Arsdalen and Annatie Van Harlinge

Montfoort, Frans and Gertruy Banta - Frans

Persel, Derrick and Cornelia Hoff - Lydia

May 15 Weeford, Even and Elizabeth Hutson - John

June 2 Van Arsdalen, Neeltie _____ Neeltie

June 13 Brinkerhoff, Jacob and Jannatie Demaree - David

June 27 Breen, Jeremiah and Sarah Honits - William

July 11 Van Arsdalen, Abraham and Antie Perlee - Maria

Aug. 17 Jewel, William and Ester Degraft - Thomas

Aug. 24 Degraff, William Swart and Williemtie Nefius - William

Aug. 31 Cosaart, Jacob and Maria Monfoort - Maragrieta

Sept 7 Brinkerhoff, Gilyaam and Elizabeth Akerman -Cornelius

Oct. 25 Carmichel, Peter and Maria Lukes - Maria

Nov. 17 Van Dyk, Johanis and Annatie Kouenover - Gertie

Dec. 26 Hammer, Baltus and Elizabeth Middagh - Ruth

1785 Nefius, Martienus and Ida Hogelant - Johannis

Jan. 9 Demarest, Cornelius and Femmetie Brouwer - Madelena

Jan. 4 Bodyn, Jan and Lammetie Cosyn - Peter

Feb. 6 Brinkerhoff, Lucas and Maria Coa - Jacob

Mar. 13 Kloppe, Cornelius and Styntie Cosarts - Cornelius

Apr. 10 Koevert, Isaac and Antie Van Arsdalen - Cornelius

Apr. 17 Brinkerhoff, Rulif and Belitie Demarest - Jores

July 17 Cosyn, Johannis and Annatie Smock - Cornelius

Fontyn, Thomas and Annatie Hoogtelly - Hiskia (Hezekiah)

July 24 Demereest, David and Elizabeth Slagel - Maria

Aug. 7 Durlant, Gerret and Jannetie Hall - Jannetie

Sept. 4 Jansen, Andries and Maria Hootelly - Thomas

Sept. 11 Van Arsdaily, Gerrit and Annatie Van harling - Joseph

Sept. 18 Luister (Lister), Peter and Antie Gulick - Antie

Sept. 25 Van Aarsdalen, Simon and Altie Cosyn - Jannetie

Cichim(Kitchin), Derrick and Maragrieta Voorhees-Maria

Kip, Jan and Hannatie Degraft - Abram

Van Arsdalen, Isaac and Ester Hoogtelly- Maria

Van Sant, Peter and Elizabeth Koevert - Maria

Voorhees, Abram and Breghee Speeder - Maria

Kouenover, Jan and Catriena Koevert - Catreena

Sept. 25 Demereest, Gerrit and Janneti Persel - Geertie
 Oct. 9 Kammyaar, Hendrick and Rachel Brouwer - Johannis
 Nov. 6 Berkaa, Peter and Antie Coushun(Kershaw)- Willellemus
 Nov. 13 Byer, Jores and Ann Catriena Saaun- Anne Catrienna
 Brinkerhoff, Jan and Sara Van Arsdalen -Jores
 Dec. 25 Degraft, Michael and Maragrieta Cray -Neeltie
 Jewel, William and Ester Degraft - Michael

1786
 Jan. 1 Luister(Lister), Peter and Rachel Van Urden - Jan
 Jan. 15 Honts, Christofel and Maria Janson - Annatie
 Jan. 22 Burnet, Jores and Maria Fontyn - Eliesebeth
 Breen, Philip and Antie Van Aarsdale -Neeltie
 Koevert, Daniel and Jannette Van Arsdale - David
 Jan. 29 Brinkerhoff, Jacob and Annatie Demeree - Hendrick
 Tietsoert(Titsworth), Isaac and (Antie) Persel - Jan
 Feb. 12 Degraft, Abram and Catriena Voorhees - Abraham
 Berkaa(Brokaw), Abraham and Maria Cosyn - Antie
 Mar. 12 Van Sant, Madelena- Johannis
 Wit: Bernardus Van Sant and Neeltie Beekman
 Apr. 9 Monfoort, Laurens and Elizabeth Cosart - Pieter
 Brouwer, Johannis and Jannetie Van Arsdale - David
 Couenover, Cornelius and Catriena Degraft - Samuel
 Voorhuis, Jacob and Sara Sickels -Abraham Wilson
 Tietvoort(Titsworth), Mark and Neeltie Lefos -Jacob
 June 4 Smack, Jan and Sara Fontyn - Isaac
 Borkaa, Jan and Elizabeth Kouenover -Jores
 June 25 Degraft, William Swart and Willemte Nefius - Femmetie
 July 16 Fontyn, Sharel and Maria Amerman -Thomas
 Brinkerhoff, Lucus and Maria Coal - Antie
 July 23 Berkaa, Ferdenander and Styntie Petersen- Johannis
 Oct. 2 Clopper, Cornelius and Cristyne Cessart -Frans Cessart
 Nov. 12 Buis(Boice), Denys Vanduin and Antie Lebant - Antie
 Janson, Abraham and Cathrina Voorhees - Thomas
 Kichin, Derrick and Marigrieta Voorhees- Maragrieta
 Couzine, Gerrit and Maragrieta Lys - Cornelius
 Leshels, Jores and Maragrieta Honts - Johannis (Houts)
 Karemigil (Carmichael), Peter and Maria Lukas-William
 Brien, Jeremis and Sara Honits(Houts)- Jores

1787
 Mar. 25 Persel, Isaac and Maria Smock- Annatie
 Bodyn, Jan and Lammetie Cosyn- Maria
 Wit: Simon Van Arsdale and Altie Cosyn
 Brinkerhoff, Geleyaam and Elizabeth Akerman -Annati
 Van Arsdalen, Jan and Catriena Vanderbilt- Isaac
 Oct. 14 Lyster, Peter and Antie Gulick(Hulick)- David
 Steg, Jacobus and Lea Brouwer - John
 Brinkerhoff, Rulef and Belieta Demaree- Hendrick
 Monfore, Jan and Sara Van Arsdale- Femetie
 Van Arsdalen, Gerrit and Annatie Van Harlie- Armolus
 Van Harling
 Vantyn, Tomas and Annatie Hoftaling - Maria
 Canine, Pieter and Christiena Sebrant- Cornelius
 Demaree, Cornelius and Femmetie Brouwer - Daniel
 Borkaa, Peter and Antie Cescho(Kershaw)- Annatie
 Borkaa, Jan and Elizabeth Cowenover- Gerrit
 Borka, Jores and Neeltie Vanderbilt- Maria
 Brinkerhoff, Jan and Sara Van Arsdalen- Gerrit
 Jewell, William and Ester Degraft -Rachel

- Oct. 14 Chamberlain, Cleton and Maria Vanderbilt - Joseph
Couvert, Isaac and Antie Van Arsdalen - Marta
Cossart, Jacob and Maria Monfore - Styntie
Van dyn, Denies and Maria Roberson- William
Cosyn, Jan and Annatie Smock- Sara
Luister, Pieter and Rachel Van Orden - Stephanis
Teinonth(Titsworth), Isaac and Antie Persel - Rachel
Voorhees, Gerrit and Lena Holenset - Baratie
Coevert, Daniel and Maria Van Pelt-Johannis:Jannetie
(twins)
- 1789
- Nov. 8 Kipp, Jan and Annatie-Matty (Daughter)
Brinkerhoff, Guilliam and Elizabeth- Margarietta
Couwenhoven, Cornelius and Catterina- Antie
Bodyn, Abraham and Neeltie- Antie
Vanderveer, Hendrick and Leena- Seyntie
Lashells, George and Margarietta- Antie
Brokaw, John and Elizabeth- John
Kipp, Barent and Nelly Van Zant- Bernardus
Titsworth, Mark and Nelly- Catteryna
- Nov. 15 Van Aertsdalen, Johannes and Leena -Nathan Allen
Montfoort, Jan and Sarah - Isaac
Dennis, John and Anna -Nancy
Fonteyn, Thomas and Annati -Wilhelmis Hooteling
Van Artsdalen, Johannes and Nelly - Cornelius
Ditch, William and Margaret -Jacobus
Titsworth, Isaac and Antie - Antie
- Dec. 6 Van Huys, Cornelius and Maria - Vrouwtie (Van Nuys)
Luyster, Peter and Rachel - Cornelius
Demarest, Cornelius and Femmetie Brouer - Geertie
Lott, Cornelius and Lena - Cornelius
Van Arsdale, Jan and Trientie - Jacobus
Cosnn, Gerhard and Maragrieta - Peter Van Harleym.
(Bap. by Domine Geo. G. Brinkerhoff, V, M. D. to
Conewago).
- Dec. 20 Johnston, Abraham and Catrina Voorhees - Andries
Cosaart, Frans and Martha Van Zant - Neeltie
Demarest, Albert and Maria Fonteyn - (Child's name
not given).
Phores, Joseph and Martha Dennis- John: Nancy (twins)
Gerhard Dorlan, witness
- 1790
- Feb. 28 Dunn, Samuel and Antie Stag - Leah
- Mar. 1 Van Dyke, Peter and Maria Williamson - Joris
- Mar. 22 Brinkerhoff, (Jacob?) and Annatie Demarest- Belitie
Nevius, Martinus and Magdalena Hoagland - Femmetie
- Apr. 4 Degraaf, Michael and Margareta Kraey - Margarieta
Monfoort, Lawrence and Elizabeth Cosart- David
Degraf, William Swart and Willempie Nevis-Martinus
- May 30 Willemse, David and Maria Van Dyke - Johannes
Barnet, Joris and Maria Fontyn - Thomas
- June--- Brinkerhoff, Roelof and Belitier Demarest - Maria
Cosaart, Jacob and Maria Monfort - Maria
Brokaw, Peter and Antie Coshun(Kershaw)- Isaac (Note)
- June 20 Brinkerhoff, Jacobus and Cathriena Voorhees- Isaac
- Oct.---- Demarest, Gerhard and Jannetie Persel- Antie
- Aug. 8 Persel, Isaac and Maria Smack - John
- Aug. 22 Brinkerhoff, John and Sarah Van Artsdalen- Henrich

Apr. 10 Breen, Philip and Antie Van Artsdalen- Genney
 Apr. 17 Van Artsdalen, John and Cathrina Vanderbilt- Peter
 Apr. 24 Luyster, Peter and Rachel Van Orden- Nelly
 May 1 Jewel, Cornelius and Caty Laboyteux- Feynie
 May 15 Fonteyn, Charles and Maria (?) Persel- Genny
 May 22 Middag, (Ephraim) and Hattray(?) - Dirk
 July 10 Fonteyn, Thomas and Antie Hoogteling - Wilhemus Hoogteli
 Ditch, William and Maria Monfoort - Altie
 Van Dyke, Henry J. and Polly Biggar - Peggy
 Brinkerhoff, George and Maria Van Harlingen -
 (Joris : Hendrick) twins
 1791
 July 17 Johnston, Abraham and Cathrina Voorhees- Abraham
 and Voorhees - Antie:Richard(twins)
 Aug. 7 Demarest, Lucas(?) and Polly(?) Demarest -Leenah
 Aug. 14 Degraff, and - Cornelius
 Aug. 28 Stryker, Hendrick and Catrina Ammerman - Anne
 Oct. 2 Brinkerhoff, (Jacob?) and (Annatie?) Demarest-Jacobus
 Kipp, Tobias and Hannah Degraaf - Isaac
 Oct. 16 Cossart, Francis and Mattie Van Sant - Sarah
 Oct. 30 Hoogteling, Hezekiah and Gertrude Demarest - Hezekiah
 Nov.---- Persel, and - Elizabeth
 Dec.---- Van Aertsdalen, Isaac amd (Esther?) Hoogteling- Isaac
 1792
 Jan. 22 Titsworth, Isaac and Antie Persley(Persel?)- Steyntie
 Demerest, Albert and Maria(?) Fontyn- Elizabeth
 Feb. 19 Degraaf, Abraham and Magdalena Van Zandt-Bernhardus
 Witness: Nelly Van Sant
 Apr. 1 , Maria
 , Hannah
 , Sarah
 Brinkerhoff, Guillian and Elizabeth Akerman - Geertie
 Van Arsdalen, Gerhard and Annati Van Harlingen- Geertie
 Apr.--- Brinkerhoff, Henrick and Nelltie Hoogteeling-Hizikiah
 May---- Brinkerhoff, Lukas and Maria Cole - Annatie
 Van Dyke, Peter and Maria Willemsen - Keziah
 June--- Demerest, David and Elizabeth Slegel - Gherard
 Brinkerhoff, Jacob and Annatie Demarest -Jacobus
 Lott, Cornelius and Magdalena Brocaw- George
 July 29 Pharis, Joseph and Martha Dennis -Nelly
 Aug. 19 Couwenhoven, John and Catriena(?) Coevert-Lena:Altie
 (twins)
 Sept.---- Cossart, Jacob(?) and Maria(?) Monfort- Leenah
 Burnet, Joris(?) and Maria(?) Fonteyn- Arriantie
 Sept. 16 , - Peter
 Degraff, Michael and Maragrieta Cracy- Martha
 Vanderbuyt, - Cornelius
 Nov. 1 Hageman, Abraham and Elizabeth Middagh- Marty
 Lashells, Jores and Margarieta Honts(Houts)- Jacob
 Dunn, Samuel and Antie Stag - Elizabeth
 Dec. 3 Brocaw, John and Elizabeth Couwenhoven- Isaac
 Dec. 9 Demerest, Gerhard and Jenny Parsley - David
 Dec. 30 Brocaw, Abraham and Maria Cosyn -Sally
 Schamp, Henry and Ida Hoogland(?)- George
 1793
 Jan. 13 Brocaw, George and Nelly Vanderbilt(?)- David
 Jan. 20 Demarest, Lucas and Polly Demarest -Willemyntie
 Mar. 3 Monfoort, John and Nelly Van Arsdalen - Peter

Mar. 3 Stag, Daniel and Maria Couwenhoven - Leah
Mar. 10 Cammengaar, Hendrick and Rachel Brouwer- Hendrick
Apr. --- Brinkerhoff, Joris and Maria Van Harlingen- Johannes:
Martinus (twins)
Brinkerhoff, John and Sarah Van Aartsdalen- Martyna
Apr. 22 Hagaman, Adriaan and Geertie Sutfen(Sutton)-John
Griggs, Willem (adult)
May 12 Griggs, Willem and Janatie Wyckoff- Jacobus
Hooff, Abraham and Leenah Van Rypen- Cornelius
May 19 Bodine, Abraham and Nelly Fonteyn- Arrietta
Witness: Larnia Smock
Titworth, Mark and Nelly Van Vorst- Seyntie

Copied from records now in private library of Samuel Scott Brewer,
New Lebanon, Sullivan County, Indiana, a grandson of Abraham
Brouwer (Brewer) and Sara Van Norden, of the 5th generation, in the
direct male line removed. The line: Abraham-1, Daniel-2, John-3,
Samuel Scott-4, John Emory-5, Samuel Scott-6, the writer.

The only known record of Conewago Dutch Church Marriages which is the record kept by Rev. Geo. Brinkerhoff, the last pastor, which was discovered a few years ago. No record of the previous marriages has been found yet.

1789

Nov. 17 William Hollingshead to Neelty Jewel
Nov. 14 Henry J. Van Dyke to Polly Biggar

1790

Jan. 11 William Loury to Elizabeth Boulton, widow
Jan. 26 Jacob Laboyteaux to Ann Ammermann (Note: Dau. of Hendrich Ammerman and Jannetie Van Arsdale born in 1769, and the first child baptised at Conewago).
Feb. 3 Hezekiah Hoogtelling to Gertrude Demorest
Feb. 9 Abraham De Graff to Magdalena Van Zant
Mch. 23 Cornelius Bodine to Annatje Fonteyn
Nov. 9 Isaac Hulick to Maria Monfort

1791

Feb. 10 Jephtha Wilkens to Elizabeth Hulick, widow
Mch. 8 Jacob Smock to Lamia Van Arsdale (Note Jacob, son of John (1770) and Lena Van Duyne; Lammetie, dau. of Simon Van Arsdale and Aaltie Cosine, bapt. May 8, 1774)
May 2 John Cozine to Anna Monfort
May 3 Abraham Hageman to Elizabeth Middag
Aug. 16 James Magee to Elizabeth Hoogtelling
Nov. 24 Henry Schomp to Ida Hooghland

1792

Mch. 6 Peter Van Arsdale to Geertie Van Arsdale, widow, of Peter Monfort
Mch. 13 Daniel Steg to Maria Couwenhoven (Note: Daniel, son of James Stagg and Lea Brouwer, bapt. at Schralensburg, N. J. July 9, 1769. Lea Brouwer, dau. of Adolphus Brouwer of Adam Brouwer Line of New York City.

1793

Feb. 6 Robert Graves to Rachel Kipp
Apr. 13 James Fonteyn to Sally Fonteyn.

P. S. Notes by Samuel Scott Brewer, of New Lebanon, Indiana, the grandson, 10th removed, in the direct male line from Adam Brouwer, 1642, to New Amsterdam, now New York City.